

Thirty-Seventh Annual Report

OF THE

Board of State Charities of Indiana

FOR THE

Fiscal Year Ending September 30,
1926

TO THE GOVERNOR

INDIANAPOLIS:

WM. B. BURFORD, CONTRACTOR FOR STATE PRINTING AND BINDING

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REPORT OF THE BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

THE STATE OF INDIANA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,

June 3, 1927.

Received by the Governor, examined and referred to the Auditor of State for verification of the financial statement.

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1925-26

OFFICE OF AUDITOR OF STATE,
INDIANAPOLIS, June 3, 1927.

The within report, so far as the same relates to moneys drawn from the State Treasury, has been examined and found correct.

L. S. BOWMAN,
Auditor of State.

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR,
June 3, 1927.

Returned by the Auditor of State, with above certificate, and transmitted to the clerk of the Printing Board, upon the order of the Board of Public Printing.

PLINY H. WOLFARD,
Secretary to the Governor.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC PRINTING,

Received the within report and delivered to the printer June 4, 1927.

J. OTTO LEE,
Clerk Printing Board.

STATE OF INDIANA
Office of the Board of State Charities

Indianapolis, June 2, 1927.

Hon. Ed Jackson,
Governor of Indiana.

Dear Sir:

In compliance with law, the Board of State Charities has the honor to submit herewith its thirty-seventh annual report, being for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926.

Respectfully,

MRS. E. C. RUMPLER,
W. H. EICHHORN,
FRANCIS H. GAVISK,
(MRS.) FLORENCE HINCHMAN HAM,
WM. J. SAYERS,
MORRIS M. FEUERLICHT,
The Board of State Charities.

JOHN A. BROWN,
Secretary.

THE BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

Roster, 1889-1926

PRESIDENTS.

	From	To
GOVERNOR ALVIN P. HOVEY†	1889	1891
GOVERNOR IRA J. CHASE†	1891	1893
GOVERNOR CLAUDE MATTHEWS†	1893	1897
GOVERNOR JAMES A. MOUNT†	1897	1901
GOVERNOR WINFIELD T. DURBIN	1901	1905
GOVERNOR J. FRANK HANLY†	1905	1909
GOVERNOR THOMAS R. MARSHALL†	1909	1913
GOVERNOR SAMUEL M. RALSTON†	1913	1917
GOVERNOR JAMES P. GOODRICH	1917	1921
GOVERNOR WARREN T. McCRAY	1921	1924
GOVERNOR EMMETT F. BRANCH	1924	1925
GOVERNOR ED JACKSON	1925	

MEMBERS.

	From	To
OSCAR C. McCULLOCH, Indianapolis*†	Mar. 1, 1889	Dec. 11, 1891
MRS. C. W. FAIRBANKS, Indianapolis*†	Mar. 1, 1889	Apr. 19, 1893
MRS. MARGARET F. PEELLE, Indianapolis*†	Mar. 1, 1889	Apr. 1, 1903
E. B. MARTINDALE, Indianapolis*†	Mar. 1, 1889	May 3, 1890
TIMOTHY NICHOLSON, Richmond*†	Mar. 1, 1889	Jan. 28, 1908
JOHN R. ELDER, Indianapolis*†	Mar. 1, 1889	Mar. 18, 1902
STOUGHTON A. FLETCHER, Indianapolis†	May 3, 1890	Oct. 25, 1893
REV. T. M. WILES, Greensburg†	Dec. 11, 1891	Mar. 1, 1895
DEMARCHUS C. BROWN, Indianapolis†	Oct. 25, 1893	Apr. 4, 1921
MARY A. SPINK, M. D., Indianapolis	May 13, 1893	Apr. 1, 1904
AQUILLA JONES, Indianapolis†	Mar. 1, 1895	May 5, 1896
THOMAS E. ELLISON, Fort Wayne†	May 5, 1896	Nov. 19, 1901
WILLIAM P. COOPER, Fort Wayne†	Nov. 19, 1901	Mar. 5, 1907
SYDNEY B. DAVIS, Terre Haute	Mar. 18, 1902	Mar. 1, 1908
MRS. ELLA B. MCCOY, Indianapolis†	Apr. 1, 1903	Nov. 1, 1903
MRS. CARRIE GOODWIN REXFORD, Indpls.	Nov. 1, 1903	Mar. 1, 1909
SARAH STOCKTON, M. D., Indianapolis†	Apr. 1, 1904	Mar. 5, 1907
REV. FRANCIS H. GAVISK, Indianapolis	Mar. 5, 1907	.....
MARY A. SPINK, M. D., Indianapolis	Mar. 5, 1907	Mar. 10, 1925
JOHN H. HOLLIDAY, Indianapolis†	Jan. 28, 1908	Jan. 7, 1921
W. H. EICHHORN, Bluffton	Nov. 11, 1908	Nov. 5, 1912
MRS. EMMA LEE ELAM, Indianapolis†	Oct. 1, 1909	Mar. 11, 1920
JOSEPH M. CRAVENS, Madison	Nov. 5, 1912	Dec. 19, 1914
CHARLES J. ORBISON, Indianapolis	Dec. 19, 1914	July 9, 1918
REV. WILLIAM J. SAYERS, Muncie	July 9, 1918	.....
RABBI MORRIS M. FEUERLICHT, Indpls.	Jan. 7, 1921	.....

MRS. SARAH A. DINWIDDIE, Fowler†.....	Feb. 1, 1921	July 15, 1924
REV. LOUDEN A. HARRIMAN, Princeton....	Apr. 4, 1921	July 15, 1924
WM. H. EICHHORN, Bluffton.....	July 15, 1924	.....
MRS. E. C. RUMPLER, Indianapolis.....	July 15, 1924	.....
MRS. FLORENCE HINCHMAN HAM, Knightsn.	Mar. 10, 1925	.....

SECRETARY.

	From	To
ALEXANDER JOHNSON	Mar. 25, 1889	July 1, 1893
ERNEST P. BICKNELL.....	July 1, 1893	Jan. 1, 1898
AMOS W. BUTLER.....	Jan. 1, 1898	Jan. 1, 1923
JOHN A. BROWN.....	Jan. 1, 1923	.....

* Charter member. † Deceased.

THE BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

Organization for the Fiscal Year October 1, 1926, to September 30, 1927.

GOVERNOR ED JACKSON, President ex-Officio.

Members	Term Expires
Mrs. E. C. Rumpler, Indianapolis.....	July 15, 1927
W. H. Eichhorn, Bluffton.....	July 15, 1927
Francis H. Gavisk, Indianapolis.....	Mar. 10, 1928
Mrs. Florence Hinchman Ham, Knightstown.....	Mar. 10, 1928
Wm. J. Sayers, Muncie.....	Mar. 1, 1929
Morris M. Feuerlicht, Indianapolis.....	Nov. 1, 1929

STANDING COMMITTEES.

- Committee on Mental Hygiene.*—Francis H. Gavisk, Mrs. E. C. Rumpler, Wm. J. Sayers.
- Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.*—W. H. Eichhorn, Wm. J. Sayers, Francis H. Gavisk, Mrs. E. C. Rumpler.
- Committee on Educational and Benevolent Institutions and Hospitals.*—Wm. J. Sayers, Francis H. Gavisk, Mrs. Florence H. Ham.
- Committee on County, Township and City Institutions and Agencies.*—M. M. Feuerlicht, W. H. Eichhorn, Mrs. Florence H. Ham.
- Committee on Children.*—Mrs. E. C. Rumpler, M. M. Feuerlicht.
- Committee on Licenses.*—M. M. Feuerlicht, Mrs. E. C. Rumpler.
- Committee on Publications.*—Francis H. Gavisk, Wm. J. Sayers.
- Committee on Auditing.*—M. M. Feuerlicht, Mrs. E. C. Rumpler, Mrs. Florence H. Ham.
- Committee on Plans.*—Francis H. Gavisk, W. H. Eichhorn, Mrs. E. C. Rumpler.

EXECUTIVE OFFICER.

John A. Brown.....Secretary

STAFF.

Laura GreelyChief Clerk

L. H. Millikan.....State Agent for Dependent Children

Raechel L. Hill.....Inspector, License Department

EMPLOYES.

Mrs. Elma Sanders, Inspector	Mrs. Mattie Cook, Clerk
F. E. Trucksess, Agent	Mary Hamblen, Clerk
N. Maude Williams, Agent	Edith L. Montgomery, Clerk
Vashti B. Cox, Agent	Hazel M. VerDouw, Stenographer
Mary Louise White, Agent	Edna M. Sentman, Stenographer
Mrs. Blanche Feely, Agent	Regina Bensman, Stenographer
Phebe M. Jeffers, Agent	

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THE BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

Duties Prescribed by Law

- To investigate the whole system of public charities and correctional institutions of the state;
- To examine into the condition and management of prisons, jails, infirmaries, public hospitals and asylums;
- To report its findings to the Governor and to print an annual report for the use of the legislature, with such suggestions as it deems necessary and pertinent;
- To secure accurate, uniform and complete statistics;
- To examine and offer suggestion and criticism on plans for new jails and poor asylums, the State Sanatorium, Village for Epileptics, Indiana Girls' School, State Farm, Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded and the Indiana Reformatory, and to approve plans for new county general hospitals;
- To supervise placement of dependent and neglected children in foster homes;
- To regulate the importation of dependent children from other states;
- To visit and inspect all institutions caring for dependent, neglected and delinquent children;
- To pass upon the fitness and need of child-caring organizations applying for articles of incorporation;
- To license approved maternity hospitals, boarding homes for children and infants, and infant-placing agencies;
- To consent, under certain conditions, to the adoption of dependent and neglected children;
- To examine and sign (through the secretary) the State Prison punishment record;
- To receive reports of transfers to the Indiana Hospital for Insane Criminals;
- To certify to the Auditor of State the average daily population of certain state institutions;
- To approve plans for out-patient clinics maintained by state hospitals for insane;
- To administer the law providing for the deportation of feeble-minded, epileptic, insane and pauper non-residents;
- To report to circuit and criminal courts and to the Governor on the condition of county jails found unfit for use;
- To formulate rules for the government of county jails;
- To co-operate with boards of county charities and correction in supervising county institutions;
- To receive quarterly reports of outdoor poor relief;
- To pass upon charitable employment agencies seeking exemption from fees and reports required by employment agency law.

GENERAL REPORT OF THE BOARD

There has been no change in the personnel of the board the past year. Two members whose terms expired, Wm. J. Sayers and Morris M. Feuerlicht, were reappointed for another three-year period. The dean of the service now is Francis H. Gavisk, who has been a member of the board since 1907. John A. Brown has been the board's executive officer since January 1, 1923.

Three former members of the board died within the year—Thomas E. Ellison, December 18, 1925; Aquilla Q. Jones, February 7, 1926, and Demarchus C. Brown, August 22, 1926. They will long be remembered for their distinguished service to the cause of public welfare.

The regular quarterly meetings of the board were held during the year, and through the reports submitted to them, the members were kept informed of conditions and developments in the different departments of the work. Special meetings were held whenever necessary. State institutions were visited by the board, local institutions by its representatives. Attention was given to all complaints, institution building plans examined, a number of non-resident mental cases returned to their own states, articles of association of proposed child-caring organizations passed upon, dependent children in foster homes supervised, conferences held with local agencies, both official and voluntary—through these and other activities of a more or less routine character the board has endeavored faithfully to carry out the purpose for which it was created. Special attention was given the past year to the subjects of mental disease, child dependence and prison labor. As required by law, the board reported to the Governor from time to time, and in its annual report suggested to the General Assembly the legislation it deemed essential to the improvement of the public charity and correctional service.

The board is non-partisan. Its members receive no pay. Except in certain conditions involving the care of children and the operation of maternity hospitals, the law gives it no power to enforce its recommendations. The system is supervisory and advisory, working quietly and with a continuity of policy which makes for steady and permanent progress.

The foundation principles of Indiana's charity and correctional service set forth in the state constitution, are that law-breakers and juvenile delinquents shall be reformed, that asylums shall be provided for those persons who "by reason of age, infirmity or other misfortune may have a claim upon the aid and beneficence of society," and that the state shall make provision for the treatment of the insane and the education of the deaf and blind. Under laws passed from time to time, institutions have been established and local and state boards and agencies organized, and in 1889 the legislature created the Board of State Charities to maintain general supervision over the entire system. It now includes the following:

20 state charitable and correctional institutions.	
92 county poor asylums.	
90 county jails.	
1 county asylum for the insane.	
22 county general hospitals.	
5 county tuberculosis hospitals.	
99 maternity hospitals. (This number includes the 22 county general hospitals mentioned above, 68 general hospitals, having maternity wards and 9 private lying-in homes.)	
62 children's homes (38 of which receive public wards).	
33 other child-caring or child-placing agencies.	
1,016 township overseers of the poor.	
81 boards of county charities.	
92 boards of children's guardians.	

So far as statistics of public charities and correction are available they may be summarized as follows:

Inmates present September 30, 1926, in:	
State institutions	15,769
County poor asylums (August 31)	3,535
County jails	1,262
Children's homes (public wards only)	1,115
Total	22,811

New admissions during the year to:	
State institutions	12,338
County poor asylums	1,538
County jails	42,248
Children's homes (public wards only)	1,117

Outdoor relief (i. e., aided by township overseers of the poor) for the calendar year 1925:	
Number of families	18,050
Persons not in families	7,284
Total number of "cases"	25,334
Number of persons	74,945

The expense incurred was as follows:

State institutions	
Maintenance	\$4,544,566 10
New buildings and permanent improvements	666,295 98
	<hr/>
	\$5,210,862 08
County poor asylums:	
Maintenance	1,065,191 08
New buildings and permanent improvements	225,887 36
	<hr/>
	1,291,078 44

County jails:

Maintenance and sheriffs' fees, including board of prisoners.....	\$478,351 86
New buildings and grounds.....	13,330 90

 491,682 76

Dependent and neglected children:

Maintenance	\$794,423 54
New buildings and grounds.....	44,039 61

 838,463 15

Outdoor poor relief (1925).....	840,572 58
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 Total \$8,672,659 01

In addition to performing the duties prescribed by law, the Board of State Charities has exercised a wide influence in state and local charities, both public and private, by promoting the annual State Conference on Social Work. Through this agency it has brought together large groups of interested people with a view to bringing about a better understanding of the state's social problem and a more definite co-ordination of state and local groups. This year's conference was held at Vincennes, October 3 to 6, 1925, with 65 of the 92 counties in the state represented, a majority of those in attendance being connected with public agencies.

The board was represented as usual at the National Conference of Social Work and the meeting of the American Prison Association.

The work of the nine standing committees of the board is summarized in the following paragraphs.

1. The Committee on Mental Hygiene.

There are eight state institutions for mental cases—five for the insane, two for the feeble-minded, one for the epileptic—having room altogether for 9,003 patients. On September 30, 1926, their enrolled population was 9,049, of whom 8,595 were actually present, 423 on furlough and 31 temporarily absent. The daily average attendance for the year was 8,410.16. There were 1,741 new commitments during the year, an average of 145 per month. The majority were native born whites. There were 916 men and boys and 825 women and girls. Grouped by ages, the figures show 14% under 20 years, 52% between 20 and 50 years, and 34% over 50 years. These figures are shown in another form in the following table:

TABLE OF NEW COMMITMENTS, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Insane	Feeble-Minded	Epileptic	Total	
				Number	Percent
Sex—					
Male.....	743	102	71	916	53%
Female.....	635	76	114	825	47%
Color—					
White.....	1,312	175	183	1,670	96%
Colored.....	66	3	2	71	4%
Nativity—					
Native born.....	1,278	176	181	1,635	94%
Foreign born.....	100	2	4	106	6%
Age—					
Under 20 years.....	47	131	60	238	14%
From 20 to 30 years.....	212	26	41	279	16%
From 30 to 40 years.....	251	12	27	290	17%
From 40 to 50 years.....	288	6	29	323	19%
From 50 to 60 years.....	222		20	242	14%
Over 60 years.....	354	3	8	365	20%
Unknown.....	4			4	

The state has \$12,529,848.34 invested at this time in the land, buildings, equipment and supplies of these eight institutions for mental cases. Their expenditures for the fiscal year amounted to \$2,373,081.18, of which \$2,099,477.66 was for maintenance and \$273,603.52 for land and permanent improvements. The current expenses per capita of inmates averaged \$249.63 per year or 68.3 cents per day. The details of the above totals will be found in another part of this volume.

Under the law requiring these institutions to collect not to exceed \$5.00 per week for maintenance, if patients have estates not needed for the support of their families, the sum of \$67,320.04 was collected during the fiscal year and turned into the state general fund. This was an increase of \$11,958.34 over the amount collected the preceding year.

The Insane. In 1851 the state Constitution (Article 9, Section 190) directed the legislature to make provision for the treatment of the insane. One hospital, known now as the Central, was already in operation, having been opened in 1848. Four others have since been established. They were opened, the Northern in 1888, the Eastern and Southern in 1890, the Southeastern in 1910. They have altogether 6,453 beds for patients. Their inventory September 30, 1926, totaled \$9,200,766.93. During the year which ended that day the state spent \$1,566,720.73 for their maintenance, and \$198,934.90 for new buildings and permanent improvements.

In the face of these figures it cannot be said that the state has neglected the insane. However, an analysis of the situation puts it in a different light. The amount spent for maintenance, enormous in the aggregate, averages only 70 cents per day per patient, varying from 50.5 cents at the Southern to 87.5 cents at the Central. Out of this, the hospital must provide personal service, food, heat, light, power and medical care, and keep the plant properly equipped and in repair. A direct result of this meager allowance for support is seen in a turn-over in employes, particularly in attendants, which would not be tol-

erated in a business establishment. It has been as high as 100% in a single month. Personal attendance on the insane is unpleasant work, with long hours, low wages and unsatisfactory living accommodations as our hospitals are conducted. It is not surprising that attendants stay only until they can find more congenial employment. Many must be discharged for incompetence. Another result is seen in the long average of hospital residence—10.8 years per patient. That means that every commitment to a state hospital costs on an average close to \$3,000. It behooves the state to reduce this average stay. It can be done only by early recognition and prompt treatment. That involves ability on the part of the family physician to recognize incipient mental disease, adequate housing facilities to prevent delay in admission to the state hospital, proper receiving service, with necessary equipment for intensive treatment, and a well organized staff of physicians, nurses and attendants, with a consultant medical staff to help in the treatment of special cases. It cannot be done on 70 cents a day. Such a low per capita cost is not a thing to be proud of. Little more than good custodial care can be provided for that amount, and that in fact is about all that our hospitals, as now financed, can offer. Our board urgently recommends appropriations commensurate with the importance of the work to be done. All the hospitals need more physicians, and they should be relieved of much of the routine now expected of them. Proper provision should be made for their home life. Each hospital should have, also, one or more social workers to assist in readjusting recovered or improved patients to home and community life. Another service which the hospitals should be in position to render is that of out-patient and traveling clinics. Such assistance as the state could give local courts and social welfare agencies in handling their problem cases would be returned manyfold in a better understanding of possible preventive measures.

Nothing that has been said is intended as a criticism of the hospital management. Those in charge are to be commended for what they accomplish. Some very fine work is done. The buildings and grounds are well kept, the patients receive good care. There have been some helpful developments the past year. Important improvements in physical conditions have been made. We have been especially pleased to see the Central Hospital take up occupational therapy, with an experienced and capable director in charge. This work is now being conducted in four of the five hospitals, with encouraging results. The Eastern Hospital has employed a social worker, following the example of the Southeastern. The Central Hospital continues its excellent course of lectures for students of law and medicine and for social workers. It is experimenting also with the employment of married couples as attendants on the men's wards. The presence of women on these wards apparently has a helpful influence. The farm colonies, which in our opinion offer the most satisfactory and least expensive method of extending state care of the insane, are developing slowly. The Northern, Eastern and Southeastern have small colonies, with 278 beds altogether, an increase of 59 since the beginning of the year. The Southern

Hospital is planning to establish a colony in the near future. A large poultry plant, the largest of all the state institutions, having nearly 5,000 fowls, is being developed at the farm belonging to this hospital. This will provide interesting and helpful employment for the patients. There are in all the hospitals patients who, while not cured, are sufficiently improved to warrant their release on furlough under right home conditions. It is becoming increasingly difficult, however, to furlough them. At the close of the fiscal year only 4% of the population enrolled were on furlough. Such persons lead useful and fairly contented lives at farm work.

The death rate of the five state hospitals, combined, was 8.2.

For three-quarters of a century it has been the policy of the state to provide for the insane by the establishment of new institutions when the need became overwhelmingly insistent. This board is firmly convinced that the state now has enough hospitals. Our need is to develop and strengthen what we have, and to provide, through a unit of Indiana University Hospitals, a course of training for physicians which shall include more technical knowledge in nervous and mental diseases and mental defect. A bill for the establishment of this unit failed at the last session of the General Assembly. It will be presented at the next session.

The Feeble-Minded. While approximately 80% of the insane in the state are under state care, it is estimated that not more than 8% of the feeble-minded needing institutional care are receiving it. There is, therefore, very great need for more provision than is now available in the two state institutions for this class. The one at Fort Wayne established originally as a training school for children. In 1901 a custodial department for women 16 to 45 years of age, the child-bearing age, was added. The institution therefore became both a school and an asylum, and in time was found to have become more an asylum than a school. The colony at Butlerville was established in 1919, with provision in the law for transfers from Fort Wayne. In seven years' time, however, only 300 beds have been provided there. Consequently very few transfers have been made. At the present time approximately 22% of the inmates at Fort Wayne are under 16 years of age, 66% between 16 and 45, and 12% over 45. Among the latter are 130 women. They should be returned to their respective counties and the rooms they occupy made available for young feeble-minded women outside who are bringing, or are in danger of bringing, defective children into the world. The state cannot care for all the feeble-minded, but considerable relief from present conditions is possible at comparatively little expense. We cannot emphasize too strongly our conviction that this is the most pressing need in the field of public charities today. In the county children's homes alone there are several hundred feeble-minded children who need state care.

The two institutions have just completed their first full year under the present management. Its principal achievement is a remarkable reduction in expenses. From maintenance funds appropriated by the legislature of 1925, balances of \$89,065.14 and \$42,554.36 from Fort Wayne and Butlerville, respectively, reverted to the general fund. It

was made possible by rigid economies, some of which will simply mean increased expense later on. A commendable saving was effected by securing light and power from a local company at an exceptionally low rate. This made it possible to reduce the force in the service department. Other reductions in the staff were made by shortening the school term, discontinuing the social service department and some phases of industrial training, reducing the medical work and the out-patient clinics. The large amount of general repairs a few years ago put the institution in good physical condition and this is being maintained. Improvements about the grounds are to be noted. The housekeeping is good and the children look well nourished and nicely clothed. On the occasion of a recent visit many of them were seen sitting on benches with nothing to do.

Under the head of Needed Legislation, we repeat our recommendations for the further development of the colony at Butlerville, and, at Fort Wayne, increased parole work under supervision and the development and extension of clinics and of wage-earning colonies. We urge also increased attention in the public schools to retarded and backward children, to the end that the feeble-minded pupils may be recognized as such and given training suited to their condition.

The Epileptic. The one state institution for epileptics, located near Newcastle, maintains its usual high standard. The staff and many of the employes have been in the service for many years and the good condition of the institution is due in no small degree to their faithfulness and efficiency. The capacity of 698, with 649 patients enrolled, will soon need to be increased to the number, 1,250, originally contemplated. The new laundry provides employment for a number of women patients. Other patients are employed in farm and household duties. Buildings are being made ready for indoor industries and occupational therapy. No school work for the younger patients has been attempted, because of their low mentality. In time the out-patient clinics and social work, which will extend the usefulness of the institution, will receive attention, since the management is thoroughly in sympathy with its development.

2. Committee on Penal and Reformatory Institutions.

Of the six state penal and correctional institutions, four are for adults, two for juveniles. Of the four institutions for adults, the State Prison, the Reformatory and the penal department of the Woman's Prison are for felons; the State Farm and the correctional department of the Woman's Prison are for misdemeanants—the class which, until the establishment of these two institutions, was committed to the county jails. Adjoining the State Prison and under the same management is the Indiana Hospital for Insane Criminals.

The state has \$7,365,897.25 invested in the land, buildings, equipment and supplies of these six institutions. Their expenditures in the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926, amounted to \$1,235,345.43 for maintenance and \$236,136.84 for permanent improvements, a total of \$1,471,482.27. They turned \$114,524.94 into the general fund as receipts and earnings. All earnings above this sum were credited to the indus-

trial and farm rotary funds of the several institutions and are available as working capital for the coming year. Including the original appropriations, this balance on September 30, 1926, amounted to \$388,256.15.

These six institutions, on September 30, 1926, had 5,518 inmates actually present, 1,687 on parole, 201 temporarily absent and 412 adult probationers under supervision, making a total enrollment of 7,818. The daily average attendance in the institutions during the year was 5,303.37, and on this basis the current expenses averaged \$232.93 per capita per annum, or 63.8 cents per day. During the year there were 6,460 new commitments to these six institutions—5 per cent juvenile delinquents, 22 per cent adult felons, 73 per cent adult misdemeanants. The number may be classified in other ways:

TABLE SHOWING NEW COMMITMENTS, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Felons	Misdemeanants	Juvenile Delinquents	Total	
				Number	Percent
Sex—					
Male.....	1,389	4,364	245	5,998	93%
Female.....	37	319	106	462	7%
Total.....	1,426	4,683	351	6,460	100%
Color—					
White.....	1,189	3,494	305	4,988	77%
Colored.....	237	1,189	46	1,472	23%
Nativity—					
Native born.....	1,354	4,207	348	5,909	91%
Foreign born.....	72	476	3	551	9%
Age—					
Under 20 years.....	301	640	351	1,292	20%
From 20 to 30 years.....	645	1,568	.....	2,213	34%
From 30 to 40 years.....	297	1,171	.....	1,468	23%
From 40 to 50 years.....	114	794	.....	908	14%
From 50 to 60 years.....	50	375	.....	425	7%
Sixty years and over.....	19	135	.....	154	2%

The following table makes possible a comparison of the number of commitments this year with those of the nine years immediately preceding:

TABLE SHOWING NEW COMMITMENTS TO STATE PENAL AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS
1917-1926

YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30	Felons		Misdemeanants		Juvenile Delinquents		Total		
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Total
1917.....	845	24	2,536	434	290	129	3,671	587	4,258
1918.....	621	20	1,238	225	338	117	2,197	362	2,559
1919.....	733	26	1,176	124	290	118	2,199	268	2,467
1920.....	693	25	993	91	252	102	1,938	218	2,156
1921.....	1,166	23	1,662	121	241	95	3,069	239	3,308
1922.....	1,049	23	1,841	139	199	90	3,089	252	3,341
1923.....	891	22	2,202	279	206	126	3,299	427	3,726
1924.....	1,304	32	3,003	258	246	109	4,553	399	4,952
1925.....	1,474	39	3,408	239	252	121	5,134	399	5,533
1926.....	1,389	37	4,364	319	245	106	5,998	462	6,460

On other pages of this report appear statistics showing the operation of the indeterminate sentence and parole law and of the suspended sentence law. Complex and difficult as is prison management under the best conditions, it would be immeasurably more difficult without the parole law. The prisoner looks upon parole as a reward for good conduct and steady industry and does his best to earn it. At the same time the state has an opportunity to test a prisoner's professions of reform before finally releasing him from custody. Under this law every prisoner serves not only a prison sentence but an additional period, never less than a year, under the supervision of a state parole agent, who has authority to return a violator to prison without any court action. Whatever weakness obtains in the present system is due to the meagerness of the funds provided for its administration. There should be more field agents. Closer supervision will mean fewer parole violators.

The state's excellent law for adult probation falls short of possible achievement for the same reason—lack of funds to employ necessary probation officers, with all that that implies in the way of investigation and supervision. The three state penal institutions for adult felons have 412 probationers under supervision at the present time. Others are reporting to juvenile court probation officers in the counties.

One of the most important elements of good prison management is suitable and sufficient employment for the men. While it should be remunerative, it is more important that it shall teach the men trades and inculcate habits of industry, looking to their usefulness as citizens after their discharge. That is a basic principle of Indiana's penal code, which the Constitution stipulates shall be founded on reformation.

The Indiana prison labor law (Acts 1917, p. 237) authorizes the State Prison, Reformatory and State Farm to manufacture goods for the institutions and political divisions of the state and to sell the surplus on the market. This law is only partially enforced.

The State Farm operates a quarry, brick plant and willow ware shop in addition to its farm, garden, dairy, orchard and allied interests. It operates a canning plant during the season.

The Reformatory because of its lack of buildings is not doing much in the matter of vocational training. Its three main industries are foundry, shirt shop and chair shop. A limited number of prisoners is employed in the printing, broom and tin shops. The routine work of the domestic service and utility departments gives employment to a number. The farm, garden, dairy, quarry and gravel pit employ some men.

The State Prison's industries include two shirt shops, shoe shop, binder twine factory (operated part time), a sign shop and a chair factory. The usual domestic and utility departments employ a number of prisoners. The farm and its allied interests engage a small group.

The industries at the State Farm are conducted on the State account plan. The chair and shirt shops of both the Reformatory and Prison, both of which we should like to see superseded by other in-

dustries, are operated on contract plan of the piece price type. The foundry at the Reformatory and the twine and sign shops at the Prison are conducted on the state account plan. Some of the other smaller shops are operated on the state use plan.

All industry in penal institutions should be on either the state account or state use system. Probably both systems must be used if the entire population is properly employed. Certainly the state use system should be developed. Progress in that direction has been made this year through the employment January 1, 1926, of a state sales agent, with an office in the state house to promote the sale of prison products in accordance with the provisions of the 1917 law.

Attention is directed to a table on another page of this report showing the condition of the rotary funds with which the industries above mentioned are operated.

The State Prison closed the year with 1,773 men present. Its increased population as compared with four or five years ago is not due to a greater number of commitments, but to transfers from the Reformatory, to longer minimum sentences, and to an ever-increasing number of insane. In spite of the fact that a new wing was recently added to the hospital, for insane criminals, increasing the capacity to 230, more is already needed. Practically all the patients are employed, and because of this, discipline is more easily maintained. In the prison hospital for the sick, one ward is reserved for the observation of mental cases and it is generally full. More provision for insane and defective delinquents is a problem which the state will soon be called upon to solve.

On October 1, 1925, W. H. Daly, who had been acting warden for several months, became warden, and Assistant Deputy Warden Claudy became deputy warden. Both have had long experience as subordinate officers in this prison, and their efficiency has brought them a well-earned promotion. The institution is well managed. The prisoners' quarters are well-kept; they have clean comfortable clothing, a wholesome diet, and facilities for rest and a limited amount of recreation. There is little sickness among them. Good discipline is maintained. The punishment records, which a special law stipulates shall be open to inspection by the secretary of the Board of State Charities, indicate that the number of offenses is not large and few are of a serious nature. We have been pleased to see that some attention is again being given to elementary school work for illiterates and for foreigners.

The prison was obliged this year to give up Blair Farm, just west of the institution, which has been leased and farmed for a number of years. In its place it purchased a 397-acre tract of land, known as Summit Farm, lying between Michigan City and LaPorte.

We desire to pay our tribute of respect to John B. Stoll, president of the board of trustees, who died April 7, 1926. He had been a member of the board for fifteen years, bringing to his duties a high sense of personal responsibility.

The population of the Reformatory at Pendleton continues to increase. There were 1,700 men present on September 30, 1926, seriously

overcrowding the capacity. Each cell is occupied by two prisoners and the dormitories are crowded with beds. The management is hard pressed to meet the resultant problems in employment and discipline. Construction work continues as funds are available. Much has been accomplished the past year and other much needed buildings are planned. Fortunately the general health is good. About one per cent of the population requires hospital care. There are many venereal cases. We find much to commend in the condition of the institution and the management of its affairs. It has not been possible to develop the school work and vocational training so necessary in an institution of this character, but these matters will receive attention when facilities are provided.

The State Farm for Misdemeanants, at Putnamville, like the Prison and Reformatory, is seriously crowded. New commitments arrived this year at the rate of about 12 a day. Many were for terms unusually long for misdemeanors. The year closed with 1,067 men present, an increase of 265 in twelve months. To care for a thousand men in an institution of 800 capacity is a difficult problem. The management here, as at Michigan City and Pendleton is to be congratulated on the discipline maintained under most trying conditions. During the summer months when the men can spend most of their time out of doors, the situation is less complicated than in the winter. There is serious need here for more indoor industries to occupy the men's time when out door activities are impossible. Conditions at the Farm on the whole are very satisfactory.

The Woman's Prison, Indianapolis, is well administered. Its purpose is carried out satisfactorily. The sanitary conditions and the house-keeping are excellent. The women are kept busy in the laundry, sewing room, garden and poultry yards, and with household duties. They have good food, weekly religious services, recreation, and excellent medical care. The population is increasing in both departments. The number of misdemeanors committed this year was the highest since the war year of 1917.

The Girls' School is in its usual excellent condition, with trustees, officers and employes deeply interested in their work. The health, discipline and training of the girls receive careful attention. Many of the new admissions are found to have venereal disease. They are carefully isolated. The institution is greatly in need of better hospital facilities.

At the Boys' School one is impressed by the kindly spirit in which the boys are controlled. They are under constant supervision, and are kept busy, work and play alternating with study. The value of military training is seen in their improved carriage. It is helpful also to discipline. Good parole work is done at both schools.

3. Committee on Educational and Benevolent Institutions and Hospitals.

This committee devotes special attention to six of the twenty state institutions: The State School for the Deaf, the School for the Blind, the State Sanatorium, Indiana University Hospitals, the Soldiers' Home and the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home.

The State School for the Deaf, with a gradually increasing enrollment, is feeling the need of more room. The average attendance this year was the highest in its history. Excellent training is given the pupils. Recreation, manual training and physical culture are well directed. The children have good medical care and nursing when they are sick; the general health is good.

The same conditions, with one exception, have been observed at the School for the Blind. Here, however, there is no increase in enrollment. On the contrary the number of pupils September 30, 1926 (114), is less than in some former years. At the same time it is believed all the blind children in the state are in attendance. Plans have been prepared for the development of the new site, at College Avenue and 75th Street, Indianapolis. Some of the service buildings are completed. The buildings will not be ready for occupancy for a year or more.

For the adult blind the state maintains an industrial shop at No. 536 West Thirtieth Street, Indianapolis, with a staff of field workers to instruct in their own homes persons who cannot come to the shop. The purpose is to train the blind in various lines of usefulness, and assist them in finding employment and marketing the products of their labor. The register maintained by the board contains the names of 2,244 blind persons residing in the state.

The State Sanatorium for the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis, located near Rockville closed the year with 171 patients enrolled and a long waiting list. Additional buildings are needed. There are no unusual conditions to report. The patients seem very well satisfied. We are favorably impressed with the occupational therapy in the children's department. We would like to see it extended to the adults, and a system of social service established.

Indiana University Hospitals, located at No. 1076 West Michigan Street, Indianapolis, continue their high standard of administrative and professional service. With a capacity of 316, a total of 3,911 patients were cared for during the year, all but four of the 92 counties of the state being represented in the new admissions. Clinics of various types are conducted. Students of the School of Medicine receive practical instruction here, also at the Central Hospital for Insane and the Indianapolis City Hospital, a short distance away. The Training School for Nurses and the Social Service Department of the University combine necessary care of patients with excellent training for the students.

Conditions at the Soldiers' Home, Lafayette, are generally satisfactory. Repairs and painting have brought about marked improvement in the property. The grounds have been beautified with shrubbery and flowers. The spirit of the Home is better than for many years. The members seem satisfied and happy.

The Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home at Knightstown has improved under the present management, yet has been subjected to some criticism, due, in our opinion, to feeling among different voluntary organizations which have taken an interest in it. The general health is good. The schools include grade work and four years of high school. All the teachers are licensed and the course of study is prescribed by

the State Board of Education. We repeat what we have often said in regard to the State's work for the children of soldiers and sailors. It tends to institutionalize them. It is not in conformity with the best thought and practice to keep young children away from home and community life. The law should be amended.

4. Committee on County, Township and City Institutions and Agencies.

The county, township and city institutions and agencies are usually spoken of as the local charities. Only such as are supported in whole or in part from public funds come within the purview of the committee named above.

There is a juvenile court in every county, the judge of the circuit court acting as juvenile judge in all except Marion county, which has a special juvenile court, and Vanderburgh county, in which the probate judge acts as juvenile judge.

The circuit judge appoints the board of county charities, which visits and inspects any institution supported wholly or partially by the county. The judge having juvenile jurisdiction appoints the board of children's guardians for the supervision of dependent and neglected children. He appoints also the probation officer to assist the court in all cases having to do with incorrigible or delinquent children. All probation work is under the supervision of the State Probation Officer.

The county council appropriates the funds for various purposes and the board of county commissioners supervises their expenditure. The county institutions are the poor asylum, jail and hospital (general and tuberculosis). A number of counties maintain an orphans' home, but most of them subsidize a private institution for the care of their minor wards. The counties also may donate funds to a private institution or voluntary agency engaged in benevolent or public health work.

In towns and cities there are lockups and police stations. Indianapolis and Linton maintain city hospitals.

In townships the township trustee has oversight of the poor and needy and is ex-officio overseer of the poor.

Excellent work is being done in many counties by public health nurses under the auspices of the public schools, the local board of health or a voluntary agency.

At this time there are 92 boards of children's guardians, 81 boards of county charities, 92 poor asylums and one county asylum for the insane, 90 county jails, 23 orphans' homes owned by counties and 15 others which are caring for public wards, 22 county general hospitals and 5 county tuberculosis hospitals, approximately 250 lockups and police stations, 2 city hospitals, 1,016 township overseers of the poor.

County institutions including general hospitals, poor asylums, jails and children's homes have been inspected during the year by a representative of the Board of State Charities and reports of conditions in poor asylums and jails made to proper county officials.

The standards of care in poor asylums generally are not what is desired. While there are a number whose buildings, equipment and management are good, there are many which lack much in these essentials.

The population of these institutions is made up almost entirely of aged, infirm and chronic sick. They need infirmary-hospital care. Few of the poor asylums are equipped to give them the treatment they need.

The best institution standards cannot be maintained under the present political system of employing superintendents. While there have been some excellent men and women selected, their tenure of office is for four years only, and in many counties changes are made at the end of each term. This practice does not promote efficient service. The management of poor asylums could be greatly improved by placing it under the direction of a non-political board of the same character as those managing state institutions.

Attention is again directed to the very poor and inadequate buildings in Crawford, Daviess, Martin, Ripley, Switzerland and Warrick counties. They are old, poorly planned, dilapidated, fire-trap structures with most meager equipment. Even under the best management they cannot meet the minimum standard of an institution. Poor buildings are also found in Brown, Harrison and Starke counties. They are frame construction and are fire-traps.

Poor asylums cannot always be measured by buildings and equipment. Many asylums whose buildings lack in modern plan, under good management are rendering fine service.

The care of aged couples is a big problem. Few poor asylums are so planned as to enable them to live together. In a few institutions which are not crowded satisfactory arrangements have been made, though not without some inconvenience. The superintendents who have done this are to be commended.

In a few counties the superintendents are employed on contracts requiring them to furnish some equipment and help. This is contrary to law and may lead to abuse. The practice should be discontinued.

County officials charged with the administration and supervision of institutions should visit and inspect them frequently and become familiar with conditions and needs. A sympathetic interest and co-operation with the superintendent and matron will do much to bring about better care of the poor.

The conditions in the county jails have been improved in some respects since the establishment of the State Farm to which prisoners receiving sentence for misdemeanor are sent. Many jails are empty much of the time, and others are not so crowded. There are, however, instances where men and women receiving sentences of more than 30 days are permitted or required to serve the time in jails. This is not only contrary to law, but bad practice. Prisoners live in idleness at the expense of the county, whereas, if sent to state institutions, the counties are relieved of expense, the prisoners are better cared for and required to work at productive labor.

Attention is again called to the jails of unsatisfactory type in a number of counties. Among these are Allen, Benton, Carroll, Floyd, Fountain, Jefferson, Posey, Tippecanoe, Whitley, Montgomery, Blackford, Boone, Clark, Clinton, Crawford, Decatur, Gibson, Hamilton, Howard, Jennings, Madison, Martin, Monroe, Ohio, Orange, Porter, Putnam, Spencer, Starke, Switzerland and Warrick. Some of the better

buildings of this group could be remodeled, but the others should be replaced with modern structures. The jail escapes, of which there have been a number, are generally due to two causes,—lax administration and supervision, and unsafe buildings. Broken locking devices, unscreened windows and too much freedom to prisoners result in jail breaking.

The "Kangaroo Court" is occasionally found in jails. Its practice is pernicious and cannot be too strongly condemned. It should never be tolerated. Proper rules adopted by the court and enforced by the sheriff will afford better means of discipline.

A very limited study of the children in institutions caring for public wards reveals the fact that many children are in need of special care and treatment. These include those with mental and physical defects. A considerable number have spent several years in orphanages, without proper attention to their real needs. The cost of such custodial care is about \$300 a year. The same amount of money spent in some form of treatment might yield infinitely more good and result in the child being prepared for a family home where it would be self-supporting and lead a normal social life.

The juvenile courts, boards of children's guardians, and probation officers are better organized and have in many counties set high standards for child welfare work. They will find the book of court forms and the laws concerning children, issued by the Board of State Charities, helpful. The board has had the co-operation of these local agencies in its work of supervising child-caring agencies. The work of the boards of children's guardians has increased in recent years in the administration of aid to mothers with dependent children. The Board of State Charities has been unable to give this feature of local relief adequate supervision because of insufficient appropriation. The boards of children's guardians have broad powers and, on the whole, the work is carefully done and supervised as the law requires.

Many boards of county charities have been active in the supervision of local institutions. They have sought to promote public interest in the care of the unfortunate, and in a number of counties they have been successful in securing much needed improvements.

A report on the outdoor relief situation in Indiana appears elsewhere in this report, with a statistical table giving the facts as to the number aided and the amount of relief during the past thirty years. The poor and needy who are not in institutions are the special charge of the township overseers of the poor (1,016 in number), acting as agents of the respective boards of county commissioners. Each overseer is required by law to keep a record (in specified form) of all relief given by him, and at least once each quarter to send two copies of the record to the county auditor, one for the board of county commissioners, one for the Board of State Charities. From these reports for the calendar year 1925 it was learned that 74,945 persons, representing 25,334 "cases", were aided by the overseers of the poor, to the extent of \$840,572.58.

The Indianapolis Foundation has rendered valuable service to Marion County institutions. Co-operating with local officials it financed

a detention ward at the City Hospital for the temporary care of mental patients pending arrangements for their permanent care. The Foundation supplied funds for the employment of a psychiatrist, a psychiatric social worker, and an occupational therapist. The result has been that few patients have been confined in the county jail. A survey of the mental patients at Marion County Asylum for Insane at Julietta was made and recommendations made to the county commissioners that epileptic and feeble-minded patients be sent to the proper state institutions. The Foundation also provided funds for the employment of a nurse at the county poor asylum to demonstrate the need of such service for the better care of the sick and infirm cases. For these services to the unfortunates of the county, the Foundation deserves great credit. It is hoped that the county officials will assume this responsibility and continue this much needed service.

5. Committee on Children.

The supervision of dependent and neglected children and the administration of the law of 1897 creating the state agency for dependent children constitute the special interest of this Committee. The report of the state agent, in another part of this volume, gives statistics of the year's work of the agency and of the institutions and boards engaged in caring for this group of public wards. All such institutions and boards are required by law to report monthly to the state agency.

Dependent and neglected children, when adjudged public wards by the several juvenile courts, become the wards of the court, the county board of children's guardians or the board of commissioners, as the judge in his discretion may direct. No child may be supported at public expense except on order of the court, and unless held on special ruling of the court, all such children are eligible to placement in foster homes. As shown by the report of the state agent there are more children in the orphans' homes, more on the mothers' aid lists and fewer in free foster homes than in previous years. The average age of children in orphans' homes shows a marked increase due in large part to the presence of feeble-minded boys and girls who cannot be placed either in free foster homes or in the crowded state institutions. There is need for persistent and concerted effort on the part of the counties to bring this very serious condition to the attention of the legislature, to the end that increased state care may be provided. In the orphans' homes there are also children of normal mind who are in need of treatment for physical defects. It is neither humane nor economical to neglect these conditions. No normal child should remain in an institution a day longer than is necessary to fit him for transfer to a family home.

Every child-caring institution in the state has been inspected during the year and its activities observed. The matrons are giving the children good care and are to be commended for their interest. It is apparent, however, that many county boards of guardians are failing to make full use of the laws intended for the protection of minor wards and the prevention of child dependence and neglect. In our opinion there is no finer public service than that which can be rendered by an active board of children's guardians. We urge increased financial support of the

work, to the end that every board may have one or more full time or part time agents. The importance of the work demands constant attention, and there is no county in the state wholly free from the sort of conditions which make the work necessary.

It falls to the Committee on Children, also to pass upon the application of child-caring organizations from other states for authority to place their wards in foster homes in Indiana, under the law passed in 1899 to regulate the importation of dependent children. Five agencies have filed the necessary bond, as follows:

The Children's Home, 312 West Ninth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The Chicago Industrial Home for Children, 1132 Washington Boulevard, Chicago, Ill. (Farm and institution at Woodstock, Ill.)

The New York Foundling Hospital, 175 East Sixty-eighth Street, New York City.

The Bureau of Catholic Charities, 125 East Ninth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The Catholic Home Bureau, 289 Fourth Avenue, New York City.

The last named organization has ceased placing children in Indiana, but some wards formerly placed are still under supervision. Altogether, there are now 190 children in Indiana foster homes who are the wards of the above named organizations.

Attention is directed to Bulletin No. 144, Laws Concerning Children, published by this board in March, 1926. A limited number is available for distribution.

6. Committee on Licenses.

The special interest of the Committee on Licenses centers about the inspection and licensing of maternity hospitals, child-caring institutions and infant-placing agencies, as required by Chapter 154 of the Acts of 1909. The report of the inspector, Miss Raechel L. Hill, shows 194 licenses in effect September 30, 1926. There has been little change in this number in recent years, but it is worthy of note that, more and more, the maternity wards of general hospitals are taking the place of private lying-in homes; also, that in general there is improvement in the standards of the boarding homes for children. The inspector spent 117½ days in the field during the year, her work for the License Department taking her into 61 of the 92 counties. In addition to this and necessary office work, she assisted in the inspection of county jails and poor asylums.

7. Committee on Publications.

Our publications this year were limited to the regular quarterly issue of the Indiana Bulletin of Charities and Correction. We have followed established custom in printing in this the proceedings of the State Conference on Social Work and of the Conference on Mental Health. The March, 1926, number was devoted to the state laws governing the work with children. The quarterly Bulletin is our chief source of complying with constant requests for literature on various phases of social work in the state.

8. Committee on Auditing.

A financial statement, covering the disbursements from each of the funds appropriated for the work of the board for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926, will be found at the close of this report. The total disbursements may be classified as follows:

Salaries and wages.....	\$29,289 61
Traveling expenses of members, employes and deported non-residents	13,267 52
Drayage and express.....	10 06
Telephone, telegraph and postage.....	1,149 93
Miscellaneous	83 03
Stationery, printing and office supplies.....	741 04
Office equipment	150 08
Total	\$44,691 27

An unused balance of \$8.73 reverted to the general fund.

In addition to the above, there is available a revolving fund of \$1,000 appropriated by the legislature for the traveling expenses, including the cost of temporary care of dependent children transferred to foster homes. Such expenses during the last fiscal year amounted to \$1,184.27. The bills rendered and the amount received from the counties appear in the financial statement at the close of this report.

9. Committee on Institution Plans.

Laws passed at various times require that plans for county poor asylums, county jails, county general hospitals, the Indiana State Farm, the Village for Epileptics, the Indiana Girls' School, the Indiana Reformatory and the Indiana Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded shall be submitted to the Board of State Charities for criticism and advice before final adoption. During the past year the Committee on Institution Plans examined plans as follows:

Feb. 2, 1926.	Daviess County Hospital, Washington. Plans for remodeling approved.
Apr. 9, 1926.	Clinton County Hospital, Frankfort. Plans for remodeling approved.
Apr. 9, 1926.	Cass County Hospital, Logansport. Plans for remodeling approved.
June 11, 1926.	St. Joseph County Jail, South Bend. Plans for an addition to house the juvenile court and detention home. Not approved on the ground that the law prohibits the confinement of juveniles on the grounds of a county jail or any department connected with it.
Aug. 2, 1926.	Indiana Reformatory, Pendleton. Plans for hospital and for Cellhouse J approved.
Aug. 5, 1926.	Lake County Jail, Crown Point. Plans for an addition approved.

The committee, on request, has examined plans and specifications for a number of other buildings not required by law to be submitted.

GENERAL REPORT

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EXPENDITURES

Year	State Institutions		Poor Asylums		Dependent Children		Official Outdoor Poor Relief
	Maintenance	Land, New Buildings and Extraordinary Repairs	Maintenance	Land, New Buildings and Extraordinary Repairs	Maintenance	Land, New Buildings and Extraordinary Repairs	
1890	\$856,379 58	\$881,439 67	\$249,518 34		\$101,541 99		\$560,232 65
1891	1,104,068 24	1,155,716 20	249,972 76		107,231 61		560,012 35
1892	1,073,768 82	1,007,623 35					581,338 00
1893	1,086,733 31	62,882 91	250,847 50		113,776 39		511,503 35
1894	1,420,289 70	36,216 49	257,581 44		136,245 28		586,232 27
1895	1,151,741 35	76,712 90	254,832 48		139,822 35		630,168 79
1896	1,060,926 92	106,299 27	281,380 33		132,690 21		355,255 29
1897	1,079,903 24	130,649 94					388,343 67
1898	1,168,374 81	63,805 51					288,349 62
1899	1,213,213 56	144,879 52					320,667 53
1900	1,290,790 33	337,605 49	325,496 50			\$5,386 74	209,456 22
1901	1,379,889 01	260,386 05	349,947 97		179,114 21		236,723 98
1902	1,382,397 19	270,851 52	388,360 94		165,413 61	602 66	266,876 91
1903	1,435,752 69	154,449 57	379,679 29	60,016 49	169,493 56	23,277 83	246,745 82
1904	1,525,740 77	223,940 51	387,813 86	22,001 11	171,319 36	8,197 04	281,105 89
1905	1,535,737 17	117,970 18	426,788 51	76,969 30	191,438 02	1,000 00	249,884 98
1906	1,650,454 48	294,838 47	446,431 28	122,249 60	187,387 01	28,207 43	233,612 70
1907	1,540,984 53	232,178 53	446,431 28	148,624 42	196,299 31	11,232 03	237,804 71
1908	1,800,469 96	501,751 49	456,865 52	82,638 25	207,077 02	11,178 22	292,496 19
1909	1,932,351 33	181,730 38	455,333 90	23,147 11	202,669 43	6,176 42	279,967 31
1910	1,991,005 27	386,961 96	464,551 88	170,820 51	200,138 76		266,181 16
1911	2,109,833 11	274,845 00	485,869 52	67,869 47	202,438 17	19,370 00	271,078 94
1912	2,282,191 19	180,841 34	530,414 48	209,743 83	21,754 32	3,626 35	305,692 71
1913	2,318,347 65	316,443 47	551,806 52	112,084 19	214,731 70	8,543 25	302,377 55
1914	2,445,016 66	439,625 37	609,174 39	91,514 47	231,137 78		393,138 16
1915	2,614,896 63	337,810 91	624,930 67	231,678 48	260,844 03	6,878 22	435,489 88
1916	2,794,866 63	300,798 42	641,776 66	84,294 66	290,506 82	522 86	438,576 95
1917	3,016,592 90	169,537 91	762,113 97	141,339 62	291,921 34	39,847 65	391,111 66
1918	3,228,806 37	337,054 43	943,944 37	65,889 48	291,921 34		427,469 83
1919	3,306,287 51	237,342 07	944,874 21	65,889 48	331,929 51		425,915 07
1920	3,748,893 47	608,465 63	1,085,349 24	441,874 42	384,732 76		387,834 62
1921	4,026,403 02	419,848 72	1,025,363 93	99,593 99	464,821 67	1,403 33	387,230 13
1922	4,049,277 30	1,350,388 45	1,021,941 49	41,260 05	537,075 61	24,909 11	610,353 87
1923	4,173,880 97	2,090,313 07	1,186,231 62	117,436 20	642,637 81	8,928 60	741,173 65
1924	4,154,954 92	2,131,176 47	1,113,468 58	89,383 64	644,511 33	31,631 29	524,297 81
1925	4,600,118 76	620,240 84	1,065,101 08	160,010 78	733,896 57	242,531 12	618,901 81
1926	4,544,566 10	666,295 98	235,887 36	235,887 36	794,423 54	44,039 61	840,572 58

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

STATISTICS OF PRINCIPAL PUBLIC CHARITIES, 1890-1926
POPULATION

YEAR	Enrolled in State Institutions	Number Present in Poor Asylums	Number Present in Orphans' Homes	Number Present in Jails	Number Aided by Trustees
1890.....					
1891.....	5,406	3,264			
1892.....	6,294	3,253			
1893.....	6,268		1,015	600	
1894.....	6,413	3,459			
1895.....	6,905	3,731			
1896.....	7,096		1,289		
1897.....	7,264		1,300		
1898.....	7,953	2,976	1,395		
1899.....	8,224	3,072	1,401		71,414
1900.....	8,471	3,102	1,596		82,235
1901.....	8,839	3,133	1,605		75,119
1902.....	9,056	3,096	1,626	771	64,468
1903.....	9,229	3,091	1,690	709	46,369
1904.....	9,650	3,046	1,565	686	52,801
1905.....	9,909	2,962	1,527	801	48,849
1906.....	10,315	3,144	1,591	849	40,012
1907.....	10,417	3,115	1,699	949	46,009
1908.....	10,587	3,124	1,747	889	45,331
1909.....	11,120	3,165	1,582	1,062	38,612
1910.....	11,600	3,278	1,633	1,326	37,724
1911.....	11,511	3,233	1,591	1,275	56,200
1912.....	11,801	3,110	1,570	1,129	54,518
1913.....	12,448	3,009	1,560	1,075	43,227
1914.....	12,529	3,068	1,597	1,255	42,993
1915.....	12,708	3,071	1,623	1,059	51,081
1916.....	14,119	3,228	1,759	1,192	50,403
1917.....	14,292	3,414	1,751	1,459	78,569
1918.....	14,464	3,341	1,759	1,193	97,292
1919.....	12,884	3,416	1,890	1,093	75,763
1920.....	12,660	3,212	1,844	1,090	72,590
1921.....	12,342	3,138	1,686	510	61,439
1922.....	13,268	3,087	1,560	451	47,709
1923.....	13,744	3,271	1,553	563	44,253
1924.....	13,508	3,365	1,657	741	79,992
1925.....	16,418*	3,294	1,690	725	94,850
1926.....	17,831	3,301	1,841	852	51,256
	18,667	3,433	1,949	897	71,725
		3,535	1,915	970	74,945
				1,262	

Population of Indiana: 1890—2,192,404; 1900—2,516,462; 1910—2,700,876; 1920—2,930,390.

*Includes paroled prisoners and adult probationers not heretofore counted.

NEEDED LEGISLATION

The Board of State Charities, as a result of its study of the whole system of public charities and correction in Indiana, respectfully recommends the enactment of laws as follows:

A. For the Insane:

1. The establishment of a state psychiatric hospital, preferably in connection with Indiana University hospitals.
2. Extensions at such of the state hospitals the present capacity of which does not exceed 1,500 patients. A part of this development should be in the form of farm colonies.
3. The establishment of reception departments, with mechanical equipment and trained staff—physicians, nurses and attendants—for the reception, observation and intensive therapeutic treatment of patients.
4. The establishment of consulting staffs to be available in cases needing special treatment and care.
5. The development of clinical service, including out-patient and traveling clinics.
6. The employment of trained persons to aid in clinics and in following patients.

B. For the Feeble-Minded:

1. The construction of additional colony buildings at the Farm Colony at Butlerville for patients needing permanent custodial care.
2. The development and extension of clinics and the establishment of wage-earning colonies by the School for Feeble-Minded Youth at Ft. Wayne.
3. The placing of all tractable, better grade of feeble-minded children in homes, under the direction of a trained social worker.
4. A law providing for mental as well as physical examination of all school children.

C. For the Epileptic:

Increased facilities for the care of the epileptic:

- a. Through the construction of additional buildings at the Village for Epileptics.
- b. Through authority given the institution to admit voluntary patients.
- c. Through establishment of clinics and out-patient clinics.
- d. Through employment of trained social workers.

D. For the Government of State Charitable and Correctional Institutions:

1. That the present laws relating to the number of trustees for the Soldiers' Home and the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home be amended to make them conform to the uniform state institu-

tion law of 1907, which provides for a bi-partisan board of four members for each institution.

2. That the appointment to any position in a state institution of a relative of any member of the board of trustees be prohibited.
 3. That a member of the board of trustees of any state institution be declared ineligible for appointment to any position in that institution during the term for which he is appointed or for one year thereafter.
 4. That the educational work of all state institutions be placed under the supervision of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
 5. That appropriations be made for the traveling expenses of judges of the circuit and criminal courts to enable them to visit at regular intervals each of the institutions to which they commit persons.
 6. That an appropriation be made to establish a state receiving home for dependent children, which home was authorized by the legislature of 1913.
- E. For County Institutions and Charities:
1. That county poor asylums be placed under the management of an unpaid, bi-partisan board in each county, and that steps be taken to improve the standards of care for the aged and infirm.
 2. That the law authorizing the establishment of county asylums for the insane be repealed.
 3. That the law which provides for abolishing the fee system for the board of county jail inmates, now applicable to Marion County only, be extended to all counties of the state.

THE STATE INSTITUTIONS

The twenty state institutions under the supervision of the Board of State Charities had an average daily population of 15,395.34 during the fiscal year which ended September 30, 1926. This was 851.67 more than for the preceding year. The following tabulated statement shows the average daily attendance in the state institutions every fifth year since 1900. It will be noted that in 1900 there were 13 institutions with an average population of 7,994.01, while the present number of institutions is 20, with an average population of 15,395.34. In the twenty-six-year period the population of the institutions for mental cases and for delinquents has more than doubled.

YEAR	Number of Institutions	AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE					
		Insane, Feeble-Minded and Epileptic	Soldiers and Their Dependents	Deaf and Blind	Sick	Delinquent	Total
1900	13	4,013.49	1,092.25	453.42	.....	2,434.85	7,994.01
1905	13	5,027.27	1,171.50	451.78	.....	2,781.37	9,431.92
1910	15	5,545.20	1,230.5	416.99	.....	3,331.12	10,523.81
1915	19	6,727.42	1,361.77	415.19	195.33	3,824.60	12,524.31
1920	19	6,998.73	961.99	406.79	213.86	2,930.00	11,511.37
1925	20	8,009.76	834.24	471.53	413.78	4,823.36	14,543.67
1926	20	8,419.16	790.40	481.40	410.01	5,303.37	15,395.34

Additional facts regarding the state institutions are presented in tables 1 to 30 as follows:

Table No. 1 lists the twenty state institutions, with their postoffice address, and shows the year their establishment was authorized by the legislature, the year they opened, their capacity and inventory. The present combined capacity of the institutions is 16,249, and their inventories make a grand total of \$27,897,258.43, divided as follows: land, \$4,528,883.78; buildings, \$18,696,251.78; equipment and supplies, \$4,672,122.87. The capacity shows an increase of 464 over the preceding year. Most of this is reported from four of the five state hospitals for the insane and from the State Farm for Misdemeanants. The total inventory shows an increase of more than two million dollars. While this is somewhat generally distributed among the institutions, there were increases of more than \$100,000 each at the Northern Hospital for Insane, the State Farm and the State Prison.

Table No. 2 shows a total of 13,814.49 acres of land owned by the state institutions. This is an increase of 397.7 over the preceding year, owing to the purchase of a farm of that size by the State Prison. More land was devoted to farming and gardening at the State Prison and Reformatory, less at the two institutions for the feeble-minded, the past year. A slight increase is noted in the amount of land devoted to orchards.

The same table gives figures indicating the live stock maintained. Fourteen of the twenty institutions have dairy herds (645 cows in all) and other cattle to the number of 661. Six institutions have sheep, the Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded, Butlerville, reporting the highest number, 244. Sixteen institutions have swine and poultry. The Southern Hospital for the Insane, Evansville, has the largest poultry flock—4,676 chickens and 19 turkeys. Several of the institutions have doubled their flocks recently, but the State Prison, on the other hand, reports only 823 head as against 2,200 last year.

Table No. 3 shows the distribution of the state institution population by counties. On September 30, 1926, there were 15,769 persons actually present, every county in the state being represented. A little more than a third of the whole number (5,553 to be exact) were from the six largest counties, as follows: Marion, 2,256; Lake, 1,012; Allen, 604; St. Joseph, 539; Vigo, 632; Vanderburgh, 510. Every county in the state was represented in the hospital for insane in its district, also in the School for Feeble-Minded Youth. There was but one county (Switzerland) that was not represented in the State Prison, and only three (Fulton, Scott and Switzerland) that were not represented in the Reformatory.

Table No. 4 records by counties the new admissions to the 20 state institutions during the fiscal year—12,368 altogether. Every county was represented, the number ranging from 6, Union County, to 3,141, Marion County. Tables 3 and 4 make possible some interesting comparisons of state wards from contiguous counties or counties of similar condition and size.

Table No. 5 classifies in other ways the statistics given in Table 4. It shows the sex, color, nationality and age of new state wards. As usual, there were more than twice as many men and boys as women and girls. This is due to the greater number of male delinquents. In commitments to the penal and correctional institutions there were twice as many boys (245) as girls (106) and 16 times as many men (5,753) as women (356). In the other 14 institutions there were more women and girls than men and boys among the new commitments. There were 10,807 white, 1,561 colored; 11,689 native born and 679 of foreign birth. Under the heading "Age" the figures show that 31% of the new admissions were less than 20 years old (due largely to the great number of children sent to Riley Hospital for Children), 24% were from 20 to 30 years of age, almost half of them being young men misdemeanants committed to the State Farm, and the remaining 45% were over 30 years of age. It is interesting to note that in the matter of age, the proportion in each group is practically the same as for the preceding year—31%, 23% and 46% in 1925 as against 31%, 24% and 45% in 1926.

Table No. 6 groups the new admissions by institutions and gives corresponding figures for the preceding nine years. It will be found that new admissions are received at the rate of 1,030 a month, and that that number is composed of 145 mental cases per month, 538 commitments to penal and correctional institutions, 304 to the Indiana University Hospitals and 43 to all other state institutions.

Table No. 7 summarizes the statistics of population and expense of the twenty institutions for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926. The year began with 17,831 inmates enrolled. There were added 12,368 new admissions, 327 transfers and reinstatements, and 360 adult probationers for supervision. Twelve thousand two hundred nineteen were dropped from the enrollment during the year, as follows: 1,036 died, 8,485 were discharged direct from the institutions, 1,829 were discharged from parole or furlough and 869 released for miscellaneous reasons. The enrollment at the close of the fiscal year was 18,667, divided as follows: 15,769 actually present, 2,225 on furlough or parole, 412 adult probations under supervision, and 261 temporarily absent. The average daily number of inmates was 15,395.34 and of officers and employes 2,247.83. The current expenses for the year amounted to \$4,544,566.10, an average of \$295.19 per capita of inmates. Expenditures for permanent improvements amounted to \$666,295.98, a grand total of \$5,210,862.08. This does not include expenditures from the Rotary Funds. The figures appear in greater detail in other pages of this report and in the Indiana Bulletin of Charities and Correction for December, 1926.

Table No. 8 is a statement of the industrial rotary funds, of which the State Prison has two, the Reformatory two and the State Farm and Boys' School each one. The different laws under which the industrial funds operate provide that any excess over a fixed amount reverts to the general fund, the remainder being credited to the institution as working capital for the ensuing year. The entire balances in the farm funds are so credited. It will be seen from the table that the various funds started the year with \$456,244.03; receipts during the year, \$1,165,585.02; total \$1,621,829.05; disbursements, \$1,126,799.95; balance, \$495,029.10. Of this balance, \$106,772.95 was turned into the general fund and \$388,256.15 was credited to the institutions as future working capital.

Table No. 9 shows in convenient form the average daily attendance and the current expenses of each institution, with the average per capita cost per year and per day.

Table No. 10 shows the average number of officers and employes and of inmates, the expenditures and the per capita cost of maintenance over a period of years, the details of which are given in Tables 11 to 30, inclusive.

Excess per capita allowance. The appropriation act provides additional funds to maintain certain of the state institutions in the event that their average daily population exceeds a certain fixed number. The excess must be certified by the Board of State Charities. The amounts which became available for the fiscal year are shown below:

INSTITUTION	Excess Attendance	Rate per Capita Per Month	Amount
Central Hospital for Insane.....	980.196	\$20 833	\$20,420 42
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	596.400	16 666	9,939 60
Eastern Hospital for Insane.....	1,130.206	16 666	18,836 01
Southern Hospital for Insane.....	136.480	16 666	2,274 57
Southeastern Hospital for Insane.....	1,520.258	16 666	25,336 61
Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home.....	422.712	25 00	10,567 80
School for Feeble-Minded Youth.....	219.516	16 666	3,658 45
Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded.....	435.270	16 666	7,254 20
State Sanatorium.....	15.817	62 50	988 56
State Prison.....	36.628	16 666	610 44
Reformatory.....	5,494.607	16 666	91,573 11
State Farm.....	2,698.539	16 666	44,973 85
Woman's Prison.....	820.839	16 666	13,680 10
Boys' School.....	266.685	16 666	4,444 57
Total.....			\$254,558 29

Attention is directed to the printed reports of the several state institutions for information regarding their work.

CENTRAL HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, INDIANAPOLIS.

Superintendent, Dr. Max A. Bahr, since December 8, 1923.

Established, 1844; opened, November 21, 1848.

Location: Within the city limits of Indianapolis, on West Washington Street, three miles west of the center of town. Reached by city street cars. Postoffice, Indianapolis.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 59 acres; otherwise used, 101.4 acres; total, 160.4 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$177,942.19; buildings, \$2,328,939.69; equipment and supplies, \$528,268.35; total, \$3,035,150.23.

District: Counties of Benton, Boone, Carroll, Clinton, Fountain, Hamilton, Hancock, Hendricks, Howard, Jasper, Madison, Marion, Miami, Montgomery, Newton, Parke, Tippecanoe, Tipton, Vermillion, Wabash, Warren and White. Population of district (census of 1920), 862,565.

Capacity: For males, 695; females, 1,027; total, 1,722.

Patients: No age limit. Must have legal settlement. Received by commitment of an insanity commission or on voluntary application. The commission consists of a justice of the peace in the proper county and two reputable physicians, selected by him or by the judge of the circuit or superior court.* A preliminary examination may be made and temporary care provided by the justice of the peace, pending the formal inquest. The finding of the commission is filed with the clerk of the circuit court, who is responsible for the patient thereafter until received by the state hospital. Clothing and transportation are furnished at county expense, if necessary. Unless otherwise furnished the first supply of clothing is purchased by the clerk of the circuit court; after admission to a hospital it is furnished by the superintendent, who transmits a bill therefor to the county through the Treasurer of State. All other expenses of the hospital are paid by the state. The hospital may collect for maintenance at the rate of not to exceed five dollars per week from the estate of a patient if that estate is not needed for the support of near relatives.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	693	903	1,596
Temporarily absent.....	44	56	100
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	737	959	1,696
Received during year.....	220	198	418
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	161	182	343
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	796	975	1,771
Present September 30, 1926.....	758	940	1,698
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	721.72	912.00	1,633.72
Average number of officers and employees.....	139.8	152.27	292.07
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			5.5
Average number of patients to each attendant.....			11.1

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$215,000 00	\$212,807 50	\$2,192 50
b-c-d. Operating Expense.....	295,000 00	275,501 74	19,498 26
e. Equipment (\$30,000) plus \$18,605.63 from per capita allowance.....	48,605 63	48,605 63	
f. Land and Structures.....	7,500 00	4,073 03	3,426 97
g. Fixed charges.....	490 00	156 95	333 05
h. Other funds: Excess per capita allowance \$20,420.42 less \$18,605.63 transferred to "E".....	1,814 79		1,814 79
Total.....	\$568,410 42	\$541,144 85	\$27,265 57
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$1,603 60		
Support of inmates.....	10,329 05		
Interest.....	61 14	\$11,993 79	
Net Total.....		\$529,151 06	

The above figures may be classified as (1) current expenses, \$521,923.07, and (2) extraordinary expenses, \$19,221.78. The current expenses and the average per capita cost for the year were as follows:

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$212,807 50	\$130 26
Subsistence.....	139,439 83	85 35
Clothing.....	14,288 39	8 75
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	133,912 58	81 97
Repairs.....	21,474 77	13 14
Total.....	\$521,923 07	\$319 47
Average per day.....		\$0 875

The estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the hospital was \$10,969.07; per capita, \$6.71. The cost was estimated at \$4,872.64.

*For the new insanity commitment law see Acts 1927, Chapter 69.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, LOGANSPORT.

"Longcliff."

Superintendent: Dr. Samuel Dodds, since June 1, 1920.

Established: 1883; opened, July 1, 1888.

Location: Two miles west of Logansport. Local station, Longcliff, on interurban line and on Pennsylvania Railroad. Postoffice, Logansport.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 336.45 acres; in orchard, 12.89 acres; otherwise used, 277.47 acres; total 626.81 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$111,832.55; buildings, \$885,390.35; equipment and supplies, \$399,927.90; total, \$1,397,150.80.

District: Counties of Cass, Elkhart, Fulton, Kosciusko, Lake, LaPorte, Marshall, Porter, Pulaski, Starke and St. Joseph. Population of district (Census of 1920), 518,682.

Capacity: For males, 711; females, 582; total, 1,293. This includes 20 beds for males in farm colonies.

Patients: Same as for Central Hospital for Insane, q. v.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	617	579	1,196
Temporarily absent.....	11	15	26
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	628	594	1,222
Received during year.....	116	77	193
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	70	85	155
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	674	586	1,260
Present September 30, 1926.....	650	570	1,220
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	624.07	575.63	1,199.70
Average number of officers and employees.....	97.24	55.03	152.27
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			7.8
Average number of patients to each attendant.....			17.1

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$120,000 00	\$119,297 44	\$702 56
b-c-d. Operating Expenses.....	176,500 00	173,950 87	2,549 13
e. Equipment.....	20,000 00	17,893 60	2,106 40
f. Land and structures—Men's Infirmary (Balance).....	64,508 69	61,528 79	2,979 90
g. Fixed charges.....	200 00	182 50	17 50
h. Other funds:			
Excess per capita allowance.....	9,039 60	.....	9,939 60
Total.....	\$301,148 29	\$372,853 20	\$18,295 09
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$699 34		
Support of patients.....	13,129 63		
Interest.....	189 83		
Miscellaneous.....	333 41	\$14,352 26	
Net Total.....		\$358,500 94	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$301,362.39; (2) extraordinary, \$71,490.81; total, \$372,853.20. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$119,297 44	\$99 44
Subsistence.....	75,758 03	63 15
Clothing.....	5,710 22	4 77
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	88,712 11	73 94
Repairs.....	11,884 59	9 90
Total.....	\$301,362 39	\$251 20
Average per day.....		\$0 688

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$58,395.53; per capita, \$48.68. Estimated cost of production, \$16,725.64.

EASTERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, RICHMOND.

"Easthaven."

Superintendent: Dr. L. F. Ross, since December 13, 1923.

Established: 1883; opened, August 4, 1890.

Location: Two miles west of Richmond. Reached by city street cars. Postoffice, Richmond.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 700.114 acres; in orchard, 37.680 acres; otherwise used, 345.986 acres; total, 1,083.780 acres. This includes 700 acres in the colony called "Wayne Farms," established 1913.

Inventory: Grounds, \$173,699.26; buildings, \$1,171,249.27; equipment and supplies, \$264,158.16; total, \$1,609,106.69.

District: Counties of Adams, Allen, Blackford, DeKalb, Delaware, Grand, Henry, Huntington, Jay, Lagrange, Noble, Randolph, Steuben, Union, Wayne, Wells and Whitley. Population of district (census of 1920), 538,540.

Capacity: For males, 601; females, 647; total, 1,248. This includes 68 beds for men and 66 for women in the farm colonies.

Patients: Same as for Central Hospital for Insane, q. v.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	506	539	1,045
Temporarily absent.....	24	41	65
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	530	580	1,110
Received during year.....	126	123	249
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	106	95	201
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	550	608	1,158
Present September 30, 1926.....	515	572	1,087
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	511.16	557.90	1,069.06
Average number of officers and employees.....	92.24	65.83	158.07
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			6.7
Average number of patients to each attendant.....			12.3

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal service (\$106,000) plus \$11,272.65 from excess per capita allowance.....	\$117,272 65	\$117,272 65	
b-c-d. Operating expenses.....	133,100 00	133,099 37	\$0 63
e. Equipment (\$20,000) plus \$900 from "F" and \$7,562.13 from excess per capita allowance.....	28,462 13	28,462 13	
f. Land and structures:			
Cottage for men and dairy barn.....	100,000 00	42,578 29	57,421 71
Minor structures.....	1,000 00	1,000 00	
Power House (balance).....	9,622 19	9,622 19	
Dairy Barn (insurance) (balance).....	4,232 55	4,232 55	
Laundry (insurance).....	92 10	92 10	
g. Fixed charges.....	1,112 50	998 50	114 00
h. Other funds:			
Excess per capita allowance (\$18,836.01) less \$11,272.65 transferred to "A" and \$7,562.13 to "E".....	1 23		1 23
Total.....	\$394,895 35	\$337,357 78	\$57,537 57
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$701 45		
Support of patients.....	17,626 57		
Interest.....	73 68		
Miscellaneous.....	772 35	\$19,174 05	
Net total.....		\$318,183 73	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$250,018.85; (2) extraordinary, \$87,338.93; total, \$337,357.78. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal service.....	\$116,514 97	\$108 99
Subsistence.....	54,698 21	51 16
Clothing.....	3,019 34	2 82
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	64,351 95	60 19
Repairs.....	11,434 38	10 70
Total.....	\$250,018 85	\$233 86
Average per day.....		\$0 64

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$61,683.82; per capita, \$57.70. Estimated cost of production, \$17,274.00.

SOUTHERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, EVANSVILLE.

"Woodmere."

Superintendent: Dr. Charles E. Laughlin, since June 1, 1903.

Established: 1883; opened, October 30, 1890.

Location: Four miles east of Evansville. Local station, Woodmere, on interurban line. Postoffice, Evansville.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 463 acres; in orchard, 15 acres; otherwise used, 401.47 acres; total, 879.47 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$280,930.07; buildings, \$664,816.86; equipment and supplies, \$250,746.74; total, \$1,196,493.67.

District: Counties of Dubois, Gibson, Greene, Knox, Perry, Pike, Posey, Spencer, Sullivan, Vanderburgh, Vigo and Warrick. Population of district (census of 1920), 449,188.

Capacity: For males, 450; females, 450; total, 900.

Patients: Same as for Central Hospital for Insane, q. v.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	391	471	862
Temporarily absent.....	17	12	29
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	408	483	891
Received during year.....	113	99	212
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	133	91	224
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	388	491	879
Present September 30, 1926.....	375	473	848
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	384.69	468.26	852.95
Average number of officers and employes.....	41.47	35.61	77.08
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			11.0
Average number of patients to each attendant.....			18.7

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal service (\$55,000.00) plus \$2,274.57 from excess per capita allowance and \$120 from B-C-D.....	\$57,394 57	\$57,373 61	\$20 96
b-c-d. Operating expenses (\$97,200.00) less \$120 to "A".....	97,080 00	94,562 95	2,517 05
e. Equipment.....	5,100 00	5,041 32	58 68
f. Land and structures: Buildings for 250 patients and additions to service departments.....	300,000 00	3,618 96	296,381 04
g. Fixed charges.....	700 00	327 95	372 05
h. Other funds: Excess per capita allowance (\$2,274.57) transferred to "A".....			
Total.....	\$460,274 57	\$160,924 79	\$299,349 78
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$46 34		
Support of patients.....	9,113 00		
Interest.....	151 01	\$9,310 35	
Net Total.....		\$151,614 44	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$157,305.83; (2) extraordinary, \$3,618.96; total, \$160,924.79. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$57,373 61	\$67 26
Subsistence.....	42,412 71	49 72
Clothing.....	6,674 09	7 83
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	46,347 58	54 34
Repairs.....	4,497 84	5 27
Total.....	\$157,305 83	\$184 42
Average per day.....		\$0 505

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$34,511.09; per capita, \$40.46. Estimated cost of production, \$22,012.40.

SOUTHEASTERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, NORTH MADISON.

"Cragmont."

Superintendent: Dr. James W. Milligan, since May 1, 1915.

Established: 1905; opened, August 23, 1910.

Location: One mile southwest of North Madison. Postoffice, North Madison.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 559 acres; in orchard and vineyard, 167 acres; otherwise used, 539 acres; total, 1,265 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$127,105.00; buildings, \$1,589,041.62; equipment and supplies, \$246,718.92; total, \$1,962,865.54.

District: Counties of Bartholomew, Brown, Clark, Clay, Crawford, Daviess, Dearborn, Decatur, Fayette, Floyd, Franklin, Harrison, Jackson, Jefferson, Jennings, Johnson, Lawrence, Martin, Monroe, Morgan, Ohio, Orange, Owen, Putnam, Ripley, Rush, Scott, Shelby, Switzerland and Washington. Population of district (census of 1920), 561,415.

Capacity: For males, 724; females, 700; total, 1,424. This includes 74 beds in colonies.

Patients: Same as for Central Hospital for Insane, q. v.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	681	644	1,325
Temporarily absent.....	48	41	89
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	729	685	1,414
Received during year.....	168	138	306
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	154	109	263
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	743	714	1,457
Present September 30, 1926.....	703	668	1,371
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	694.57	652.08	1,346.65
Average number of officers and employes.....	118	80	198
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			6.8
Average number of patients to each attendant.....			13.0

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal service (\$135,000) plus \$8,422.23 from excess per capita allowance.....	\$143,422 23	\$143,422 23	
b-c-d. Operating expenses (\$184,000) plus \$2,798.24 from excess per capita allowance.....	186,798 24	186,798 24	
e. Equipment (\$10,000) plus \$7,621.81 from excess per capita allowance.....	17,621 81	17,621 81	
f. Land and structures—Farm improvement.....	5,000 00	5,000 00	
g. Fixed charges.....	1,000 00	532 73	\$467 27
h. Other funds: Excess per capita allowance (\$25,336.61) less \$8,422.23 to "A", \$2,798.24 to "B" and \$7,621.81 to "E".....	6,494 33		6,494 33
Total.....	\$360,336 61	\$353,375 01	\$6,961 60
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$528 68		
Patients' support.....	7,386 74		
Interest.....	46 90	\$8,016 32	
Net Total.....		\$27,358 69	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$336,110.59; (2) extraordinary, \$17,264.42; total, \$353,375.01. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$143,422 23	\$106 50
Subsistence.....	60,870 31	45 20
Clothing.....	9,830 67	7 31
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	105,043 76	78 00
Repairs.....	16,943 62	12 58
Total.....	\$336,110 59	\$249 59
Average per day.....		0 683

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$75,456.31; per capita, \$56.03. Estimated cost of production, \$27,901.56.

SCHOOL FOR FEEBLE-MINDED YOUTH, FORT WAYNE.

Superintendent: James G. Jackson, since January 1, 1925.

Established, November 1, 1879, as an adjunct to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home at Knightstown, under the name Asylum for Feeble-Minded Children. On May 7, 1887, the children were moved into certain buildings at the Eastern Hospital for Insane, Richmond. The legislature of 1887 made provision for the erection of a separate institution at Fort Wayne, to be called the Indiana School for Feeble-Minded Youth, and this was opened July 8, 1890.

Location: Within the city limits of Fort Wayne. Reached by city street cars. Postoffice, Fort Wayne.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 579 acres; in orchard, 30 acres; otherwise used, 294.42 acres; total, 903.42 acres. This includes two colony farms. The first, Colonia, was begun on leased land in 1893 and afterwards established permanently on a farm purchased by the state in 1895. This was the first colony farm in Indiana. The second farm, Black Hawk, was purchased in 1918. There are 509.96 acres in Colonia farm, 339 in Black Hawk farm.

Inventory: Grounds, \$202,380.23; buildings, \$789,585.99; equipment and supplies, \$233,779.98; total, \$1,225,746.20.

Capacity: For males, 638; females, 912; total, 1,550.

Patients: Age limits, 6 to 16 years for boys and girls; 16 to 45 years for women. Must have legal settlement in Indiana. Children are received on application of parents or guardians or by circuit court commitment; women are received by circuit court commitment. Blanks are supplied by the superintendent on request. Any reputable citizen of the county concerned may, without expense to himself, file a petition with the clerk of the circuit court for the commitment of a feeble-minded person to the institution. The costs of proceedings are paid by the county. The county, if necessary, furnishes clothing and transpor-

tation. The state bears all maintenance expense, except of inmates who have sufficient estate of their own or whose parents or guardians are able to pay, in which event the board of trustees may require them to pay for or contribute to their support.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	612	903	1,515
Temporarily absent.....	16	43	59
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	628	946	1,574
Received during year.....	68	76	144
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	41	76	117
Enrolled September 30, 1926.....	655	946	1,601
Present September 30, 1926.....	634	899	1,533
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	618.84	895.28	1,514.12
Average number of officers and employees.....	61.46	96.26	157.72
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			9.6

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal service.....	\$135,000 00	\$99,407 34	\$35,592 66
b-c-d. Operating expenses.....	174,000 00	134,315 20	39,684 80
e. Equipment.....	20,000 00	10,095 52	9,904 48
f. Land and structures:			
Laundry and bakery and equipment.....	65,000 00	42,722 57	22,277 43
Paving.....	8,000 00	6,849 65	1,150 35
g. Fixed charges.....	387 50	162 75	224 75
h. Other funds:			
Excess per capita allowance.....	3,658 45		3,658 45
Total.....	\$406,045 95	\$293,553 03	\$112,492 92
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$1,243 18		
Support of inmates.....	8,691 75		
Interest.....	214 77	\$10,149 70	
Net Total.....		\$283,403 33	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$243,980.81; (2) extraordinary, \$49,572.22; total, \$293,553.03. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$99,407 34	\$65 66
Subsistence.....	51,192 05	33 81
Clothing.....	12,887 55	8 51
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	74,671 98	49 31
Repairs.....	5,821 89	3 85
Total.....	\$293,553 03	\$161 14
Average per day.....		\$0 441

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$58,658.06; per capita, \$38.74. Estimated cost of production, \$16,894.01.

FARM COLONY FOR FEEBLE-MINDED, BUTLERVILLE.

Superintendent: James G. Jackson, since January 1, 1925.

Established: 1919; opened, December 13, 1920.

Location, at Butlerville, seven miles east of North Vernon. Local station, Butlerville, on the Baltimore and Ohio R. R., or reached by conveyance from North Vernon. Postoffice, Butlerville.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 882 acres; in orchard, 18 acres; otherwise used, 917.71 acres; total, 1,817.71 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$111,000.00; buildings, \$242,000.00; equipment and supplies, \$56,504.00; total, \$409,504.00.

Capacity: For males, 300. No cottages for women have as yet been built.

Patients: No age limit. Must have legal settlement. Received on commitment by the circuit court, if there is room in the institution and if the superintendent decides that the case is admissible. An examination is conducted by two physicians appointed by the court. Application may be made by any reputable citizen of the county concerned, without becoming liable for any of the costs arising therefrom. Clothing and transportation are furnished by the county. Unless otherwise provided, the first supply of clothing is purchased by the clerk of the circuit court; thereafter by the institution, the bill being sent to the county through the Treasurer of State. All other expenses of the institution are paid by the state. If an inmate has an estate or if his parents are financially able to pay for his support, the state is reimbursed a definite amount fixed by the board of trustees.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Total (All Males)
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	221
Temporarily absent.....	27
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	248
Received during year.....	38
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	12
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	274
Present September 30, 1926.....	232
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	236.22
Average number of officers and employees (36.43 M; 12.34 F.).....	48.77
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....	4.8

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$47,500 00	\$34,868 41	\$12,631 59
b-c-d. Operating Expenses.....	51,500 00	34,208 33	17,291 67
e. Equipment.....	15,000 00	4,768 90	10,231 10
f. Land and structures.....	50,000 00		50,000 00
g. Fixed charges.....	2,400 00		2,400 00
Total.....	\$166,400 00	\$73,845 64	\$92,554 36
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$1,987 52		
Support of Inmates.....	468 00		
Interest.....	4 70	\$2,460 22	
Net Total.....		\$71,385 42	

The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$34,868 41	\$147 61
Subsistence.....	5,262 02	22 27
Clothing.....	2,822 32	11 95
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	28,081 29	118 88
Repairs.....	2,811 60	11 90
Total.....	\$73,845 64	\$312 61
Average per day.....		\$0 856

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$19,125.21; per capita, \$80.96. Estimated cost of production, \$12,041.85.

VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS, NEWCASTLE.

Superintendent: Dr. W. C. VanNuys, since May 7, 1906.

Established: 1905; opened, September 16, 1907.

Location: Two miles north of Newcastle. Reached by conveyance from Newcastle. Postoffice, Newcastle.

Real estate: In farm and garden, 634 acres; in orchard, 10 acres; otherwise used, 690.8; total, 1,334.8 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$199,717.00; buildings and miscellaneous improvements, \$1,279,180.49; equipment and supplies, \$214,933.72; total, \$1,693,831.21.

Capacity: For males, 478; females, 222; total, 700.

Patients: No age limit. Must have legal settlement. Received on commitment by the circuit court. The petition for commitment must be filed by a "reputable citizen of the county." A medical examination is conducted by two physicians appointed by the court. Hopeful cases have the preference in all admissions. No hopelessly or violently insane person is received. If not otherwise provided, clothing is supplied first by the clerk of the circuit court at county expense, and afterward by the institution. In the latter event, the state is reimbursed by the county. The traveling or incidental expenses of both patients and attendants to and from the village are paid by the county. Except for the clothing account, the institution is maintained by the state. The village may collect for maintenance at the rate of not to exceed five dollars per week from the estate of a patient, if that estate is not needed for the support of near relatives.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	415	64	479
Temporarily absent.....	26		26
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	441	64	505
Received during year.....	71	139	210
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	52	14	66
Enrolled September 30, 1926.....	460	189	649
Present September 30, 1926.....	430	176	606
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	426.29	131.45	557.74
Average number of officers and employees.....	64.33	44.59	108.92
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			5.1

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$95,000 00	\$88,943 31	\$6,056 69
b-c-d. Operating Expenses.....	110,000 00	109,916 57	83 43
e. Equipment.....	15,000 00	14,968 10	31 90
f. Land and structures:			
Construction (balance).....	33,973 15	20,168 87	13,804 28
Laundry equipment (balance).....	1,972 48	1,963 18	9 30
Hospital equipment.....	3,000 00	2,964 35	35 65
g. Fixed charges.....	1,200 00	1,102 50	97 50
Total.....	\$260,145 63	\$240,026 88	\$20,118 75
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$536 38		
Patients' support.....	575 28		
Refund.....	13 50	\$1,125 16	
Net Total.....		\$238,901 72	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$214,930.48; (2) extraordinary, \$25,096.40; total, \$240,026.88. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$88,943 31	\$159 47
Subsistence.....	23,769 90	42 62
Clothing.....	3,810 09	6 83
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	86,849 84	155 72
Repairs.....	11,557 34	20 72
Total.....	\$214,930 48	\$385 36
Average per day.....		\$1 055

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$49,039.21; per capita, \$87.92. Estimated cost of production, \$15,739.14.

SOLDIERS' HOME, LAFAYETTE.

Commandant: Col. Wm. M. Loudon, since October 1, 1922.

Established: 1895; opened, July 4, 1896. (A state home for soldiers and sailors had previously been established at Knightstown in 1867. It was destroyed by fire in 1871.)

Location: Three and one-half miles north of Lafayette and three miles southwest of Tippecanoe Battleground. Reached by interurban line.

Real Estate: 218.03 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$81,700.00; buildings, \$1,017,000.00; equipment and supplies, \$71,500.00; total, \$1,170,200.00.

Capacity: For men and women, 1,120.

Members: Honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, marines and nurses who have served the United States in any of its wars, and who have been residents and citizens of Indiana for two years immediately preceding and who are residents at the time of application, and who may be disabled and destitute; also the wives of such disabled and destitute soldiers, sailors and marines, and disabled and destitute widows over 45 years of age, of soldiers, sailors or marines of the United States who have been residents of Indiana for two years immediately preceding and who are residents at the time of application for admission; all under such rules and regulations as may be adopted by the board of trustees. The trustees at their discretion may admit widows of Spanish-American and World War veterans who may be under 45 years of age. Except where the widow of a soldier shall marry another soldier, the benefits of the Home extend only to widows and wives of soldiers when the contract of marriage was entered into more than two years prior to applying for admission. Application blanks are furnished by the home.

The home is supported by the state and the state is reimbursed by the United States to the extent of \$120 per year for each soldier, sailor or marine. Each member receiving a pension is required to contribute a portion of it, to be used "in any manner that will add to the comfort and welfare" of the members of the home. During the year ending September 30, 1926, the government reimbursement amounted to \$13,890.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Members present October 1, 1925.....	117	407	524
Temporarily absent.....	40	94	134
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	157	501	658
Received during year.....	50	125	175
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	90	204	294
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	117	422	539
Present September 30, 1926.....	91	331	422
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	108	368	476
Average number of officers and employees.....	91	75	166
Average number of members to each person on salary.....			2.8

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$116,600 00	\$116,574 05	\$25 95
b-c-d. Operating expenses.....	120,500 00	120,498 87	1 13
e. Equipment.....	14,000 00	13,995 78	4 22
f. Land and structures.....	5,000 00	4,955 06	44 94
g. Fixed charges.....	2,300 00	2,242 84	57 16
h. Other funds:			
Receipts: Balance October 1, 1925, \$10,053.57; Received, \$47,817.46.....	57,871 03	57,857 53	13 50
Total.....	\$316,271 03	\$316,124 13	\$146 90
Receipts.....		\$47,817 46	
Net Total.....		\$268,306 67	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$283,564.82; (2) extraordinary, \$32,559.31; total, \$316,124.13. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$115,816 67	\$243 31
Subsistence.....	73,165 94	153 71
Clothing.....	441 86	93
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	78,143 54	164 17
Repairs.....	15,996 81	33 60
Total.....	\$283,564 82	\$595 72
Average per day.....		\$1 632

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$9,797.95; per capita, \$20.58. Estimated cost of production, \$8,030.83.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS' HOME, KNIGHTSTOWN.

Superintendent: Leslie A. Cortner, since October 1, 1923. (Appointed May 10, 1923.)

Established, 1867; opened, June 15, 1867.

Location: Two miles south of Knightstown. Reached by conveyance from Knightstown. Postoffice, Knightstown.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 142 acres; in orchard, 10 acres; otherwise used, 90 acres; total, 242 acres.

Inventory: Value of grounds, \$26,200.00; buildings, \$222,358.40; equipment and supplies, \$89,949.74; total, \$338,508.14.

Capacity: For males, 300; females, 200; total, 500.

Inmates: Age limit, under 16 years. Received on application of parents or guardians to the superintendent. Blanks are furnished on request. The law provides for the admission of children of honorably discharged soldiers, sailors, marines and nurses of the United States of the Civil War, the war with Spain, the war in the Philippine Islands,

the China relief expedition, the war with Germany, in the regular service of the United States, residing in this state or in state or national military homes, having been admitted thereto from Indiana. Such children must be under 16 years of age and destitute of means of support and education (Acts 1921, p. 557). They may remain in the home until 18 years of age unless sooner discharged for cause. The control of the child remains with the person who applies for its admission and must be returned upon written application if the trustees are satisfied with the conditions of the home to which the child is to be taken. If transportation is not otherwise provided, it can be obtained from the township trustee. It will be paid by the county if the child is a county ward. All expense of maintaining the institution is borne by the state.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Inmates present October 1, 1925.....	193	142	335
Temporarily absent.....	12	11	23
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	205	153	358
Received during year.....	41	45	86
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	44	18	62
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	202	180	382
Present September 30, 1926.....	190	165	355
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	179.04	135.36	314.40
Average number of officers and employees.....	34	58	92
Average number of inmates to each person on salary.....			3.4

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service (\$55,000) plus \$3,837.72 from excess per capita allowance.....	\$58,837 72	\$58,837 72	
b-c-d. Operating expenses (\$90,700) plus \$2,397.88 from excess per capita allowance.....	93,097 88	93,097 88	
e. Equipment (\$7,000) plus \$4,326.13 from excess per capita allowance.....	11,326 13	11,326 13	
f. Land and structures:			
Tiling.....	500 00	314 14	\$185 86
Nursery repairs (balance).....	13,448 25	13,443 40	4 85
g. Fixed charges.....	400 00	399 12	88
h. Other funds:			
Excess per capita allowance (\$10,567.80) less \$10,561.73 transferred to "A", "B" and "E".....	6 07		6 07
Total.....	\$177,616 05	\$177,418 39	\$197 66
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$262 05		
Interest.....	57 49		
Miscellaneous.....	23 25	\$342 79	
Net Total.....		\$177,075 60	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$158,550.19; (2) extraordinary, \$18,868.20; total, \$177,418.39. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$58,837 52	\$187 14
Subsistence.....	27,712 15	88 14
Clothing.....	8,076 91	25 69
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	48,040 90	152 80
Repairs.....	15,882 51	50 52
Total.....	\$158,550 19	\$504 29
Average per day.....		\$1 381

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$15,602.14; per capita, \$49.63. Estimated cost of production, \$6,823.62.

INDIANA UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS, INDIANAPOLIS.

Administrator: Mr. Robert E. Neff, since June 15, 1914.

The Robert W. Long Hospital of Indiana University, established by bequest of Dr. and Mrs. Robert W. Long, accepted by the legislature of 1911 (Acts 1911, Chapter 8), was opened June 15, 1914. The hospital is open to patients requiring medical, surgical, orthopedic or obstetrical care. All persons who are wards of the state and persons who are certified by township trustees or other qualified authorities to be unable to pay, are admitted and cared for free of charge. Their transportation to the hospital and return is paid by the township overseer of the poor. Necessary application blanks, furnished by the hospital, must first be filed and accepted.

The James Whitcomb Riley Hospital for children is located on the same grounds and is under the same management. Its establishment was authorized by Chapter 266, Acts of 1921, its purpose being "the treatment of children afflicted with any disease, defect or physical deformity which may be relieved or improved by proper medical and surgical attention." It was opened November 19, 1924.

The judge of any circuit, criminal or juvenile court of the State of Indiana is empowered to commit to the hospital any child of proper age and legal settlement in which the judge has jurisdiction. He shall appear to the satisfaction of the judge after a public hearing to be suffering from a disease, defect or deformity, which may be benefited by treatment in the hospital and whose parent or legal guardian is not financially able to defray the necessary expense of such treatment. The hearings before the judge shall be had in a summary manner on a petition filed before him by a citizen of the county in which the child has a legal settlement; and shall be had in the presence of the parent or legal guardian of the child, whose attendance may be enforced by the judge in the presence of the prosecuting attorney of the county. The judge, at his discretion, may have the child examined by one or more reputable physicians, who shall make and file a written report of the history, condition and probable results of the treatment of the child. If the judge finds that the child is a proper subject for treatment in the hospital, he then commits the child, causing the clerk of his court

to make application for admission on regularly prescribed forms as provided by the institution. All costs of such proceeding shall be paid on order of the judge by the county from which commitment is made.

The cost and care of treatment of the child committed as aforesaid is paid by the county in which the child has a legal settlement. The hospital keeps an accurate account of the cost of the treatment and a properly certified statement thereof is rendered quarterly to the Auditor of the State of Indiana, who issues his warrant on the Treasurer of the State for the amount thereof to be paid out of any funds in the general fund in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated. The Treasurer of the State of Indiana then reimburses the general fund for the amount so paid by collecting from the proper county, a like amount in the next succeeding semi-annual settlement with that particular county. The law also states that the judge shall provide some suitable person to accompany the patient to the hospital. The traveling expenses of the attendant are paid by the county upon a properly certified claim filed by the attendant. No pay patients are received at the hospital; only those who are committed by a judge are eligible for admission.

Location: No. 1076 West Michigan Street, Indianapolis; about one mile from the center of town. Reached by city street car. Postoffice, Indianapolis.

Real estate: 32 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$138,932.27; buildings, \$1,753,073.22; equipment and supplies, \$205,979.98; total, \$2,097,985.47.

Capacity: Robert W. Long Hospital, 116; James Whitcomb Riley Hospital, 200.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925.....	143	121	264
Temporarily absent.....			
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	143	121	264
Received during year.....	1,726	1,921	3,647
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	1,741	1,928	3,669
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	128	114	242
Present September 30, 1926.....	128	114	242
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	131.12	110.12	241.38
Average number of officers and employees.....	69	107	176
Average number of patients to each person on salary.....			1.3

The hospitals report the following funds available for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926:

Balance on hand October 1, 1925.....	\$10,226.26
State appropriations for maintenance.....	100,000.00
Equipment of Riley Hospital.....	25,000.00
Indiana University tax.....	101,885.94
Fees.....	44,310.55
Riley Hospital county claims.....	181,907.34
Gifts.....	1,447.30
Warrants canceled.....	182.91

Interest	375.14
Sales, etc.	453.26
Extra meals and garage rentals.....	897.11
Total	\$466,685.81

From the above there was spent a total of \$446,765.53, leaving a balance of \$19,920.28. Deducting certain disbursements, amounting to \$38,848.48, which do not enter into the actual operating expenses, there remains \$407,917.35 which may be classified as follows:

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$179,189 64	\$742 35
Subsistence.....	82,865 30	343 30
Clothing.....	5,576 88	23 10
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	127,262 44	527 23
Ordinary repairs.....	13,023 09	53 95
Total.....	\$407,917 35	\$1,689 93
Average per day.....		\$4 629

INDIANA STATE SANATORIUM, ROCKVILLE.

Superintendent: Dr. Amos Carter, since June 10, 1919.

Established 1907, as the State Hospital for the Treatment of Tuberculosis. Name changed in 1919 to "The Indiana State Sanatorium." Opened April 1, 1911.

Location: Three and one-half miles east of Rockville. Railroad station, Sand Creek, on the South Bend, Logansport and Terre Haute division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Postoffice, Rockville.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 213 acres; in orchard, 7 acres; otherwise used, 284 acres; total, 504 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$24,000.00; buildings, \$372,200.00; equipment and supplies, \$88,157.81; total, \$484,357.81.

Capacity: For males, 83; females, 88; total, 171.

Patients: No age limit. Only such persons, having legal settlement, as are afflicted with incipient pulmonary tuberculosis can be received at the sanatorium. The law gives preference to indigent or partially indigent citizens. Such persons are received on the certificate of the township trustee as to their ability or inability to pay and of a physician that the disease is in the incipient stage. If there is room in the sanatorium after indigent and partially indigent patients are provided for, other citizens may be received at their own expense. Whatever is not paid by the patients themselves is made up by the county, but the county has a right of action against patients who neglect to pay the amount fixed in their application. The superintendent is prohibited from accepting any patients whose disease is beyond the incipient stage. Traveling expenses of indigents to and from the sanatorium are paid by the township trustee from the poor fund. The state bears all the expense of maintaining the sanatorium. The sanatorium turns into the state treasury all receipts and earnings.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Patients present October 1, 1925	76	84	160
Temporarily absent			
Enrolled October 1, 1925	76	84	160
Received during year	91	99	190
Discharged, died or withdrawn	84	95	179
Enrolled, September 30, 1926	83	88	171
Present September 30, 1926	83	88	171
Daily average attendance during fiscal year	80.49	88.14	168.63
Average number of officers and employees	46.61	43.45	90.06
Average number of patients to each person on salary			1.8

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service (\$65,000) plus \$4,500 transferred from Operating Expense fund	\$69,500 00	\$69,300 37	\$199 63
b-c-d. Operating expenses (\$71,500) less \$4,500 transferred to "A" and \$1,000 to "E", plus \$9,500 from Governor's fund, \$988.56 from excess per capita allowance and \$2,500 from "E"	78,988 56	78,592 78	395 78
e. Equipment (\$9,000) plus \$1,000 from "B" less \$2,500 to "B"	7,500 00	7,353 66	146 34
f. Land and structures:			
Repairs power house and water and heating systems	18,320 61	17,768 26	552 35
g. Fixed charges	2,000 00	1,995 51	4 49
h. Other funds:			
Excess per capita allowance \$988.56, transferred to "B"			
Total	\$176,309 17	\$175,010 58	\$1,298 59
Receipts:			
Support of patients	\$42,120 96		
Interest	152 18		
Miscellaneous	367 80	\$42,640 94	
Net Total		\$132,369 64	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$142,445.00; (2) extraordinary, \$32,565.58; total, \$175,010.58. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service	\$69,300 37	\$410 96
Subsistence	30,674 92	181 90
Clothing	982 03	5 82
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments	37,821 54	224 29
Repairs	3,666 14	21 74
Total	\$142,445 00	\$844 71
Average per day		2 314

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$24,778.67; per capita, \$146.94. Estimated cost of production, \$12,624.97.

INDIANA STATE SCHOOL FOR DEAF, INDIANAPOLIS.

Superintendent: Oscar M. Pittenger, since July 1, 1919.

Established, 1844, as "The Asylum for the Education of the Deaf and Dumb" in a rented building at the southeast corner of Illinois and Maryland Streets, Indianapolis; removed October 1, 1846, to south side of Washington Street, between Pennsylvania and Delaware Streets; removed October 2, 1850, to corner of East Washington and State Streets. On October 11, 1911, the school was opened in its present location. Name changed to Indiana State School for Deaf in 1907.

Location: Forty-second Street and the Monon R. R. in Indianapolis. The Broad Ripple street car passes within two blocks of the School. Postoffice, Indianapolis.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 37 acres; in orchard, 5 acres; otherwise used, 34.96 acres; total 76.96 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$200,000.00; buildings, \$1,200,000.00; equipment and supplies, \$120,000.00; total, \$1,520,000.00.

Capacity: For males, 175; females, 175; total, 350.

Pupils: Open to deaf children, residents of the state and of suitable capacity for receiving instruction, from seven to twenty-one years of age. Attendance is compulsory for children between the ages of 7 and 18 years, provided their application is accepted by the board of trustees. The law requires parents and guardians to furnish necessary clothing and pay traveling expenses. All other expenses are borne by the state. If the superintendent provides clothing and transportation for indigent children, he files a bill therefor with the Treasurer of State, who collects the amount from the proper county. Pupils are received on application to the superintendent, who provides the necessary blanks. The school year is nine months, beginning ordinarily in September and closing in June.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Pupils present October 1, 1925.....	162	186	348
Temporarily absent.....			
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	162	186	348
Received during year.....	27	25	52
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	15	33	48
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	174	178	352
Present September 30, 1926.....	174	178	352
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	170.6	193.8	364.4
Average number of officers and employees.....	34	64	98
Average number of pupils to each person on salary.....			3.7

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$84,000 00	\$83,523 72	\$476 28
b.-c.-d. Operating expenses.....	60,700 00	60,525 94	174 06
e. Equipment.....	13,500 00	13,348 67	151 33
Total.....	\$158,200 00	\$157,398 33	\$801 67
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$393 60		
Interest.....	29 78		
Miscellaneous.....	817 08	\$1,240 46	
Net Total.....		\$156,157 87	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$151,089.25; (2) extraordinary, \$6,309.08; total, \$157,398.33. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$83,523 72	\$229 21
Subsistence.....	23,573 29	64 69
Clothing.....	416 89	1 14
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	38,985 84	106 99
Repairs.....	4,589 51	12 59
Total.....	\$151,089 25	\$414 62
Average per day.....		1 135

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$11,651.60; per capita, \$31.97. Estimated cost of production, \$7,573.54.

INDIANA SCHOOL FOR BLIND, INDIANAPOLIS.

Superintendent: George S. Wilson, since January 5, 1898.

Established, 1847; opened, October 1, 1847. Opened in present location in February, 1853.

Location: In Indianapolis, on North Street between Pennsylvania and Meridian Streets. Reached by Pennsylvania street car line. Post-office, Indianapolis. This property was transferred to the trustees of the Indiana World War Memorial by the Legislature of 1920.

Real Estate: 7.68 acres in present site; 60 acres in new site, located on Seventy-fifth Street and College Avenue. Two lots in Crown Hill Cemetery.

Inventory: Grounds, \$2,000,600.00; buildings, \$231,655.00; equipment and supplies, \$55,801.95; total, \$2,288,056.95. New site, land and improvements, \$79,382.29; buildings, \$23,022.18; total, \$102,404.47.

Capacity: For males, 75; females, 75; total, 150.

Pupils: What has been said regarding the purpose of the School for the Deaf, the admission of pupils and the maintenance expense; applies also to the School for the Blind.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Males	Females	Total
Pupils present October 1, 1925.....	71	47	118
Temporarily absent.....			
Enrolled October 1, 1925.....	71	47	118
Received during year.....	14	15	29
Discharged, died or withdrawn.....	19	14	33
Enrolled, September 30, 1926.....	66	48	114
Present September 30, 1926.....	66	48	114
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	67 07	49 93	117 00
Average number of officers and employes.....	17	37	54
Average number of pupils to each person on salary.....			2 1

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$35,000 00	\$34,630 42	\$369 58
b.-c.-d. Operating expenses.....	30,500 00	28,196 66	2,303 34
e. Equipment.....	3,400 00	3,286 82	113 18
f. Land and structures:			
Buildings, etc., at new site (balance).....	127,297 92	27,405 27	99,892 65
g. Fixed charges.....	62 50	62 50	
Total.....	\$196,260 42	\$93,581 67	\$102,678 75
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$562 15	\$562 15	
Net Total.....		\$93,019 52	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$66,176.40; (2) extraordinary, \$27,405.27; total, \$93,581.67. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$34,630 42	\$295 99
Subsistence.....	15,756 36	134 67
Clothing.....		
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	13,232 64	113 10
Repairs.....	2,556 98	21 85
Total.....	\$66,176 40	\$565 61
Average per day.....		1 549

INDIANA STATE PRISON, MICHIGAN CITY.

Warden: W. H. Daly. The former Warden E. J. Fogarty, resigned May 29, 1925. Mr. Daly, the deputy warden, served as acting warden until September 30, 1925, when he became warden.

Established, 1859, as the Indiana State Prison North. Much of the work of construction was done by prisoners from the State Prison South at Jeffersonville, the first detachment of whom arrived April 5, 1860. Made a receiving prison by an act approved June 1, 1861.

Indiana Hospital for Insane Criminals, established in 1909 and

opened October 12, 1912, adjoins the State Prison enclosure and is under the same management.

Location: In Michigan City. Reached by city street car. Post-office, Michigan City.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 365 acres; in orchard, 6 acres; otherwise used, 129.7 acres; total, 500.7 acres. A farm of 397 acres was bought this year.

Inventory: Grounds, \$66,200.00; buildings, \$849,469.80; equipment and supplies, \$861,697.42; total, \$1,777,367.22.

Capacity: Cells, 570; dormitory beds, 1000; Hospital for Insane Criminals, 230; total, 1800.

Prisoners: In the state prison are incarcerated all men convicted of any crime, the sentence for which is death or life imprisonment; also all men 30 years of age or over convicted of felony in any court in the state, and men transferred from the Indiana Reformatory. The institution is maintained wholly by the state. The counties pay the transportation expenses of prisoners to the prison, as well as the sheriff's mileage both going and returning. The state pays a discharged prisoner's expenses back to the county from which he was committed, or to some point equally distant to which he may prefer to go.

Inmates of the State Prison and Reformatory, adjudged insane by a lunacy commission, can be committed to the Indiana Hospital for Insane Criminals, on the order of the Governor. The law requires that the "next friend" or a relative shall be notified of the proposed inquest, that he may be present if he so desires. It further requires that a notification shall be sent to the secretary of the Board of State Charities. The defendant in a criminal cause, if found to be insane, may be committed to this hospital by the court, and patients of state institutions for mental cases who develop homicidal or criminalistic tendencies may be transferred thereto. Inmates are held so long as their insanity continues. Insane criminals must be returned to the penal institution from which they were transferred if they recover their sanity before the expiration of the term for which they were sentenced.

THE STATE INSTITUTIONS

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MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Total (Males)
Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, beginning of fiscal year (October 1, 1925):	
1. Actually present.....	1,723
2. On parole.....	387
3. On suspended sentence.....	139
4. Temporarily absent.....	15
Total.....	2,264
Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, end of fiscal year (September 30, 1926):	
1. Actually present.....	1,773
2. On parole.....	383
3. On suspended sentence.....	122
4. Temporarily absent.....	11
Total.....	2,289
Number added to enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. New commitments.....	497
2. By transfer, re-instatement, etc.....	145
3. For supervision (suspended sentence cases).....	131
Total.....	773
Dropped from enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. Deaths in institution.....	24
2. Discharged from institution.....	20
3. Discharged from parole or temporary absence.....	348
4. All others.....	356
Total.....	748
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	1,757.51
Average number of officers and employees.....	75
Average number of prisoners to each person on salary.....	23.4

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service (\$130,000) less \$5,823.26 to operating expenses.....			\$6 50
b.-c.-d. Operating expenses..... \$225,000 00	\$124,176 74	\$124,170 24	
Advance from 1927..... 7,000 00			
Transferred from "A"..... 5,823 26			
Transferred from "B"..... 4,709 91			
Transferred from excess per capita allowance..... 606 61	243,139 78	243,139 78	
e. Equipment..... \$7,500 00			
Less transfer to Operating Expense..... 4,709 91	2,790 09	2,790 09	
f. Land and structures.....	2,000 00	1,999 71	29
g. Fixed charges.....			
h. Other fund: Excess per capita allowance \$610.44, less \$606.61 transferred to Operating Expenses.....	3 83		3 83
Total.....	\$372,110 44	\$372,099 82	\$10 62
Receipts (exclusive of Rotary funds):			
Sales.....	\$239 53		
Interest.....	961 33	\$1,200 86	
Net total.....		\$370,898 96	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$369,525.26; (2) extraordinary, \$2,574.56; total, \$372,099.82. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$124,019 24	\$70 56
Subsistence.....	128,055 94	72 86
Clothing.....	27,565 70	15 68
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	85,216 85	48 49
Repairs.....	4,667 53	2 66
Total.....	\$369,525 26	210 25
Average per day.....		576

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$7,300.66; per capita, \$4.15. Estimated cost of production, \$6,132.55.

ROTARY FUND.

The state prison has two rotary funds for its industries. One was authorized by the Legislature of 1907 for the operation of a binder twine plant. With the consent of the Governor this has been extended from time to time to include other industries. The other was authorized by the Legislature of 1917, for farming purposes. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926, receipts and disbursements were as follows:

	Binder Twine Fund	Farm Fund
Balance in Fund October 1, 1925.....	\$378,375 64	\$2,917 18
Receipts, fiscal year ending September 30, 1926.....	531,052 11	47,896 06
Total.....	\$909,427 75	\$50,813 24
Disbursements.....	599,984 12	43,288 27
Balance.....	\$309,443 63	\$7,524 97

The balance in each of these funds is available for working capital for the ensuing year.

INDIANA REFORMATORY, PENDLETON.

Superintendent: A. F. Miles, since December 11, 1923.

Established at Jeffersonville in 1821, as the Indiana State Prison. The first prisoners were received November 1, 1822. Became the State Prison South in 1859 when another prison was established in Michigan City; became the Indiana Reformatory in 1897. Under an act approved December 15, 1921, a tract of land a short distance southwest of Pendleton was purchased as a new site for the Reformatory, and the new institution was formally opened November 19, 1923. The Union Traction cars stop at the door. Postoffice, Pendleton.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 840 acres; otherwise used, 188.14 acres; total, 1,028.14 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$163,304.79; buildings, \$2,840,271.36; equipment and supplies, \$295,984.73; total, \$3,299,560.88.

Capacity: Cells, 648; beds in dormitories, 352; total, 1,000.

Prisoners: Men who are more than 16 and less than 30 years of age, convicted of felony in any court in the state, are committed, unless the sentence is death or life imprisonment, to the custody of the board of trustees of the Reformatory, to be confined by them at the Reformatory, or such other place as they may determine. With the consent of the Governor, the board of trustees may transfer to the State Prison any inmate who is found to have been more than 30 years of age at the time of his conviction, or to have been previously convicted of a felony; and it may also transfer any apparently incorrigible prisoner whose presence in the Reformatory appears to be seriously detrimental to the well-being of the institution, or who has been adjudged insane under the law establishing the Indiana Hospital for Insane Criminals.

As with the State Prison, all expenses of the institution are borne by the state.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Total (Males)
Number of inmates enrolled or belonging, beginning of fiscal year (October 1, 1925):	
1. Actually present.....	1,526
2. On parole.....	565
3. On suspended sentence.....	249
4. Temporarily absent.....	209
Total.....	2,549
Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, Sept. 30, 1926:	
1. Actually present.....	1,700
2. On parole.....	654
3. On suspended sentence.....	273
4. Temporarily absent.....	150
Total.....	2,777
Number added to enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. New commitments.....	892
2. By transfer, re-instatement, etc.....	41
3. For supervision (suspended sentence cases).....	214
Total.....	1,147
Dropped from enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. Deaths in institution.....	16
2. Discharged from institution.....	8
3. Discharged from parole or temporary absence.....	607
4. All others.....	288
Total.....	919
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	1,657.93
Average number of officers and employes.....	82
Average number of prisoners to each person on salary.....	20.2

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$127,500 00	\$121,768 09	\$5,731 91
b.-c.-d. Operating expense (\$188,000) plus \$68,171.26 transferred from excess per capita allowance.....	256,171 26	256,171 26	
e. Equipment (\$6,000) plus \$8,243.72 transferred from excess per capita allowance.....	14,243 72	14,243 72	
f. Land and structures:			
Farm buildings and equipment (balance).....	16,446 77	16,320 43	126 34
Construction:			
Balance in fund.....\$10,618 46			
Receipts.....7,375 81			
Dormitory "K" (balance).....	17,994 27	13,555 27	4,439 00
g. Fixed charges.....	93,385 86	84,419 88	8,965 98
h. Other funds:	1,000 00	639 86	360 14
Excess per capita allowance (\$91,573.11) less \$76,414.98 to "B" and "E".....	15,158 13		15,158 13
Total.....	\$541,900 01	\$507,118 51	\$34,781 50
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$1,041 62		
Interest.....	417 89		
Surplus over \$50,000, trade schools rotary fund.....	89,035 33	\$90,494 84	
Net Total.....		\$416,623 67	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$392,822.93; (2) extraordinary, \$114,295.58; total, \$507,118.51. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$121,768 09	\$73 45
Subsistence.....	115,699 40	69 78
Clothing.....	42,577 47	25 68
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	98,294 75	59 29
Repairs.....	14,483 22	8 74
Total.....	\$392,822 93	\$236 94
Average per day.....		649

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$10,336.20; per capita, \$6.23. Estimated cost of production, \$8,156.56.

ROTARY FUNDS.

The Reformatory has two rotary funds, one for its trade schools, the other for its farm. The books of the state auditor show the following use of these two funds:

	Trade School Fund	Farm Fund
Balance in fund October 1, 1925	\$50,000 00	\$3,951 21
Receipts during year ending September 30, 1926	361,482 43	23,524 88
Total	\$414,482 43	\$27,476 09
Disbursements	275,447 10	27,188 54
Balance	\$139,035 33	\$287 55

Of the balance of the trade school fund \$89,035.33 reverted to the general fund; the remaining \$50,000.00 is available for further use.

INDIANA STATE FARM, PUTNAMVILLE.

Superintendent: Ralph Howard, since October 25, 1921.

Established, 1913; opened, April 12, 1915.

Location: On the National Road, one mile west of Putnamville.

Railroad stations: Limesdale, three miles north; Greencastle, seven miles north, and Putnamville, one mile east. Reached by conveyance. Postoffice, Rural Route 7, Greencastle.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 750 acres; in orchard, 100 acres; otherwise used, 1,042 acres; total, 1,892 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$125,000.00; buildings, \$291,000.00; equipment and supplies, \$337,500.00; total, \$753,500.00.

Capacity: 800.

Inmates: Male misdemeanants over 16 years of age, convicted of the violation of any criminal law or ordinance, the punishment for which until the establishment of this institution, was imprisonment in a county jail or workhouse, either to serve sentence or to lay out a fine and costs, are received. If the imprisonment adjudged is thirty days or less, it is left to the discretion of the judge to commit the offender either to the state farm or to the county jail or workhouse of the proper county.

The maintenance expenses are paid by the state; transportation to the farm is paid by the counties; the expenses of returning a discharged prisoner to the place of his commitment or to such place equally distant as he may choose to go, is paid by the state and reimbursed by the counties.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Total (Males)
Inmates present October 1, 1925	802
Temporarily absent	5
Enrolled October 1, 1925	807
Received during year	4,376
Discharged, died or withdrawn	4,114
Enrolled, September 30, 1926	1,069
Present September 30, 1926	1,067
Daily average attendance during fiscal year	891.36
Average number of officers and employees	61.54
Average number of inmates to each person on salary	14.4

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....	\$40,600 00	\$39,516 90	\$1,083 10
b.-c.-d. Operating expenses (\$90,000) plus \$15,691.41 transferred from excess per capita allowance.....	105,691 41	105,691 41	.....
e. Equipment (\$30,500) plus \$1,451 transferred from excess per capita allowance.....	37,961 00	36,175 43	1,785 57
f. Land and structures: Kitchen and dining room.....	10,000 00	14,999 14	86
Brick plant.....	5,000 00		
g. Fixed charges.....			
h. Excess per capita allowance (\$44,973.85) less \$17,152.41 transferred to "B" and "E".....	27,821 44		27,821 44
i. Governor's contingent fund.....	7,946 18	7,946 18	
Total.....	\$235,020 03	\$204,329 06	\$30,690 97
Receipts: Surplus over \$20,000 industries rotary fund.....		\$17,594 50	
Net Total.....		\$186,735 56	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$145,208.31; (2) extraordinary, \$59,120.75; total, \$204,329.06. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$39,516 90	\$44 33
Subsistence.....	38,217 22	42 88
Clothing.....	19,106 09	21 43
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	37,800 02	42 41
Repairs.....	10,568 08	11 86
Total.....	\$145,208 31	\$162 91
Average per day.....		44 6

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$45,275.10; per capita, \$50.79. Estimated cost of production, \$29,135.04.

ROTARY FUND.

Under a law of the special session of 1920, the state farm receives an annual appropriation of \$20,000 for the operation of its industries. Any surplus over \$20,000 at the close of the year reverts to the state general fund. For the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926, the fund makes the following showing:

Available October 1, 1925.....	\$20,000.00
Receipts, fiscal year ending September 30, 1926.....	198,325.94
Total.....	\$218,325.94
Disbursements.....	180,731.44
Surplus to general fund.....	\$37,594.50
Available October 1, 1926.....	17,594.50
Available October 1, 1926.....	\$20,000.00

INDIANA WOMAN'S PRISON, INDIANAPOLIS.

Superintendent: Miss Margaret M. Elliott, since April 3, 1914.

Established, 1869; opened, October 4, 1873, as the Indiana Reformatory Institution for Women and Girls. The girls were moved to a separate institution near Clermont in July, 1907, and the quarters thus vacated were remodeled as a department for women misdemeanants under an act passed in 1907. This is known as the Correctional Department of the Woman's Prison. It was opened February 3, 1908.

Location: In Indianapolis, on Randolph and Michigan Streets, about one and three-quarter miles from the center of town. Reached by city street cars. Postoffice, Indianapolis.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 7 acres; in orchard, 1 acre; otherwise used, 7.61 acres; total, 15.61 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$40,000.00; buildings, \$150,000.00; equipment and supplies, \$29,600.00. Total, \$219,600.00.

Capacity: Penal, 52; correctional, 92; total, 144.

Inmates: Women over 18 years of age, felons to the prison, misdemeanants to the correctional department. "If the imprisonment adjudged (against misdemeanants) is 30 days or less, or if the fine and costs assessed, when not paid or replevied, would not require the defendant to serve more than 30 days," it is left to the discretion of the court to commit the offender either to the correctional department or to the county jail or workhouse. All expenses of the institution are borne by the state, the respective counties paying the transportation of committed prisoners.

The law provides that the superintendent and the members of the board of trustees shall be women.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Correctional Dept.	Penal Dept.	Total
Number of inmates enrolled, October 1, 1925:			
1. Actually present.....	84	66	150
2. On parole.....		28	28
3. On suspended sentence.....		19	19
Total.....	84	113	197
Number of inmates enrolled, Sept. 30, 1926:			
1. Actually present.....	108	73	181
2. On parole.....		36	36
3. On suspended sentence.....		17	17
4. Temporarily absent.....	1		1
Total.....	109	126	235
Number added to enrollment since beginning of fiscal year, Oct. 1, 1925:			
1. By commitment.....	319	37	356
2. By transfer, re-instatement, etc.....	2	6	8
3. For supervision (suspended sentence cases).....	2	13	15
Total.....	323	56	379
Dropped from enrollment since beginning of fiscal year, Oct. 1, 1925:			
1. Died in institution.....		1	1
2. Discharged from institution.....	290	6	296
3. Discharged from parole or temporary absence.....	2	33	35
4. All others.....	6	3	9
Total.....	298	43	341
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	93.90	74.46	168.36
Average number of officers and employes.....	3	19	22
Average number of inmates to each person on salary.....			7.6

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service (\$15,850) plus \$431.10 transferred from excess per capita allowance.	\$16,281 10	\$16,281 10	
b.-c.-d. Operating expenses (\$22,000) plus \$8,496.88 transferred from excess per capita allowance, less \$200 transferred to "E"	30,296 88	30,296 88	
e. Equipment (\$3,300) plus \$200 transferred from "B" and \$234.21 transferred from excess per capita allowance.	3,734 21	3,734 21	
f. Land and structures.	150 00	140 00	\$10 00
g. Fixed charges.			
h. Excess per capita allowance (\$13,680.10) less \$9,162.19 transferred to "a", "b" and "e"	4,517 91		4,517 91
Total	\$54,980 10	\$50,452 19	\$4,527 91
Receipts:			
Laundry	\$3,259 21		
Miscellaneous	1,059 90	\$4,319 11	
Net Total		\$46,133 08	

The following table shows the total expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service	\$16,281 10	\$96 70
Subsistence	8,452 89	50 21
Clothing	3,799 65	22 57
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments	18,377 00	109 15
Repairs	3,541 55	21 04
Total	\$50,452 19	\$299 67
Average per day		\$21

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$8,751.34; per capita, \$51.98. Estimated cost of production, \$436.27.

INDIANA GIRLS' SCHOOL, CLERMONT.

Superintendent: Dr. Kenosha Sessions, since August 30, 1911.

Established, 1869, as part of the Indiana Reformatory Institution for Women and Girls (see Woman's Prison); moved to present location under authority of an act of 1903. The new institution was opened July 11, 1907.

Location: About eight miles west of Indianapolis on the Crawfordsville Road. Local station, "Indiana Girls' School," on the T. H. I. & E. interurban and Peoria Division of the Big Four R. R. Postoffice, Route B, Box 378, Indianapolis.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 121.5 acres; in orchard, 28 acres; otherwise used, 38 acres; total, 187.5 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$27,725.00; buildings, \$387,432.55; equipment and supplies, \$98,034.00; total, \$513,191.55.

Capacity: 345.

Inmates: Age limits, 10 to 18 years. Girls are received on commitment from the several juvenile courts, to be confined at the school or such other place as may be designated by the board of trustees, where they can be most faithfully and properly cared for, until they reach the age of 20, unless sooner released by the board. The board, with the consent of the Governor, may transfer to the Woman's Prison any girl more than 18 years old who has been committed for crime and whose presence is detrimental to the school. The law prohibits the commitment of a girl who is epileptic, insane, feeble-minded, paralytic or afflicted with a contagious disease (except venereal), and should this condition (except the last named) develop within six months after commitment, or if within the same time a girl is found to be pregnant, she may be returned to her county.

The school is maintained by the state, the counties paying one-half the estimated cost of support, not including the use of the grounds and buildings. The law further provides that when a girl is committed at the instance of her parents or guardians, they shall, if able to do so, pay the cost of her transportation to the school and of her clothing and subsistence while an inmate there.

The law provides that the superintendent and the members of the board of trustees shall be women.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Total (Females)
Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, beginning of fiscal year, October 1, 1925:	
1. Actually present.....	322
2. On parole.....	72
3. Temporarily absent.....	10
Total.....	404
Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, September 30, 1926:	
1. Actually present.....	316
2. On parole.....	64
3. Temporarily absent.....	11
Total.....	391
Number added to enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. By commitment.....	106
2. By transfer, re-instatement, etc.....	1
Total.....	107
Dropped from enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. Deaths in institution.....	1
2. Discharged from institution.....	76
3. Discharged from parole or temporary absence.....	39
4. All others.....	4
Total.....	120
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	326.19
Average number of officers and employes—Men, 14.21; women, 57.43; Total.....	71.64
Average number of inmates to each person on salary.....	4.5

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service (\$50,000) plus \$1,890.97 transferred from "B".....	\$51,890 97	\$51,890 97	
b.-c.-d. Operating expenses.....	59,000 00	58,909 61	\$90 39
e. Equipment (\$7,000) less \$1,890.97 transferred from "A".....	5,109 03	5,058 80	50 23
f. Land and structures:			
Hospital.....	65,000 00	29,761 66	35,238 34
g. Fixed charges.....	320 00	320 00	
h. Other funds:			
Tiling.....	1,000 00	999 64	36
Total.....	\$182,320 00	\$146,940 68	\$35,279 32
Receipts:			
Sales.....	\$69 22		
Interest.....	36 96		
Miscellaneous.....	137 75	\$243 93	
Net Total.....		\$146,696 75	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$116,179.38; (2) extraordinary, \$30,761.30; total, \$146,940.68. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....	\$51,890 97	\$159 08
Subsistence.....	21,208 32	65 02
Clothing.....	4,863 80	14 91
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	33,425 06	102 47
Repairs.....	4,791 23	14 69
Total.....	\$116,179 38	\$356 17
Average per day.....		975

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$14,394.20; per capita, \$44.13. Estimated cost of production, \$6,179.30.

INDIANA BOYS' SCHOOL, PLAINFIELD.

Superintendent, Charles A. McGonagle, since August 2, 1918.

Established, 1867, and opened January 1, 1868, as "The House of Refuge for Juvenile Offenders." The present name dates back to 1903.

Location: One mile southwest of Plainfield. Local interurban station within the institution grounds. Postoffice, Plainfield.

Real Estate: In farm and garden, 732.69 acres; in orchard, 40 acres; otherwise used, 205.785 acres; total, 978.475 acres.

Inventory: Grounds, \$171,233.13; buildings, \$408,565.00; equipment and supplies \$222,879.47; total, \$802,677.60.

Capacity: 550.

Inmates: The school receives boys from 10 to 16 years of age, committed for violation of criminal laws and from 10 to 17 years for incorrigibility, no commitment being for a shorter period than until the

boy attains the age of 21 years. The boys are committed by the several juvenile courts to the custody of the board of trustees of the school, to be confined there or in any place designated by the board, where they can be most faithfully and properly cared for. The law specifies that no boy shall be committed to the school "Who is not of sound intellect and free from cutaneous and other contagious diseases (except venereal) or who is subject to epileptic or other fits." The board has authority to release the boys at any time on trial and may at its discretion discharge them at the age of 18. With the consent of the Governor, the board may transfer to the Indiana Reformatory any boy convicted of crime, who is more than 17 years old and whose presence in the school is detrimental.

The state maintains the institution, and is reimbursed by the counties having boys there to the extent of one-half the estimated cost of support, not including the use of the grounds and buildings.

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Total (Males)
Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, beginning of fiscal year, October 1, 1925:	
1. Actually present.....	502
2. On furlough or parole.....	527
3. On suspended sentence.....	
4. Temporarily absent.....	15
Total.....	1,044
Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, September 30, 1926:	
1. Actually present.....	481
2. On furlough or parole.....	548
3. On suspended sentence.....	
4. Temporarily absent.....	28
Total.....	1,057
Number added to enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. New commitments.....	245
2. By transfer, re-instatement, etc.....	79
Total.....	324
Dropped from enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:	
1. Deaths in institution.....	1
2. Discharged from institution.....	10
3. Discharged from parole or temporary absence.....	232
4. All others.....	68
Total.....	311
Daily average attendance during fiscal year.....	502.02
Average number of officers and employees—Men, 55.66; women, 11.03; Total.....	66.69

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

EXPENDITURES

FUND	Appropriation	Expended	Balance
a. Personal Service.....			
b.-c.-d. Operating expense (\$73,000) less \$1,200 transferred to "E".....	\$80,000 00	\$79,878 40	\$121 60
e. Equipment (\$8,000) plus \$1,200 transferred from "B".....	71,800 00	70,334 97	1,465 03
f. Land and structures:.....	9,200 00	9,145 24	54 76
Cottage, dormitory.....			
g. Fixed charges.....	30,000 00	29,384 65	615 35
h. Other funds:.....	1,800 00	1,798 75	1 25
Excess per capita allowance.....	4,444 57		4,444 57
Total.....			
	\$197,244 57	\$190,542 01	\$6,702 56
Receipts:			
Sales.....			
Interest.....	\$30 35		
Miscellaneous.....	43 23		
Surplus over \$1,000 industrial rotary fund.....	455 00		
	143 12	\$671 70	
Net Total.....		\$189,870 31	

The above figures may be classified as (1) ordinary, \$161,157.36; (2) extraordinary, \$29,384.65; total, \$190,542.01. The following table shows the total ordinary expenses and the average per capita cost, classified.

	Amount	Per Capita
Personal Service.....		
Subsistence.....	\$79,878 40	\$159 11
Clothing.....	10,408 71	20 73
Office, Domestic and Outdoor Departments.....	12,611 38	25 12
Repairs.....	46,851 32	93 33
	11,407 55	22 72
Total.....		
Average per day.....	\$161,157 36	\$321 01
		879

Estimated value of farm and garden products of own raising used in the institution during the year, \$49,774.16; per capita, \$99.15. Estimated cost of production, \$21,936.22.

ROTARY FUND.

From a special fund provided by the special session of the Legislature of 1920, the Boys' School was allowed an industrial rotary fund of \$1,000. The operation of the fund for the fiscal year was as follows:

Available October 1, 1925.....	\$1,000.00
Receipts, year ending September 30, 1926.....	303.60
Disbursements	\$1,303.60
	160.48
Reverting to general fund.....	\$1,143.12
Balance	143.12
	\$1,000.00

TABLE 1. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS

INSTITUTION	Post Office	Establishment Authorized	Opened	Capacity	INVENTORY SEPT. 30, 1926			
					Land	Buildings	Equipment and Supplies	Total
Central Hospital for Insane.....	Indianapolis.....	1844	1848	1,722	\$177,942 19	\$2,328,439 69	\$528,268 35	\$8,035,150 23
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	Logansport.....	1883	1888	1,283	111,832 55	885,390 35	399,927 90	1,397,150 80
Eastern Hospital for Insane.....	Richmond.....	1883	1890	1,114	173,699 26	1,171,249 27	264,158 16	1,609,106 69
Southern Hospital for Insane.....	Evansville.....	1883	1890	900	280,330 07	664,816 86	250,746 74	1,196,463 67
State Farm for Feeble-Minded Youth.....	North Madison.....	1905	1910	1,424	127,105 00	1,589,041 62	246,718 92	1,962,865 54
School for Feeble-Minded Youth.....	St. Wayne.....	1879 ⁽¹⁾	1879 ⁽¹⁾	1,550	202,380 23	789,585 99	233,779 98	1,225,746 20
State Colony for Feeble-Minded.....	Butterville.....	1919	1920	300	111,000 00	242,000 00	56,504 00	409,504 00
Village for Epileptics.....	LaPorte.....	1895	1907	700	199,717 00	1,279,180 49	214,933 72	1,693,831 21
Soldiers' Home.....	Knights-town.....	1896	1896	1,120	81,700 00	1,017,000 00	71,500 00	1,170,200 00
Soldiers and Sailors' Orphans' Home.....	Rockville.....	1897	1897	500	26,200 00	222,358 40	89,949 74	338,508 14
State Sanatorium.....	Rockville.....	1907	1911	171	24,000 00	372,200 00	88,157 81	484,357 81
University Hospitals ⁽²⁾	Indianapolis.....	1911	1911	316	138,932 27	1,753,073 22	205,979 98	2,097,985 47
State School for Deaf.....	Indianapolis.....	1844	1844	350	200,000 00	1,200,000 00	120,000 00	1,520,000 00
School for Blind.....	Indianapolis.....	1847	1853	180	2,000,000 00	231,695 00	55,801 95	2,288,096 95
New Site.....	Indianapolis.....	1923	.....	.....	69,393 00	83,022 18	.....	1,02,404 47
State Prison.....	Michigan City.....	1861	1861	1,800	68,304 70	2,840,371 36	361,687 42	3,177,367 22
Reformatory.....	Pendleton.....	1821 ⁽³⁾	1822 ⁽³⁾	1,000	163,304 70	2,840,371 36	291,684 73	3,177,367 22
State Farm for Misdeameants.....	Greencastle, R. 7.....	1913	1915	800	125,000 00	291,000 00	537,500 00	913,500 00
Woman's Prison.....	Indianapolis.....	1869 ⁽⁴⁾	1873 ⁽⁴⁾	144	40,000 00	150,000 00	29,600 00	219,600 00
Girls' School.....	Indianapolis, R. B.....	1869 ⁽⁴⁾	1873 ⁽⁴⁾	345	27,725 00	387,432 55	98,034 00	513,191 55
Boys' School.....	Plainfield.....	1867	1868	550	171,233 13	408,565 00	222,879 47	802,677 60
Total.....	.....	.....	.....	16,249	\$4,328,883 78	\$18,696,251 78	\$4,672,122 87	\$27,897,258 43

⁽¹⁾ Opened in 1879 as an adjunct to the Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home at Knights-town. Separate institution authorized by Legislature of 1887, opened at Ft. Wayne in 1890.

⁽²⁾ Established originally at Jeffersonville as a prison. Became the Reformatory in 1897. Removal to a new site authorized in 1921. Opened at Pendleton Nov. 19, 1923.

⁽³⁾ Established originally as an institution for both women and girls.

⁽⁴⁾ Separated from Woman's Prison under a law of 1903 and opened in present location near Clermont in 1907.

⁽⁵⁾ Robert W. Long Hospital, authorized in 1911 and opened in 1914, and James Whitcomb Riley Hospital, authorized in 1921 and opened in 1924.

TABLE 2. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS
REAL ESTATE AND LIVE STOCK

INSTITUTION	REAL ESTATE: NO. OF ACRES			LIVE STOCK							
	Farm and Garden	Orchard	Otherwise Used	Total	Milk Cows	Other Cattle	Horses	Mules	Sheep	Swine	Poultry
Central Hospital for Insane.....	59		101.40	160.40							1,376
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	336.45	12.89	277.47	626.81	60	35	7	11		124	1,888
Eastern Hospital for Insane.....	700.11	37.68	345.99	1,083.78	60	39	24		20	611	4,063
Southern Hospital for Insane.....	463	15	401.47	881.47	49	49	15			335	3,428
Southeastern Hospital for Insane.....	559	167	539	1,265.47	62	71	7	18		212	3,986
School for Feeble-Minded Youth.....	579	30	294.42	903.42	87	38	33		244	142	350
School for Feeble-Minded Males.....	882	18	917.71	1,817.71	34	97	28	4	72	210	2,684
Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded.....	634	10	690.80	1,334.80	48	122	76	17		397	757
Village for Epileptics.....			218.03	218.03			5			123	269
Soldiers' Home.....	142	10	90	242	35	14	6			133	269
Soldiers and Sailors' Orphans' Home.....	213	7	284	504	41	32	6	4		189	1,000
State Sanatorium.....			32	32						48	550
University Hospitals.....	37	5	34.96	76.96	19	19	2				
State School for Deaf.....	14	6	47.68	67.68						195	823
School for Blind.....	365	6	129.7	500.7	38	25	18		112	178	731
State Prison.....	840		188.14	1,028.14	25	54	20	12		499	900
Reformatory.....	750	100	1,042	1,892	35	53	19	29	165	731	900
State Farm for Misdemeanors.....	7	1	7.61	15.61							640
Woman's Prison.....	121.5	28	38	187.5			4	2		118	716
Girls' School.....	732.69	40	205.79	978.48	52	83	15	12	39	209	
Boys' School.....											
Total.....	7,434.75	493.57	5,886.17	13,814.49	645	661	290	109	643	3,926	21,500

TABLE 3. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS

INMATES PRESENT SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

COUNTIES	State Hospitals for Insane	School for Feeble-Minded Youth	Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded	Village for Epileptics	Soldiers' Home	Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home	State Sanatorium	Indiana University Hospitals	School for Deaf	School for Blind	State Prison	Reformatory	State Farm	Woman's Prison Correctional Dept.	Woman's Prison Penal Dept.	Girls' School	Boys' School	Total
Adams.....	40	20	4	4	10	2	1	1	1	1	9	8	2	2	1	4	2	19
Allen.....	246	80	14	14	1	4	1	1	1	1	6	15	10	1	1	24	33	604
Bartholomew.....	53	13	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	139
Benton.....	26	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	50
Blackford.....	29	23	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	80
Boone.....	39	14	5	11	6	2	3	2	2	1	10	10	1	1	1	1	1	114
Brown.....	8	12	3	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	28
Carroll.....	37	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	13	14	1	1	1	1	80
Cass.....	125	22	1	12	1	3	3	1	1	1	19	16	11	1	1	1	6	233
Clark.....	95	14	1	12	1	1	1	1	1	1	18	21	5	1	1	1	6	173
Clay.....	72	16	4	7	9	1	1	3	1	1	21	22	14	2	1	1	5	171
Clinton.....	40	13	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	15	7	3	1	1	1	1	112
Crawford.....	19	7	1	6	1	1	3	1	1	3	11	4	3	1	1	4	1	32
Daviess.....	69	17	4	6	1	2	3	1	1	1	9	6	3	1	1	1	1	123
Dearborn.....	53	4	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	4	3	1	1	1	1	85
Decatur.....	44	11	1	1	1	3	1	3	2	1	2	11	1	1	1	1	1	84
Dekalb.....	53	18	2	4	3	3	1	1	1	1	0	3	6	2	1	1	1	106
Dekalb.....	121	36	3	14	3	18	1	4	12	0	43	52	11	1	1	1	0	348
Delaware.....	36	8	1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	61
Dubois.....	36	8	1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	31	31	10	1	1	1	1	264
Elkhart.....	91	35	9	6	4	2	2	1	10	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fayette.....	47	7	1	1	2	19	3	2	1	1	11	13	5	1	1	1	1	113
Floyd.....	98	11	2	2	0	0	1	2	1	1	27	27	11	1	1	3	16	202
Fountain.....	43	14	1	2	1	3	1	1	1	1	7	13	11	1	1	1	1	114
Franklin.....	39	7	1	4	1	3	1	1	1	1	4	13	11	1	1	1	1	67
Fulton.....	42	6	1	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	6	3	1	1	1	1	67

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

INMATES PRESENT SEPTEMBER 30, 1926—Continued

COUNTIES	State Hospitals for Insane	School for Feeble- Minded Youth	Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded	Village for Epileptics	State Sanatorium	Indiana University Hospitals	Soldiers' Home	Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home	School for Deaf	School for Blind	State Prison	Reformatory	State Farm	Woman's Prison Correctional Dept.	Woman's Prison	Boys' School	Girls' School	Total
Gibson.....	40	20	6	3	27	13	6	2	4	2	17	23	6	1	3	4	8	132
Grant.....	103	29	5	2	2	3	1	6	2	1	22	38	16	...	...	6	5	281
Greene.....	53	13	2	7	7	3	1	2	2	1	14	22	9	...	...	6	5	153
Hamilton.....	52	6	2	1	1	1	1	6	1	...	10	17	3	...	...	2	4	103
Hancock.....	35	7	2	6	...	2	1	2	4	1	13	11	4	...	...	2	1	98
Harrison.....	47	8	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	4	2	...	...	1	...	72
Hendricks.....	33	7	...	5	...	1	6	3	3	...	16	24	...	...	...	2	...	107
Henry.....	49	22	3	6	...	18	1	2	3	3	14	20	14	1	...	10	6	173
Howard.....	45	16	...	12	10	18	1	4	6	1	16	22	21	...	...	2	13	190
Huntington.....	50	17	2	5	5	...	...	4	1	3	11	6	1	...	...	2	3	114
Jackson.....	70	16	1	4	...	...	...	4	3	3	5	14	6	...	...	1	1	128
Jasper.....	34	7	1	5	...	...	5	3	1	...	2	18	2	...	...	1	...	82
Jay.....	66	21	2	9	1	3	1	1	3	...	11	13	1	...	...	2	...	139
Jefferson.....	50	16	3	6	...	1	1	1	1	...	7	2	4	...	...	3	...	100
Jennings.....	36	5	1	5	1	1	1	1	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	62
Johnson.....	38	8	...	4	2	3	1	7	...	2	9	12	5	...	...	1	4	96
Knox.....	73	24	7	9	1	1	1	4	3	...	29	29	23	2	...	10	15	234
Kosciusko.....	40	19	7	7	2	2	2	1	6	3	13	7	1	...	...	...	...	101
Lagrange.....	23	11	3	3	1	1	...	...	3	3	6	7	...	...	...	1	6	67
Lake.....	273	52	6	11	2	7	6	2	15	1	217	168	138	25	6	24	53	1,012
LaPorte.....	124	26	3	9	5	1	1	...	9	4	16	30	44	3	4	13	6	298
Lawrence.....	76	7	1	4	2	...	...	2	...	...	19	17	...	...	...	3	4	137
Madison.....	126	61	9	20	13	13	15	11	4	4	10	24	26	2	...	11	12	378
Marion.....	739	158	24	35	99	7	55	69	24	308	204	294	42	17	...	17	60	2,256
Marshall.....	49	19	12	3	3	1	1	...	2	2	8	11	9	...	...	...	6	120
Martin.....	25	7	...	4	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	12	5	...	...	2	1	60
Miami.....	61	20	1	8	4	...	2	2	2	1	13	14	6	...	...	1	4	135
Monroe.....	66	12	1	7	1	3	4	4	3	...	16	14	15	1	...	4	4	147
Montgomery.....	49	17	4	7	10	1	4	5	2	2	13	12	13	1	3	4	8	157
Morgan.....	50	11	3	9	1	...	...	9	1	...	5	19	11	...	...	4	1	126

NEW ADMISSIONS DURING YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926—Continued

COUNTIES	State Hospitals for Insane	School for Feeble-Minded Youth	Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded	Village for Epileptics	State Sanatorium	Indiana University Hospitals	Soldiers' Home	Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home	School for Deaf	School for Blind	State Prison	Reformatory	State Farm	Woman's Prison Correctional Dept.	Woman's Prison	Girls' School	Boys' School	Total
Scott.....	4	1	1	1	2	6	1	1			7	14	24			6	5	12
Shelby.....	13	2	1	3		45					3	6				1	1	123
Spencer.....	10			1		7	2				3	6	1					34
Starke.....	4	2		2		4					1	4	1				2	21
Steuben.....	7					1					2	6		1		3	1	31
St. Joseph.....	36	10	1	6	1	8	2	5	3	1	24	22	197	16	3	3	5	341
Sullivan.....	16	3			3	21					4	4	49				1	104
Switzerland.....	4			1	1	6	27				4	6	3				1	15
Tippecanoe.....	21	1	1	1	6	29					4	8	47	1		2		157
Tipton.....	11	3		1	7	33					4	6	33	2		1	1	94
Union.....	3				1	3							1					8
Vanderburgh.....	60	3		7		32	1				21	39	223	11	1	2	14	413
Vermillion.....	11	2		5	10	17	5	5	1		5	10	63	3	2		3	141
Vigo.....	51	3	6	7	7	73	4	2	3		19	34	79	7	1	6	13	315
Wabash.....	11			3	1	10	2	4				3	14				3	51
Warren.....	5	1		1	2	8	3				1	1	6			2		30
Warrick.....	10			1		3					6	6	17				1	44
Washington.....	11		1	1	3	19					1	1	8			1		46
Wayne.....	27	4		2	3	80	1	3	1	1	5	16	129	2			3	277
Wells.....	4	1		2	2	27					1	6	13			4	1	55
White.....	1			2		10	3	1			3	5	3					29
Whitley.....	9	2				3				1	2		8					26
Out-of-State.....						33	3					1			*3			39
Total.....	1,378	143	35	185	190	3,647	175	86	50	19	497	892	4,364	319	37	106	245	12,368

*Federal prisoners.

THE STATE INSTITUTIONS

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TABLE 5. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS
STATISTICS OF NEW ADMISSIONS DURING YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

INSTITUTION	Whole Number New Admissions	SEX		COLOR		NATIONALITY		AGE									
		Male	Female	White	Colored	Native	Foreign	Under 20 Years		20 to 30 Years		30 to 40 Years		40 to 50 Years		Over 60 Years	Un- known
								Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years	Years		
Central Hospital for Insane, Indianapolis.....	418	220	198	379	39	386	32	10	66	80	98	65	98	1	1	1	1
Northern Hospital for Insane, Logansport.....	193	116	77	191	2	154	39	8	37	47	39	29	32	32	32	32	32
Eastern Hospital for Insane, Richmond.....	249	126	123	242	7	238	11	4	31	50	54	34	75	1	1	1	1
Southern Hospital for Insane, Evansville.....	212	113	99	202	10	201	11	10	37	34	46	39	46	46	46	46	46
Southeastern Hospital for Insane, Madison.....	306	168	138	298	8	299	7	15	41	40	51	55	103	1	1	1	1
School for Feeble-Minded Youth, Ft. Wayne.....	143	67	76	140	3	142	1	119	15	7	2	4	3	3	3	3	3
Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded, Butlerville.....	35	35	0	35	0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Village for Epileptics, Newcastle.....	185	71	114	183	2	181	4	60	41	27	29	20	8	8	8	8	8
Soldiers' Home, Lafayette.....	175	50	125	175	0	174	1	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Soldiers and Sailors' Orphans' Home, Knightstown.....	86	41	45	86	0	85	1	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Sanatorium, Rockville.....	190	91	99	190	17	186	4	99	53	24	12	2	2	2	2	2	2
Indiana University Hospitals, Indianapolis.....	3,647	1,726	1,921	3,630	17	3,631	16	2,012	474	381	307	210	263	263	263	263	263
School for Blind, Indianapolis.....	19	8	11	19	0	19	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
School for Deaf, Indianapolis.....	30	26	4	40	1	50	0	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Prison, Michigan City.....	497	497	0	402	95	455	42	28	288	108	50	19	19	19	19	19	19
Reformatory, Pendleton.....	892	892	0	763	129	864	28	290	602	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
State Farm, Putnamville.....	4,364	4,364	0	3,296	1,068	3,917	447	621	1,428	1,069	750	365	131	131	131	131	131
Woman's Prison, Indianapolis.....	356	356	0	222	134	325	31	26	155	111	50	10	4	4	4	4	4
Girls' School, Indianapolis.....	106	106	0	93	13	104	2	106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boys' School, Plainfield.....	245	245	0	212	33	244	1	245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total.....	12,368	8,856	3,512	10,807	1,561	11,689	679	3,796	3,019	2,163	1,555	893	938	938	938	938	938
Total for Preceding Year.....	10,754	7,642	3,112	9,556	1,198	9,989	765	3,291	2,512	1,948	1,289	822	867	867	867	867	867

TABLE 6. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS
NEW ADMISSIONS (Exclusive of Transfers), 1917-1926

INSTITUTIONS	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926
MENTAL CASES										
State hospitals for insane.....	1,121	887	1,129	976	1,058	1,143	1,074	1,176	1,376	1,378
School for Feeble-Minded Youth.....	120	73	83	66	70	92	186	137	159	143
Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	37	32	32	35	35
Village for Epileptics.....	92	48	71	68	78	63	61	43	145	185
Total.....	1,333	1,008	1,283	1,110	1,228	1,335	1,353	1,391	1,714	1,741
PENAL AND REFORMATORY										
State Prison.....	348	290	237	206	335	343	361	486	489	497
Reformatory.....	487	331	496	487	831	706	530	818	985	892
State Farm (Misdemeanants).....	2,536	1,238	1,176	993	1,662	1,841	2,202	3,003	3,408	4,364
Woman's Prison (Penal Dept.).....	24	20	26	25	23	23	22	32	39	37
Woman's Prison (Correctional Dept.).....	434	225	124	91	121	139	279	258	339	319
Boys' School.....	280	338	290	252	241	199	206	252	352	245
Girls' School.....	129	117	118	102	95	90	126	109	121	106
Total.....	4,258	2,559	2,467	2,156	3,308	3,341	3,736	4,952	5,533	6,460
ALL OTHER										
State School for Deaf.....	19	42	76	84	79	64	62	69	56	50
School for Blind.....	25	13	26	47	25	32	26	25	19	19
State Sanatorium.....	260	321	269	204	159	149	75	218	163	160
Indiana University Hospitals.....	1,853	1,603	1,639	1,681	1,885	2,047	1,857	2,154	2,977	3,617
Soldiers' Home.....	337	281	267	212	250	283	212	236	173	173
Soldiers and Sailors Orphans Home.....	64	41	44	39	49	37	28	68	67	86
Total.....	2,558	2,301	2,321	2,267	2,447	2,612	2,290	2,770	3,507	4,167
Grand Total.....	8,149	5,868	6,071	5,533	6,983	7,288	7,369	9,113	10,754	12,368

TABLE 7. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS

MOVEMENT OF POPULATION, EXPENDITURES AND PER CAPITA COST, FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926.

1. MOVEMENT OF POPULATION

	Males	Females	Total
A. Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging October 1, 1925:			
1. Actually present	9,453	5,563	15,016
2. On furlough or parole	1,700	400	2,100
3. On suspended sentence	388	19	407
4. Temporarily absent	286	22	308
Total	11,827	6,004	17,831
B. Number added to enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:			
1. New admissions:			
a. By commitment	6,913	1,283	8,196
b. By application	1,943	2,229	4,172
2. By transfer, re-instatement, etc.	288	39	327
3. For supervision (suspended sentence cases)	345	15	360
Total	9,489	3,566	13,055
C. Dropped from enrollment since beginning of fiscal year:			
1. Deaths in institution	570	466	1,036
2. Discharged from institution	5,906	2,579	8,485
3. Discharged from parole or temporary absence	1,489	340	1,829
4. All others	849	20	869
Total	8,814	3,405	12,219
D. Number of inmates enrolled, or belonging, September 30, 1926:			
1. Actually present	10,050	5,719	15,769
2. On furlough or parole	1,823	402	2,225
3. On suspended sentence	395	17	412
4. Temporarily absent	234	27	261
Total	12,502	6,165	18,667

2. AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

Average daily attendance:			
Year ending Sept. 30, 1926	9,762 70	5,632 64	15,395 34
Year ending Sept. 30, 1925	9,181 58	5,362 09	14,543 67
Year ending Sept. 30, 1924	8,258 12	5,223 78	13,481 90

3. AVERAGE NUMBER OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Average number of officers and employees:			
Year ending Sept. 30, 1926	1,233 99	1,013 84	2,247 83
Year ending Sept. 30, 1925	1,190 14	1,054 49	2,244 63
Year ending Sept. 30, 1924	1,208 23	911 70	2,119 93

4. EXPENDITURES—(EXCLUSIVE OF ROTARY FUNDS)

Ordinary Expenses:	Per Capita	Total
Salaries and wages	\$119 99	\$1,847,288 05
Subsistence	66 85	1,029,193 50
Clothing	12 02	185,061 33
Light, heat, power and water	83 88	545,193 18
Other office, domestic and outdoor departments	12 45	746,229 81
Ordinary repairs		191,600 23
Total	\$295 19	\$4,544,566 10
Extraordinary Expenses:		
Land and structures		\$666,295 98
Grand Total		\$5,210,862 08

TABLE 8. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS
ROTARY FUNDS, OCTOBER 1, 1925, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

Fund	Appropriation or Balance in Fund Oct. 1, 1925	Receipts	Total	Disbursements	Balance Sept. 30, 1926	Available for Further Use	Reverted to General Fund
State Prison—							
Farm (Acts, 1917, p. 557).....	\$2,017 18	\$47,806 06	\$50,813 24	\$43,288 27	\$7,524 97	\$7,524 97	.....
Binder Twine (Burns 1914: 9859).....	378,375 64	531,052 11	909,427 75	599,984 12	309,443 63	309,443 63*	.....
Reformatory.....							
Trade Schools (Burns 1914: 9924).....	50,000 00	364,482 43	414,482 43	275,447 10	139,035 33	50,000 00*	\$89,035 33
Farm (Acts, 1917, p. 216).....	3,951 21	23,524 88	27,476 09	27,188 54	287 55	287 55	.....
State Farm.....							
Industries (Acts, 1920, p. 75).....	20,000 00	198,835 94	218,835 94	180,731 44	37,594 50	20,000 00*	17,594 50
Boys' School—							
Industries (Acts, 1920, p. 78).....	1,000 00	303 60	1,303 60	160 48	1,143 12	1,000 00*	143 12
Total.....	\$456,244 03	\$1,165,585 02	\$1,621,829 05	\$1,126,799 95	\$495,029 10	\$388,256 15	\$106,772 95

* Any balance in the industrial rotary funds in excess of \$600,000 at the State Prison, \$50,000 at the Reformatory, \$20,000 at the State Farm and \$1,000 at the Boys' School reverts to the general fund.

TABLE 9. THE STATE INSTITUTIONS
AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AND CURRENT EXPENSES, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

INSTITUTION	AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE			CURRENT EXPENSES		
	Males	Females	Total	Total	Average Per Capita	
					Per Year	Per Day
Central Hospital for Insane.....	721.72	912	1,633.72	\$521,923.07	\$319.47	\$0 875
Northern Hospital for Insane.....	624.07	555.63	1,179.70	\$301,362.39	251.30	1 688
Eastern Hospital for Insane.....	511.16	557.90	1,069.06	250,012.85	233.86	64
Southern Hospital for Insane.....	384.69	468.26	852.95	157,305.83	184.42	505
Southeastern Hospital for Insane.....	694.57	652.08	1,346.65	336,110.39	249.30	683
School for Feeble-Minded Youth.....	618.84	895.28	1,514.12	243,080.81	161.14	441
Farm Colony for Feeble-Minded.....	226.22	.....	226.22	73,845.64	312.61	856
Village for Epileptics.....	426.20	131.45	557.65	214,030.48	385.26	1 055
Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home.....	108.00	338.00	446.00	583,564.82	593.22	1 632
State Sanatorium.....	179.04	135.30	314.34	158,555.10	504.26	1 381
University Hospitals.....	80.43	88.34	168.77	142,045.10	844.71	2 314
State School for Deaf.....	131.12	135.26	266.38	407,317.85	1,531.83	4 236
School for Blind.....	170.6	135.8	306.4	151,029.23	411.62	1 135
State Prison.....	1,757.51	.....	1,757.51	266,152.96	568.91	1 549
Reformatory.....	1,657.93	.....	1,657.93	306,829.63	230.25	376
State Farm for Misdoemeanants.....	891.36	.....	891.36	345,308.31	129.64	349
Women's Prison.....	.....	168.36	168.36	150,452.30	290.47	795
Girls' School.....	.....	326.19	326.19	116,479.88	350.17	975
Boys' School.....	.....	.....	502.02	161,157.86	321.01	879
Total.....	9,702.70	5,632.64	15,335.34	\$4,544,566.10	\$295.19	\$0 808

TABLE 10. STATE CHARITABLE AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

YEAR	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					
	Enrolled	Daily Average	Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence	Total
1900.....	8,839	7,994.01	\$1,290,790.33	\$357,665.49	\$1,648,455.82	\$7.02	\$10.07	\$56.79	\$39.62	\$47.97	\$161.47
1905.....	10,315	9,431.92	1,555,787.17	117,970.18	1,673,757.35	7.32	8.59	59.75	43.80	45.48	164.94
1906.....	10,416	9,604.98	1,620,454.98	294,838.47	1,915,293.45	6.96	10.15	61.75	44.27	45.58	168.71
1907.....	10,587	9,763.90	1,640,984.53	232,778.53	1,873,763.06	6.67	8.24	57.88	42.04	42.99	157.82
1908.....	11,120	10,004.58	1,800,469.96	591,751.49	2,392,221.45	7.87	9.73	68.23	41.19	49.94	179.96
1909.....	11,600	10,583.19	1,932,381.33	181,730.38	2,114,111.71	9.10	8.58	66.50	47.54	50.87	182.89
1910.....	11,704.56	10,833.41	1,991,005.27	396,961.96	2,387,967.23	8.66	10.02	67.53	48.95	54.03	189.19
1911.....	11,801	10,788.79	2,109,833.44	274,845.00	2,384,678.44	8.37	9.30	71.65	54.38	58.48	197.18
1912.....	12,448	11,262.84	2,282,191.19	180,841.34	2,463,032.53	7.25	10.58	73.48	53.83	56.87	202.69
1913.....	12,529	11,437.64	2,318,347.65	316,443.47	2,634,791.12	7.06	10.81	75.48	54.10	55.54	202.69
1914.....	12,708	11,608.76	2,445,016.66	439,625.37	2,884,642.03	7.66	11.96	77.77	55.25	57.98	210.63
1915.....	14,119	12,524.31	2,614,936.84	357,810.91	2,972,747.75	8.29	11.96	76.33	56.49	56.42	208.79
1916.....	14,292	12,524.31	2,794,866.63	300,798.42	3,095,665.05	8.89	11.92	75.82	59.05	57.17	226.61
1917.....	14,464	13,311.59	3,016,532.90	169,537.91	3,186,070.81	8.69	11.23	75.36	61.27	70.06	255.39
1918.....	15,464	12,644.17	3,228,809.37	387,054.43	3,615,863.80	9.21	12.79	79.04	81.53	72.79	286.63
1919.....	15,884	11,616.00	3,306,287.51	237,242.07	3,543,529.58	12.49	14.67	88.10	90.48	80.89	325.67
1920.....	16,600	11,511.37	3,748,893.47	608,465.63	4,357,359.10	15.98	15.75	101.85	103.68	88.41	332.57
1921.....	17,342	12,170.92	4,026,402.02	419,848.72	4,446,250.74	13.17	21.81	111.58	115.30	65.96	330.82
1922.....	18,068	12,975.72	4,049,277.30	1,350,388.45	5,399,665.75	12.28	20.10	116.20	102.68	60.81	312.07
1923.....	18,308	12,919.72	4,173,890.97	2,090,313.07	6,264,204.04	13.83	16.48	119.38	113.52	59.89	323.06
1924.....	19,318	13,481.90	4,154,894.02	2,131,176.47	6,286,069.49	12.70	14.98	123.46	97.51	59.54	308.19
1925.....	19,821	14,543.67	4,600,118.76	820,240.81	5,420,359.60	13.55	16.24	125.04	96.24	63.23	316.80
1926.....	18,667	15,305.34	4,544,566.10	666,246.98	5,210,802.08	12.02	12.45	119.99	83.88	66.85	295.19

*Owing to the change in the fiscal year the figures are for eleven months only.

TABLE 11. CENTRAL HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, INDIANAPOLIS

YEAR	Adminis- tration	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
		Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Perman- ent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence	Gross Maine- nance	
1910.....	344.14	1,529	1,788.67	\$358,161.43	\$14,313.99	\$372,475.42	\$6.96	\$13.17	\$71.43	\$39.44	\$69.23	\$200.23	\$3.25
1911.....	341.85	1,574	1,423.02	347,944.26	3,493.03	351,437.29	7.87	19.10	88.33	55.14	74.07	244.51	4.07
1912.....	342.77	1,653	1,387.5	334,164.65	17,466.54	371,631.19	6.75	19.89	93.49	52.93	82.19	255.21	4.37
1913.....	334.72	1,676	1,477.25	349,526.48	66,476.56	416,003.04	5.23	18.76	87.77	49.95	74.60	236.61	3.78
1914.....	343.33	1,701	1,512.4	362,519.53	13,825.43	376,344.96	6.73	19.48	87.65	47.26	78.53	239.70	3.46
1915.....	349.62	1,687	1,530.60	363,806.48	9,028.46	372,834.94	6.29	21.68	88.83	44.79	73.23	236.30	3.82
1916.....	346.27	1,682	1,543.57	355,909.21	25,617.64	381,526.85	5.87	14.33	89.08	44.47	76.83	236.58	4.18
1917.....	333.9	1,635	1,552.79	407,360.30	8,648.82	416,009.12	7.87	17.60	87.40	48.36	101.11	298.75	5.73
1918.....	300.06	1,489	1,501.79	448,646.38	48,736.19	497,382.57	8.13	26.12	93.06	71.04	100.41	298.75	6.50
1919.....	293.58	1,474	1,395.24	488,717.23	14,734.26	503,451.49	10.37	26.82	119.22	75.32	118.00	350.27	6.68
1920.....	271.37	1,462	1,384.86	545,145.94	46,486.12	591,632.06	17.35	30.79	119.08	93.81	129.79	390.82	7.95
1921.....	273.62	1,514	1,424.37	598,605.90	29,976.00	628,581.90	17.75	49.28	138.82	103.09	100.18	390.26	6.67
1922.....	283.74	1,602	1,489.65	542,514.94	306,094.67	848,549.61	12.81	49.28	137.67	82.28	82.17	324.35	5.17
1923.....	285.10	1,613	1,530.24	528,279.09	7,715.00	535,994.09	15.85	27.81	132.12	91.89	77.55	345.22	6.96
1924.....	312	1,652	1,543.22	515,984.00	10,760.24	526,744.24	11.50	24.97	137.33	83.79	76.76	334.35	6.75
1925.....	295.36	1,696	1,588.26	525,382.14	7,418.12	532,800.26	10.86	17.27	137.58	84.15	80.93	330.79	8.46
1926.....	292.07	1,771	1,633.72	521,923.07	19,221.78	541,144.85	8.75	13.14	130.26	81.97	85.85	319.47	6.71

TABLE 12. NORTHERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, LOGANSPORT

YEAR	Adminis- tration	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					Farm Products	
		Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Perma- nent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence		Gross Main- tenance
1910	197.63	1,105	986.15	\$189,464.06	\$34,209.16	\$223,794.12	\$5.19	\$5.87	\$74.40	\$51.60	\$55.06	\$102.12	\$17.66
1911	203.36	1,080	977.65	190,822.41	12,430.45	203,352.86	4.81	7.12	80.04	52.15	51.06	105.18	20.08
1912	198.83	1,094	868.94	196,335.63	12,430.45	207,335.63	5.94	6.68	90.40	57.29	65.61	225.95	20.85
1913	199.54	1,082	901.56	195,948.63	31,326.35	227,274.98	5.37	6.92	90.26	57.00	57.80	217.35	21.87
1914	199.76	1,106	941.19	195,452.30	61,324.01	257,776.31	4.45	5.70	87.91	52.45	57.15	207.06	19.91
1915	199.65	1,099	958.57	198,482.14	61,332.87	259,735.01	4.26	6.21	85.17	54.42	54.67	204.73	21.67
1916	189.19	1,141	928.22	196,487.12	21,532.31	217,669.43	5.02	10.19	84.56	56.72	55.81	212.30	23.06
1917	183.35	1,185	857.9	227,318.70	7,780.06	235,098.76	5.43	10.45	80.09	60.59	75.82	232.88	26.71
1918	168.73	1,018	839.16	241,971.56	6,294.02	248,215.58	5.61	10.27	79.97	72.63	78.79	235.22	51.11
1919	190.90	1,087	864.26	249,447.58	8,151.82	257,599.40	6.90	18.13	79.57	72.93	81.16	258.69	51.11
1920	127.76	1,055	867.40	280,239.06	45,194.87	325,433.93	10.82	9.83	90.49	101.25	87.09	298.98	59.78
1921	131.64	1,117	1,042.45	304,188.81	94,959.49	399,148.30	8.23	9.07	100.47	96.25	77.78	291.80	56.14
1922	151.22	1,147	1,090.62	314,789.19	47,160.49	361,949.68	8.23	14.56	107.76	98.25	59.81	288.62	35.64
1923	156.77	1,181	1,119.13	318,010.84	.....	318,010.84	7.91	14.90	100.98	103.26	57.61	284.66	45.81
1924	145.68	1,189	1,144.55	289,654.08	20,249.47	309,903.55	4.71	11.05	99.62	79.95	55.12	250.45	50.34
1925	150.45	1,222	1,179.49	307,198.86	27,636.86	329,835.72	5.30	11.41	101.65	54.68	57.41	290.45	58.72
1926	152.27	1,260	1,199.76	301,362.39	71,490.81	372,853.20	4.77	9.90	99.44	73.94	63.15	251.20	48.05

TABLE 13. EASTERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, RICHMOND

YEAR	Adminis- tration	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
		Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Substi- tute- ence	Gross Maine- nance	
1910.....	165.6	786	795.04	\$151,421.17	\$12,366.32	\$163,787.49	\$4.80	\$9.43	\$99.51	\$46.35	\$80.36	\$190.45	\$19.34
1911.....	167.1	827	793.88	154,937.12	1,619.29	156,556.41	7.55	9.35	71.88	44.90	61.48	193.16	\$18.33
1912.....	166.5	849	812.25	139,225.42	11,997.90	171,133.32	5.42	10.87	69.68	47.92	63.14	196.63	\$1.93
1913.....	166.7	849	828.38	161,649.77	88,880.17	247,529.94	4.33	10.84	69.28	50.45	60.10	195.00	\$22.16
1914.....	166.8	864	839.20	193,478.98	20,856.69	190,335.67	4.20	11.83	71.70	54.94	59.28	201.52	\$29.42
1915.....	172.2	874	845.43	172,161.04	18,008.93	190,199.97	5.80	11.70	72.28	54.48	59.41	203.67	\$27.71
1916.....	163.7	881	860.45	173,914.57	17,870.71	194,785.28	5.49	11.53	71.68	53.20	60.22	203.67	\$27.71
1917.....	163.7	881	860.45	173,914.57	17,870.71	194,785.28	5.49	11.53	71.68	53.20	60.22	203.67	\$27.71
1918.....	163.6	897	869.78	189,067.68	22,546.66	211,614.34	5.52	10.67	69.69	50.82	89.67	212.12	\$27.89
1919.....	136.6	890	870.72	234,584.37	8,431.78	213,616.15	6.72	11.47	72.37	67.81	76.59	231.87	\$37.14
1920.....	133.9	917	871.19	223,408.40	27,076.76	250,485.16	6.88	11.47	76.62	78.79	82.68	234.90	\$37.70
1921.....	144.2	934	884.02	249,916.22	66,439.75	316,355.98	8.47	11.29	89.17	89.38	84.39	236.44	\$3.83
1922.....	153	980	992.57	298,597.89	33,369.47	321,967.36	9.94	22.06	98.66	112.70	53.80	262.10	\$3.83
1923.....	144.6	984	977.56	234,364.64	34,502.23	268,866.87	6.54	8.79	114.25	96.91	50.22	276.10	\$48.02
1924.....	150.07	1,034	959.12	263,139.40	82,493.59	335,632.99	6.87	8.54	106.53	101.00	45.11	268.61	\$28.89
1925.....	157.65	1,110	1,034.21	283,134.44	150,537.84	414,111.48	7.02	13.70	118.63	89.41	46.21	273.97	\$28.89
1926.....	158.07	1,158	1,096.00	250,618.83	6,836.97	288,892.01	5.78	17.46	116.45	82.11	56.30	273.10	\$28.89
					87,558.93	337,357.78	2.82	10.70	108.99	60.19	51.16	233.86	\$27.70

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TABLE 14. SOUTHERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, EVANSVILLE

YEAR	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					Farm Products		
	Adminis- tration	Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Permanent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.		Subsist- ence	Gross Mainte- nance
1910.....	119	798	736.70	\$127,813.15	\$19,594.73	\$147,407.88	\$6.08	\$7.35	\$55.78	\$38.48	\$65.80	\$173.49	\$14.10
1911.....	121	807	746.54	131,855.15	75,393.99	207,249.14	5.84	8.03	55.32	46.72	60.71	176.62	12.76
1912.....	123	836	768.86	138,832.58	24,999.85	163,832.43	7.14	8.45	55.99	46.84	62.15	180.57	19.26
1913.....	129.88	832	778.88	134,666.36	14,730.99	149,397.35	6.68	8.31	57.35	40.93	59.63	172.90	18.81
1914.....	130.25	813	782.12	150,363.01	23,272.10	173,635.11	7.62	8.95	58.31	52.03	65.34	192.25	24.72
1915.....	129.88	832	777.47	145,019.14	.....	145,019.14	7.50	8.99	59.67	46.73	63.63	186.52	24.68
1916.....	130.55	847	815.06	155,386.03	11,799.71	167,185.74	7.35	8.38	57.15	53.78	63.98	190.64	25.01
1917.....	119.19	863	834.74	138,328.87	.....	138,328.87	4.40	8.32	53.22	47.68	76.05	189.67	34.67
1918.....	96.17	823	812.38	162,207.72	.....	162,207.72	7.30	7.56	49.89	74.12	60.80	199.67	39.73
1919.....	84.52	840	807.34	161,392.45	500.00	161,892.45	7.11	7.03	47.81	67.56	70.40	199.91	51.89
1920.....	69.92	811	790.75	177,986.41	170,629.50	348,615.91	9.52	8.84	53.54	82.13	71.06	225.09	39.81
1921.....	74.27	817	791.07	176,713.35	.....	176,713.35	7.45	8.84	60.48	82.21	64.41	223.39	31.43
1922.....	87.82	840	812.68	150,698.51	15,119.78	165,818.29	8.96	11.05	63.71	51.00	50.71	185.43	37.22
1923.....	83.04	859	836.95	175,491.67	.....	175,491.67	6.07	5.18	64.19	80.07	54.17	209.68	23.98
1924.....	74.53	868	837.59	137,521.55	3,277.79	140,799.34	6.32	5.41	63.45	45.93	43.08	164.19	37.96
1925.....	78.17	891	851.30	168,329.93	58,906.11	227,236.04	14.86	4.92	68.32	62.38	47.25	197.73	41.06
1926.....	77.08	879	852.95	157,305.83	3,618.96	160,924.79	7.83	5.27	67.26	54.34	49.72	184.42	40.46

TABLE 15. SOUTHEASTERN HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, NORTH MADISON

YEAR	Population		Expenditures				Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					Farm Products	
	Adminis- tration	Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Permanent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence		Gross Maine- nance
1911.....	149	757	603.83	\$135,618.44	.....	\$135,618.44	\$8.30	\$4.86	\$73.81	\$77.93	\$39.70	\$224.60	\$12.04
1912.....	176	1,046	996.41	185,547.75	\$34,604.05	210,152.70	5.34	8.47	59.79	61.35	51.26	186.21	10.70
1913.....	173	1,084	1,019.83	183,497.03	16,763.21	200,260.24	6.53	4.21	61.07	56.66	50.29	179.93	9.62
1914.....	182	1,105	1,037.91	206,106.76	10,533.78	216,640.54	6.30	6.07	65.51	61.80	55.65	198.53	18.58
1915.....	191	1,190	1,096.19	214,102.04	5,688.45	219,790.49	6.30	4.56	65.52	63.06	55.20	193.81	14.58
1916.....	204	1,200	1,147.57	236,006.12	6,795.00	232,801.12	7.30	6.54	71.74	61.37	50.26	196.94	13.72
1917.....	198	1,226	1,153.33	259,584.84	.....	259,584.84	6.13	6.51	73.65	80.77	25.43	199.00	14.35
1918.....	161	1,233	1,166.49	252,858.32	58,314.66	311,172.98	4.11	6.43	73.05	79.31	30.77	219.14	45.33
1919.....	157	1,239	1,164.12	252,657.28	3,764.78	256,422.06	6.49	6.44	73.81	88.36	30.29	217.56	56.82
1920.....	156	1,239	1,189.82	301,698.86	28,898.04	330,596.90	7.14	8.40	79.35	87.35	52.43	276.55	51.36
1921.....	180	1,292	1,219.90	337,249.80	29,957.28	367,207.08	6.97	8.20	99.35	107.60	52.38	276.55	45.52
1922.....	189	1,356	1,239.62	330,406.13	48,699.10	379,105.23	6.86	12.10	106.13	92.79	48.66	266.54	43.62
1923.....	195	1,356	1,259.24	335,319.65	8,083.51	343,403.16	6.75	11.91	107.74	94.48	45.41	266.29	43.53
1924.....	199	1,339	1,285.86	339,229.24	36,921.15	376,150.39	4.69	7.47	110.94	95.00	45.72	263.82	47.94
1925.....	187	1,414	1,311.88	332,927.73	10,458.36	343,386.09	7.87	7.51	107.85	81.39	49.16	253.78	64.81
1926.....	198	1,457	1,346.65	336,110.59	17,264.42	353,375.01	7.30	12.58	106.50	78.00	45.20	249.59	56.03

TABLE 17. INDIANA FARM COLONY FOR FEEBLE-MINDED, BUTLERVILLE

YEAR	Administration		Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
	Average Number Officers and Employees		Enrolled	Daily Average	Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Administration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsistence	Gross Maintenance	
1921.....	37.45		80	55.43	\$56,309.25	\$54,000.34	\$111,299.59	\$40.23	\$15.29	\$383.30	\$462.26	\$114.78	\$1,015.86	\$127.74
1922.....	36.23		104	87.96	56,228.43	47,258.52	103,486.95	21.85	42.71	269.16	234.12	171.41	630.25	147.87
1923.....	45.54		142	121.98	84,216.67	66,658.92	150,875.59	39.72	39.88	265.63	293.21	52.47	690.41	158.55
1924.....	58.59		169	140.25	77,592.89	100,853.99	177,956.79	16.28	20.40	232.73	225.48	58.43	553.32	181.84
1925.....	49.61		248	162.71	90,113.65	34,685.13	124,798.78	25.36	36.72	196.87	198.02	49.97	506.95	76.80
1926.....	48.77		274	236.22	73,845.64	73,845.64	11.95	11.90	147.61	118.88	22.27	312.61	80.96

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TABLE 18. VILLAGE FOR EPILEPTICS, NEWCASTLE

YEAR	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					Farm Products		
	Adminis- tration	Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Perma- nent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.		Subst- itance	Gross Main- tenance
1910.	30.65	116	115.26	\$34,677.99	\$18,718.23	\$53,396.22	\$10.47	\$26.16	\$111.84	\$109.43	\$42.97	\$300.87	\$70.09
1911.	30.12	116	116.08	36,161.37	79,350.34	115,511.71	8.97	27.98	114.01	134.99	45.57	311.52	84.51
1912.	40.27	179	151	42,291.37	34,062.36	176,353.63	9.50	19.87	111.12	131.89	45.97	289.07	95.92
1913.	47.08	214	197.56	55,547.30	33,453.54	89,000.74	9.72	15.18	100.23	110.46	44.57	281.16	71.26
1914.	53.11	223	218.43	57,597.32	48,024.57	105,621.89	7.19	13.72	103.48	99.77	39.53	263.69	75.46
1915.	56.84	238	227.97	59,996.22	40,531.85	100,528.07	7.30	13.15	109.10	160.58	33.63	263.17	102.80
1916.	63.08	306	285.86	75,962.82	40,525.61	116,488.43	8.10	15.74	97.03	117.86	32.93	259.73	82.86
1917.	68.56	350	335.55	91,240.03	20,169.26	111,418.29	8.61	13.41	94.93	121.51	33.48	271.94	104.40
1918.	67.53	349	345.59	89,368.08	31,516.50	120,884.58	9.09	17.30	91.46	117.23	30.56	258.60	131.83
1919.	65.49	377	356.67	100,129.98	59,572.37	159,702.35	12.43	16.82	91.40	127.56	29.22	280.72	133.35
1920.	60.30	377	373.92	123,075.82	80,922.08	203,997.90	16.50	21.40	108.36	141.06	41.23	329.15	163.09
1921.	63.24	419	389.46	137,684.89	31,476.04	169,160.93	13.55	20.58	120.85	171.97	40.21	336.52	92.70
1922.	66.39	425	409.68	137,991.21	164,100.98	302,092.19	10.11	29.28	118.92	153.43	33.11	336.52	80.19
1923.	75.97	414	397.08	144,344.63	324,645.89	468,990.82	10.47	30.21	118.70	173.73	24.40	363.51	89.25
1924.	86.32	416	402.95	180,506.73	330,955.65	511,462.38	12.68	39.75	151.04	217.84	26.05	447.96	119.39
1925.	86.32	505	417.45	209,817.37	83,781.69	293,599.06	23.38	29.40	185.90	234.63	29.31	502.62	119.39
1926.	108.92	649	557.74	214,830.48	25,096.40	240,026.88	6.83	20.72	139.47	155.72	42.62	385.36	87.92

TABLE 20. SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS' HOME, KNIGHTSTOWN

YEAR	Adminis- tration	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
		Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence	Gross Main- tenance	
1910.	90	367	305	\$104,139 15	\$7,639 01	\$108,778 16	\$16 17	\$18 63	\$112 49	\$91 04	\$92 37	\$361 60	\$17 80
1911.	92	410	331	104,992 30	1,460 81	106,453 11	17 09	18 13	103 73	97 00	97 23	361 20	18 20
1912.	90	458	373	103,834 21	1,318 48	105,152 69	10 22	16 00	103 20	92 70	91 23	378 43	18 33
1913.	96	494	428 87	111,263 86	...	111,263 86	21 91	13 90	82 34	76 29	92 70	339 43	19 04
1914.	96	515	448 42	112,839 94	12,642 88	125,482 82	14 47	13 38	84 14	82 10	95 35	351 04	15 04
1915.	96	508	445 77	108,072 83	1,903 95	109,976 78	15 48	13 45	83 12	78 42	91 37	312 44	17 09
1916.	96	510	446 19	111,349 43	3,191 60	114,541 03	19 98	13 43	83 00	81 83	91 42	349 55	24 36
1917.	82	482	443 6	121,163 92	1,409 32	122,573 24	27 07	13 52	83 31	82 18	98 05	273 14	21 18
1918.	75	400	377 10	116,722 09	1,935 41	117,657 50	15 25	18 50	83 21	119 84	99 04	309 53	46 94
1919.	82	374	324 59	119,570 27	11,447 75	131,017 03	32 37	21 65	103 21	131 99	94 63	308 40	33 49
1920.	70	324	283 99	139,382 61	7,701 67	147,084 28	38 12	21 65	123 97	131 73	117 30	494 32	39 37
1921.	78	343	286 15	139,201 44	1,099 80	140,301 24	39 07	21 43	133 61	129 17	85 36	533 44	37 36
1922.	78	341	276 01	134,303 86	5,624 05	139,927 91	37 56	21 43	109 41	167 66	89 35	453 01	42 40
1923.	318	280 29	141,379 37	...	1,916 90	143,296 27	23 33	21 46	189 49	200 18	97 73	512 15	51 33
1924.	83	329	277 83	142,872 01	...	143,150 82	23 88	21 82	189 01	180 72	84 14	512 47	48 09
1925.	84	338	289 21	142,872 01	8,084 54	150,956 55	21 41	20 38	190 34	172 79	88 40	433 96	49 41
1926.	92	382	314 40	158,530 19	18,868 20	177,418 39	23 69	30 32	187 14	132 80	88 14	504 29	49 63

TABLE 21. INDIANA UNIVERSITY HOSPITALS, INDIANAPOLIS

YEAR	Population		Expenditures				Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
	Adminis- tration	Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Permanent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence	Gross Mainte- nance	
1915.....	59	80	69	\$76,293.90	.....	\$76,293.90	\$20.04	\$29.26	\$419.92	\$435.62	\$200.43	\$1,105.27	.....
1916.....	58	87	89	86,303.39	.....	86,303.39	17.65	26.76	322.77	428.24	174.30	969.72	.....
1917.....	63	94	92.8	93,746.13	.....	93,746.13	13.71	17.08	325.58	450.02	193.03	999.42	.....
1918.....	58	94	102.7	101,076.52	\$8,307.10	109,383.62	12.41	19.55	291.14	431.43	238.43	992.96	.....
1919.....	56	113	101.9	116,306.50	8,087.43	124,393.93	13.91	35.69	318.10	426.65	342.03	1,141.38	.....
1920.....	58	122	107	137,383.78	8,087.43	145,471.21	20.05	50.28	359.77	508.46	345.38	1,283.94	.....
1921.....	62	104	106.77	152,163.10	8,000.00	160,163.10	20.62	48.43	460.56	586.91	308.62	1,425.14	.....
1922.....	64	121	112	155,661.12	8,000.00	163,661.12	19.23	43.79	456.85	596.19	253.92	1,371.98	.....
1923.....	64	120	119	161,770.01	8,000.00	169,770.01	16.10	48.85	450.05	578.79	265.62	1,359.41	.....
1924.....	68	147	120.2	186,328.52	11,809.40	198,137.92	13.92	56.80	471.78	672.40	335.25	1,550.15	.....
1925.....	187	264	248.13	365,924.13	36,742.50	402,666.63	8.96	47.72	651.73	613.77	300.70	1,622.48	.....
1926.....	176	242	241.38	407,917.35	38,848.18	446,765.53	23.10	53.95	742.35	527.23	343.30	1,639.93	.....

TABLE 22. INDIANA STATE SANATORIUM, ROCKVILLE

YEAR	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products	
	Adminis- tration	Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Permanent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence		Gross Main- tenance
1912	44	91	97.32	\$45,625.74	\$10,244.75	\$55,870.49		\$14.34	\$168.82	\$150.93	\$134.73	\$468.82	\$22.42
1913	44	113	113.53	53,022.88	647.48	53,670.36		47.64	152.50	129.53	137.37	467.04	26.57
1914	48	119	119.21	55,808.65	13,383.65	69,192.31		36.41	160.82	105.43	165.49	468.15	41.90
1915	50.09	135	126.33	59,120.39	1,616.35	60,736.74		45.30	163.49	117.50	141.63	467.98	73.60
1916	53.10	142	140.49	70,718.25	7,437.30	78,155.55		65.58	168.82	122.20	160.77	503.37	80.92
1917	54.09	142	142.85	71,581.03		71,581.03		36.81	168.33	137.81	160.24	503.19	129.64
1918	56.92	151	141.93	78,636.62	4,487.41	83,124.03		58.61	173.84	163.76	157.84	554.05	142.81
1919	56.90	128	135.15	86,049.72		86,049.72		42.85	189.15	246.33	158.36	636.70	187.21
1920	52.22	105	108.86	99,594.86	17,571.14	117,166.00		62.22	309.72	347.94	212.13	932.01	167.43
1921	55.10	104	108.37	95,133.12	8,100.13	103,233.25		77.37	359.11	313.82	170.01	929.31	194.63
1922	58.46	125	113.17	100,099.14	100,099.14	147,556.01	\$8.74	88.36	364.89	272.51	149.90	884.50	115.65
1923	58.86	101	113.88	107,711.11	47,756.87	211,964.62	\$8.73	87.81	368.59	347.98	132.71	945.82	142.58
1924	78.82	170	145.40	131,527.01	23,147.88	154,674.89	9.60	50.80	417.62	248.96	177.69	904.58	142.41
1925	87.30	160	165.60	139,934.84	43,764.15	183,738.99	1.76	59.28	394.06	230.97	159.24	845.31	123.14
1926	90.06	171	168.63	142,445.00	32,565.58	175,010.58	5.82	21.74	410.96	224.29	181.90	844.71	146.94

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

TABLE 24. INDIANA STATE SCHOOL FOR DEAF, INDIANAPOLIS

YEAR	Administration		Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
	Average Number Officers and Employees	Enrolled	Daily Average		Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Administration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsistence	Gross Maintenance	
1910.....	86	295	284.34		\$73,087.99	.....	\$73,087.99	\$2.99	\$3.11	\$154.77	\$49.76	\$46.41	\$237.04	\$8.29
1911.....	88	288	296.73		76,191.84	.....	76,191.84	2.62	.93	151.67	53.34	48.21	256.77	8.22
1912.....	96	317	301.5		87,637.95	.....	87,637.95	3.50	5.06	157.48	66.09	58.54	290.67	1.09
1913.....	94	307	283.80		85,980.09	.....	85,980.09	2.53	7.50	169.44	61.11	62.27	302.85	1.94
1914.....	94	323	298.19		93,732.00	\$9,394.52	103,126.52	1.92	10.05	169.55	71.01	61.80	314.33	2.01
1915.....	94	307	298.35		93,347.00	.....	93,347.00	1.66	10.02	178.03	65.09	58.08	312.88	2.25
1916.....	99	325	284.76		93,184.82	.....	93,184.82	1.46	10.53	181.38	73.12	60.75	327.24	1.11
1917.....	95	314	297		93,246.92	.....	93,246.92	2.71	10.05	169.57	69.89	61.74	313.66	2.64
1918.....	97	298	284.26		93,753.26	.....	93,753.26	1.07	10.00	174.52	81.60	62.63	339.82	.....
1919 [†]	85	304	272.25		54,850.94	.....	54,850.94	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1920.....	92	319	293.61		138.77	123,996.46	123,996.46	79	18.89	194.20	102.74	102.59	421.81	8.97
1921.....	87	301	297.00		123,857.69	.....	123,857.69	72	15.78	234.48	149.35	93.53	493.81	6.65
1922.....	87	309	301.13		133,488.28	3,547.59	137,035.87	55	20.93	234.94	133.20	73.98	433.20	10.30
1923.....	95	322	311.29		137,794.53	5,025.37	142,819.90	72	15.97	232.86	133.64	53.32	436.51	20.00
1924.....	99	342	328.9		151,417.72	15,628.34	167,046.06	1.89	17.57	234.66	100.37	58.63	412.87	23.27
1925.....	99	348	349		140,682.41	.....	140,682.41	1.80	13.76	220.83	111.44	55.60	403.13	24.11
1926.....	98	332	364.4		151,089.23	6,309.08	157,398.31	1.14	12.39	229.21	106.99	64.69	414.62	31.97

[†]From June 15, 1918 to January 1, 1919 the property was occupied by the War Department as an Army Training School. This accounts for the low expense compared with previous years. The School session 1918-1919 was not held; that of 1919-20 opened September 23, 1919.

TABLE 25. INDIANA STATE PRISON, MICHIGAN CITY

YEAR	Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products	
	Administration	Enrolled	Daily Average	Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Administration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsistence		Gross Maintenance
1910.....	63	1,097	1,112.92	\$154,297.38	\$110,515.01	\$264,812.39	\$4.14	\$4.49	\$54.38	\$38.27	\$37.45	\$138.73	\$3.07
1911.....	71	1,071	1,077.5	154,766.42	28,189.66	182,956.08	5.65	4.63	58.28	38.11	36.96	143.63	2.04
1912.....	66	1,156	1,126.76	163,641.37	21,177.65	184,819.02	3.61	6.65	55.35	42.12	37.50	145.23	1.77
1913.....	73	1,185	1,207.39	182,549.77	2,394.42	184,944.19	4.91	6.21	55.15	47.52	37.39	151.18	1.29
1914.....	69	1,137	1,157.74	176,257.28	32,673.87	208,931.15	4.61	6.48	59.34	44.75	37.06	152.24	1.52
1915.....	81	1,351	1,231.76	194,808.25	23,019.56	217,827.81	10.30	6.08	51.46	46.04	44.28	158.16	2.32
1916.....	84	1,279	1,201.95	204,040.59	17,381.69	221,422.28	8.10	7.68	51.01	46.72	43.25	156.76	3.55
1917.....	84	1,290	1,209.61	249,043.85	29,564.61	278,608.46	3.34	10.04	65.06	73.14	54.31	205.89	3.62
1918.....	72	1,322	1,232.92	282,559.80	5,859.90	274,664.13	6.48	5.52	61.87	72.87	71.58	218.02	16.47
1919.....	71	1,980	1,062.32	292,559.80	12,477.23	305,037.03	15.22	9.41	73.13	84.07	88.57	275.40	14.42
1920.....	57	881	909.79	233,505.59	13,625.12	247,130.71	17.67	8.58	99.46	51.22	79.72	256.65	25.17
1921.....	60	1,352	1,119.28	229,903.22	.....	229,903.22	17.54	8.93	75.28	59.35	61.30	205.40	14.74
1922.....	65	1,430	1,409.96	324,524.47	11,478.20	336,002.67	17.94	4.66	84.97	63.72	63.72	239.47	12.68
1923.....	70	1,750	1,468.14	351,609.40	18,499.80	370,109.20	16.20	6.81	81.02	74.59	68.88	239.19	11.37
1924.....	75	2,205	1,780.87	383,274.65	18,023.85	401,298.50	16.01	5.65	75.89	56.91	60.75	215.21	11.87
1925.....	75	2,264	1,777.55	392,453.57	11,348.25	403,831.82	16.39	6.83	78.78	49.12	69.68	220.80	11.87
1926.....	75	2,289	1,757.51	369,525.26	2,574.56	372,099.82	15.68	2.66	70.56	48.49	72.86	210.25	4.15

†This includes a number of men transferred from the Reformatory at Jeffersonville pending the opening of the New Reformatory at Pendleton.

‡Includes paroled men and suspended sentence cases under supervision, not counted heretofore.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

TABLE 26. INDIANA REFORMATORY, PENDLETON

YEAR	Population		Expenditures				Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					Farm Products	
	Adminis- tration	Enrolled	Daily Average	Mainte- nance	Perman- ent Improve- ments	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Adminis- tration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsist- ence		Gross Mainte- nance
1910 (Jeffersonville).....	82.81	1,068	1,106.23	\$198,638.58	\$30,769.57	\$229,408.15	\$11.93	\$5.42	\$65.33	\$54.36	\$42.52	\$179.56	\$0.46
.....	85.66	1,101	1,091.55	192,453.05	11,807.25	204,260.30	11.12	5.46	65.84	49.31	44.58	176.31	89
.....	90.15	1,090	1,136.64	190,801.44	9,967.41	200,768.85	9.90	5.38	66.84	45.95	47.81	175.78	81
.....	82.62	956	989.72	191,285.61	7,984.68	199,270.29	7.92	6.05	77.02	51.99	50.93	193.27	84
.....	77.48	1,030	1,004.11	200,312.27	15,782.56	222,094.83	13.67	9.96	75.46	56.07	54.29	208.45	77
.....	86.68	1,275	1,168.13	216,004.02	38,414.17	254,418.19	10.43	7.92	70.60	49.97	46.00	184.92	172
.....	99.90	1,342	1,304.67	235,994.71	28,325.84	264,320.55	10.22	7.62	70.82	47.91	44.31	180.83	4.65
.....	88.44	1,313	1,276.85	242,128.62	19,801.56	254,929.88	9.88	9.78	64.97	48.81	56.19	189.63	11.04
.....	77.14	1,441	1,016.45	276,208.56	34,907.89	311,116.45	10.05	9.83	73.97	92.49	85.38	271.74	11.15
.....	57.80	707	662.08	234,807.81	16,800.96	251,608.77	15.58	16.60	111.18	135.29	91.34	336.99	15.48
.....	61.15	710	709.44	292,001.75	55,872.04	347,873.79	37.34	21.12	108.92	138.31	104.90	411.59	13.85
.....	65.58	791	815.76	392,710.81	69,622.84	360,333.65	12.78	34.52	169.24	151.41	67.34	435.29	9.21
.....	74	878	918.02	330,224.31	15,442.42	335,666.73	21.89	14.52	113.64	135.30	63.47	348.82	10.15
.....	72	133	99.80	8,457.70	349,994.40	358,452.19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	72	4245	752.32	292,419.51	.....	292,419.51	32.62	15.78	136.05	139.15	65.09	388.69	9.83
.....	15	364	137.91	65,249.68	1,333,560.98	1,398,810.66	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	80	41,836	811.79	272,286.96	1,291,141.78	1,563,528.32	43.11	3.94	142.23	62.18	84.08	335.54	\$6.89
.....	75	2,249	1,354.62	335,286.96	135,739.10	471,040.06	25.72	1.54	78.47	70.49	71.29	247.51	4.14
.....	82	2,777	1,637.93	392,822.93	114,295.58	507,118.51	25.68	8.74	73.45	59.29	69.78	236.94	6.23

†Includes paroled men not heretofore counted.

TABLE 27. INDIANA STATE FARM, PUTNAMVILLE

YEAR	Administration		Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					Farm Products
	Average Number Officers and Employees	Enrolled	Daily Average	Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Administration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsistence	Gross Maintenance	
1915.....	21.91	604	439.95	\$53,598.72	\$50,729.46	\$104,328.18	\$16.19	\$0.11	\$20.14	\$49.21	\$36.18	\$121.83	\$3.13
1916.....	32	619	663.82	133,309.72	44,324.32	178,454.04	18.92	19.37	29.00	71.80	62.03	201.12	19.84
1917.....	34.13	636	683.22	140,741.03	24,853.70	165,594.73	23.22	12.88	33.85	79.06	66.04	203.09	37.63
1918.....	36.46	371	532.37	108,352.53	36,041.69	144,394.21	35.40	15.75	30.41	83.86	43.23	234.33	88.60
1919.....	36	320	393.07	93,115.56	48,359.08	141,494.21	47.31	14.77	74.07	106.86	29.32	262.53	144.95
1920.....	36	320	393.07	93,115.56	13,832.03	81,834.82	23.19	11.53	55.15	108.69	11.81	252.31	168.27
1921.....	36	320	434.47	95,206.24	13,832.03	81,834.82	23.19	11.53	55.15	108.69	11.81	252.31	168.27
1922.....	43	453	525.45	104,011.85	16,903.63	117,913.69	13.66	10.45	52.13	85.97	20.37	187.81	72.49
1923.....	40	468	533.42	104,011.85	19,311.58	109,993.12	23.34	19.83	47.42	81.27	20.50	173.06	72.49
1924.....	46.90	613	586.35	130,411.70	68,333.56	198,755.31	29.35	10.57	60.65	74.88	38.06	232.41	64.86
1925.....	51.58	807	719.24	171,557.05	34,549.97	206,109.02	39.07	24.00	54.80	75.05	44.70	238.53	58.93
1926.....	61.54	1,069	891.35	145,208.31	59,120.75	204,329.06	21.43	11.86	44.33	42.41	42.88	192.91	50.79

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

TABLE 28. INDIANA WOMAN'S PRISON, INDIANAPOLIS

YEAR	Administration		Population		Expenditures			Per Capita Cost of Maintenance					Farm Products
	Average Number Officers and Employees	Enrolled	Daily Average	Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Administration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Dep'ts.	Subsistence	Gross Maintenance	
1910.....	20	116	110.51	\$27,930.88	.....	\$27,990.88	\$12.14	\$24.82	\$92.81	\$75.57	\$47.94	\$253.28	\$2.97
1911.....	20	126	118.99	29,603.64	\$1,800.00	31,403.64	3.41	26.43	88.41	87.86	42.68	248.79	3.43
1912.....	19	141	140.46	32,352.88	.....	32,352.88	9.59	18.70	73.59	80.23	48.22	230.33	1.75
1913.....	19	141	140.01	30,005.50	.....	30,005.50	8.75	13.98	72.86	78.16	40.56	214.31	2.10
1914.....	23	94	116.74	30,009.35	1,250.00	31,259.35	13.86	20.04	94.90	78.92	49.34	257.06	3.35
1915.....	17	165	122.78	31,751.85	.....	31,751.85	13.41	22.84	89.01	88.71	46.64	258.61	11.00
1916.....	22	148	146.54	35,090.75	1,000.00	36,090.75	18.40	14.87	78.62	78.42	49.15	239.46	10.64
1917.....	24	210	166.66	39,108.07	.....	39,108.07	12.42	13.23	69.16	75.56	64.29	234.66	14.53
1918.....	22	105	132.66	34,853.84	.....	34,853.84	6.59	15.03	88.57	91.76	60.78	262.73	20.92
1919.....	21	90	96.21	35,683.91	729.70	36,413.61	11.30	30.54	127.09	118.49	83.48	370.90	49.00
1920.....	22	73	82.79	38,230.42	943.82	39,174.24	10.24	38.31	173.00	148.83	91.28	461.66	57.26
1921.....	21	91	85.42	37,132.58	1,960.47	39,133.74	12.78	34.52	169.24	151.41	67.34	435.29	23.21
1922.....	98	94	94.03	36,235.81	.....	36,265.81	15.61	28.75	148.49	137.09	54.74	385.68	22.56
1923.....	21	126	120.34	38,248.79	.....	38,248.79	17.42	19.60	117.35	113.06	50.41	317.84	25.74
1924.....	20	183	119.51	36,620.64	.....	36,620.64	10.76	18.37	122.59	104.79	49.91	306.42	63.52
1925.....	21	197	147.25	39,451.55	.....	39,451.55	8.73	18.04	107.41	87.49	46.25	267.92	43.76
1926.....	22	235	168.36	50,452.19	.....	50,452.19	22.57	21.04	96.70	109.15	50.21	299.67	51.98

1Includes paroled women not heretofore counted.

TABLE 29. INDIANA GIRLS' SCHOOL, CLERMONT

YEAR	Administration		Population		Expenditures				Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
	Average Number Officers and Employees	Enrolled	Daily Average	Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Administration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsistence	Gross Maintenance			
1910.....	51.7	326	318.65	\$77,218.32	\$36,605.67	\$103,824.19	\$14.33	\$33.15	\$74.67	\$81.40	\$38.02	\$241.57	\$10.81		
1911.....	55	290	309.76	72,286.26	.....	72,286.26	14.36	6.69	74.97	93.71	43.63	233.36	14.17	
1912.....	61	322	316.59	77,636.24	.....	77,636.24	13.99	13.57	92.58	78.77	46.32	245.23	9.06	
1913.....	62	285	307.05	77,936.97	8,807.77	81,804.74	12.61	18.20	94.29	78.74	50.18	254.02	11.28		
1914.....	66	295	287.72	79,898.14	31,809.74	111,707.88	11.41	26.60	104.43	88.79	46.46	277.69	57.43		
1915.....	74	317	305.48	80,158.41	12,076.15	92,234.56	18.66	17.61	95.99	84.47	45.76	262.40	24.05		
1916.....	65.25	344	323.58	78,785.14	4,494.11	83,279.25	13.55	17.50	95.80	66.31	50.32	248.22	23.01		
1917.....	65.16	372	362.54	89,991.35	.....	89,991.35	16.78	13.77	86.21	69.38	62.08	243.48	21.82	
1918.....	66.88	365	361.15	98,301.15	43,799.54	142,100.69	20.44	13.84	89.23	81.32	67.36	272.19	37.88		
1919.....	71.47	372	378.32	107,224.76	6,492.52	113,717.28	17.58	13.19	91.21	85.85	75.58	283.41	26.61		
1920.....	66.41	367	380.26	128,584.13	4,691.22	133,275.37	26.02	13.14	101.68	102.70	95.27	338.81	25.60		
1921.....	65.32	368	370.69	128,560.63	.....	128,560.63	20.04	21.57	111.16	120.61	73.43	346.81	25.38	
1922.....	69.67	333	362.52	124,789.94	6,037.63	131,827.57	13.57	16.54	122.54	127.82	63.76	344.23	20.71		
1923.....	67.72	333	337.32	136,495.91	26,951.29	153,447.20	16.53	17.78	137.86	139.87	62.66	375.00	31.54		
1924.....	70.11	*429	343.52	118,584.40	6,485.18	125,080.20	10.32	12.20	144.93	121.11	56.64	345.20	37.09		
1925.....	69.98	404	330.37	120,095.56	2,885.18	122,950.74	12.84	30.41	152.21	100.90	67.19	363.55	35.27		
1926.....	71.64	391	326.19	116,179.38	30,761.30	146,940.68	14.91	14.69	159.08	102.47	65.02	356.17	44.13		

*Includes girls on parole not heretofore counted.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

TABLE 30. INDIANA BOYS' SCHOOL, PLAINFIELD

YEAR	Administration		Population		Expenditures		Per Capita Cost of Maintenance						Farm Products
	Average Number Officers and Employees	Enrolled	Daily Average	Maintenance	Permanent Improvements	Total	Clothing	Repairs	Administration	Office, Domestic and Outdoor Depts.	Subsistence	Gross Maintenance	
1910.....	55.28	666	681.81	\$120,284.74	\$6,449.69	\$126,734.43	\$21.38	\$10.27	\$44.13	\$68.59	\$32.05	\$176.42	\$24.51
1911.....	59.29	602	640.15	114,097.15	18,588.72	132,685.87	20.84	10.93	50.13	67.69	28.64	178.23	31.57
1912.....	58.45	963	391.48	112,223.46	8,155.96	115,379.42	22.50	16.90	70.49	50.16	29.68	189.73	22.98
1913.....	61.74	955	559.62	110,571.43	9,519.04	120,090.47	15.32	19.20	88.34	45.22	29.50	197.58	23.72
1914.....	66.4	945	552.03	118,797.34	90,019.47	208,816.81	17.92	20.11	98.55	49.38	29.24	215.20	22.13
1915.....	67.80	953	556.50	117,863.50	.....	117,863.50	16.00	17.63	100.71	46.96	30.50	211.80	32.00
1916.....	66.20	954	546.84	121,583.15	25,226.27	146,809.42	20.77	18.28	101.42	48.42	33.45	222.34	37.26
1917.....	63.01	972	570.32	123,614.11	20,276.11	143,890.22	14.77	17.53	95.06	56.32	33.07	216.75	39.71
1918.....	58.46	954	550.21	127,603.46	32,846.58	160,450.04	18.64	18.17	96.14	73.58	25.39	231.92	84.26
1919.....	57.01	941	546.18	135,548.97	8,370.18	143,919.15	25.05	18.31	104.63	83.24	16.95	248.18	70.96
1920.....	53.35	927	554.05	154,761.37	35,288.49	190,049.86	34.66	25.63	103.58	91.63	23.83	279.83	92.41
1921.....	58.03	914	534.42	157,496.92	8,395.03	165,893.76	30.32	23.39	117.76	102.13	21.11	294.71	78.81
1922.....	61.17	920	530.05	152,496.92	55,175.16	207,672.08	25.15	23.37	123.87	99.22	15.89	287.70	76.24
1923.....	60.64	440	482.64	152,496.92	10,756.26	163,252.97	27.30	23.80	136.28	115.30	11.18	315.96	80.08
1924.....	63.07	*1,100	469.79	143,602.25	33,994.64	177,596.29	16.00	20.96	149.92	107.95	10.84	305.67	94.13
1925.....	65.36	1,044	494.33	161,075.50	25,691.64	186,767.14	21.77	27.95	147.17	109.89	19.07	325.85	91.83
1926.....	66.69	1,057	502.02	161,137.36	29,384.65	190,542.01	25.12	22.72	139.11	93.33	20.73	321.01	99.15

*Includes boys on parole not heretofore counted.

THE INSANE IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS, SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

Districts	State Hospital Capacity	PRESENT IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			NOT IN PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS			Aggregate
		State Hospitals	County Poor Asylums	County Jails	Total	On Furlough from State Hospitals	At Home Reported by County Clerks	Total
Central.....	1,722	1,698	271*	13	1,982	73	18	91
Northern.....	1,293	1,220	28	11	1,259	40	14	54
Eastern.....	1,114	1,087	35	9	1,131	71	10	81
Southern.....	900	848	21	8	877	31	4	35
Southeastern.....	1,424	1,371	19	1	1,391	86	.....	86
Total.....	6,453	6,224	374*	42	6,640	301	46	347
Same for:								
1925.....	6,231	6,024	418	49	6,491	309	46	355
1924.....	6,019	5,831	457	20	6,308	251	76	327
1923.....	5,774	5,720	502	51	6,273	273	131	404
1922.....	5,666	5,634	507	55	6,196	271	130	401
1921.....	5,618	5,469	486	59	6,014	205	119	324
1920.....	5,364	5,304	456	64	5,824	231	130	361
1919.....	5,364	5,221	465	49	5,735	330	152	482
1918.....	5,393	5,192	457	85	5,734	271	142	413
1917.....	5,363	5,335	481	47	5,863	481	103	584
1916.....	5,399	5,323	464	39	5,826	438	100	538

*Of this number 206 are inmates of the Marion County Insane Asylum at Julietta.

THE SUSPENDED SENTENCE LAW

(Adult Probation)

The suspended sentence law was passed in 1907 (Acts of 1907, Chap. 236). Section 1 of the original act was amended in 1909 (Chap. 174) and again in 1919 (Chap. 234). (Burns' 1914: 2175-6 and Supplement of 1921: 2174.)

The statute is based on the assumption that it is possible to reclaim many law-breakers without fixing upon them the stigma of prison life.

Authority to suspend sentence is conferred upon the several circuit and criminal courts whenever the judge in his discretion determines that the penalty of the law should not be imposed because of the circumstances under which the offense was committed, or because the interest of society does not require that the offender shall suffer the penalty if he or she shall thereafter behave well. The law applies to all misdemeanors and to all felonies except burglary, rape, murder, arson, treason and kidnapping. The judge may revoke the order without notice at any time by entering the reason on the order book, and the original sentence must then be carried out.

The law provides for the supervision of offenders released under a suspended sentence. Misdemeanants may be released on probation to the juvenile court probation officer or upon such other terms as the judge may deem proper.

Adult probationers who have been convicted of felony come automatically under the supervision of the institution to which they would otherwise have been committed. They are thereafter under the control of that institution and are subject to the same rules and regulations as govern prisoners who have been paroled from the institution under the indeterminate sentence law. The field agents of the three state institutions affected visit the probationers and accurate statistics are kept.

The law has now been in force nineteen and one-half years, during which time sentence has been suspended in the case of 4,566 felons. Of this number, 1,400 would otherwise have been committed to the State Prison, 3,038 to the Reformatory and 128 to the Woman's Prison. Those who violated their parole numbered 1,207—26.4 per cent. The law provides that such persons shall be taken to prison to serve the original sentence. This was done in the case of 485; the remaining 722 have not been apprehended. Thirty-three of the probationers died, 7 were pardoned by the Governor, 2,907 served the full term of their probation and were discharged; the remaining 412 were under supervision, reporting regularly, September 30, 1926.

THE SUSPENDED SENTENCE LAW

TABLE SHOWING PERSONS (Felons Only) RELEASED ON PROBATION, BY THE TRIAL JUDGES, UNDER THE SUSPENDED SENTENCE LAW, APRIL 1, 1907, TO SEPT. 30, 1926

	Prison	Reformatory	Woman's Prison	Total
Whole number released on probation.....	1,400	3,038	128	4,566
1. Violated parole and committed.....	122	350	13	485
2. Delinquent and at large.....	190	513	19	722
3. Discharged.....	954	1,879	74	2,907
4. Died.....	12	16	5	33
5. Pardoned by Governor while on probation.....		7		7
6. Reporting September 30, 1926.....	122	273	17	412
Total.....	1,400	3,038	128	4,566

THE INDETERMINATE SENTENCE AND PAROLE LAW.

The indeterminate sentence law, applying to male law-breakers (Acts of 1897, Chap. 143), and the Indiana Reformatory Act embodying the indeterminate sentence and parole (Acts of 1897, Chap. 53) were passed at the same session of the Legislature and became operative April 1, 1897. In 1899 the provisions of Chapter 143 of the Acts of 1897 were extended to include the Woman's Prison, effective April 1, 1899. In essentials, the two laws are identical. One difference may be noted. The Reformatory Act made the board of trustees the parole board. Under the other law, under which the State Prison operates, the parole board was composed of the trustees, warden, physician and chaplain of the respective institutions. In 1907 (Acts of 1907, Chap. 98), the prison trustees alone were made the parole board for the state prison, but the Woman's Prison parole board remains as originally constituted.

In 1905, when the penal code was revised, the indeterminate sentence law was included (Acts of 1905, pp. 644-5), but again made no mention of women offenders.

The various laws will be found in Burns' Revised Statutes of 1914, Sections 2151-2, 3437, 9870-9, 9907-15 and 9952-5. Their constitutionality has been upheld by the Supreme Court.

The laws as now operative apply to men over 16 years of age and women over 18, convicted of felony, except those committed for life. In recent years there has been a tendency on the part of the General Assembly to fix a definite sentence for certain crimes; e. g., "Bolshevism" (1919), for which the sentence is five years or a fine of \$5,000, or both; also, auto-banditry (1921), "any determinate period not less than 10 nor more than 25 years." For the most part, sentences are indeterminate within the limits of the minimum and the maximum specified in the Acts of the crime committed.

A prisoner whose minimum term has been served may apply to the board of trustees of the institution for release on parole, and the board may grant the parole "if there is reasonable probability that such applicant will live and remain at liberty without violating the law."

The board is prohibited from entertaining any form of application or petition for the release of a prisoner except of the prisoner himself. The board's decision is based upon the prisoner's record, which record, the law requires, shall include a biographical sketch covering such items as may indicate the cause of the criminal character or conduct of the prisoner and also a record of his demeanor, education and labor while confined in prison.

A paroled prisoner may be held under supervision until the expiration of the maximum term of his sentence, and may be returned to prison at any time the prison authorities believe he has violated his parole or is about to lapse into criminal ways or company. On the other hand, the parole board has authority to grant him an absolute discharge at any time it appears reasonably probable that he will be a law-abiding citizen and his discharge is not incompatible with the welfare of society.

STATISTICS

The following statistical table shows the results of the paroles granted by the State Prison, Reformatory and Woman's Prison, since the passage of the law. The law bears no relation whatever to executive clemency; therefore pardons and paroles granted by the Governor are not included, except an occasional pardon granted a prisoner who is on parole. As indicated below, such have been issued to 62 persons. Nor should parole under the indeterminate sentence law be confused with probation under the suspended sentence law, statistics of which appear in another part of this report.

The indeterminate sentence and parole law became operative April 1, 1897. In the 29½ years from that date to September 30, 1926, the State Prison has paroled 7,404 prisoners, the Reformatory 11,669 and the Woman's Prison 599, a total of 19,672. This number constituted about 75 per cent of the whole number released. Of the remaining 25 per cent some died in prison, some were discharged having completed the maximum term of their sentences, some were pardoned or paroled by the Governor, some (a very small number) escaped.

It must be remembered that the 19,672 prisoners released on parole would, sooner or later, have left the institution, since all were serving sentences having a maximum limit, beyond which they could not be held. Leaving on parole as they did, all were subject to supervision and the rule is to maintain it for at least a year. Every paroled prisoner, therefore, serves at least his minimum sentence (many are held much longer) and in addition he is held under supervision for at least one year outside the prison. For this purpose the State Prison employs three agents, the Reformatory four, and the Woman's Prison one. It is their duty to find employment for prisoners about to be paroled, place them and visit them frequently thereafter, until satisfied that in all likelihood they will continue self-supporting and law-abiding. The records of the past 29½ years show that 66 per cent (12,905) of the paroled prisoners served their parole period satisfactorily and were discharged; 25 per cent (4,890) were delinquent, 5 per cent (1,073) were reporting on September 30, 1926, and the remaining 4 per cent

included 487 who were discharged because their maximum terms expired while they were on parole, 62 who were pardoned by the Governor and 255 who died during the parole period. Of the 4,890 who violated their parole, 2,541 have been apprehended and returned to prison. The percentage of unsatisfactory cases was 24.04 at the State Prison, 25.1 at the Reformatory and 30.05 at the Woman's Prison. The general average of unsatisfactory cases was 24.8 per cent.

Paroled prisoners must earn their own way, and report regularly their earnings and expenditures. Their savings, at the end of their parole period, averaged \$68.62 each.

PAROLES UNDER THE INDETERMINATE SENTENCE LAW

APRIL 1, 1897, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Prison	Reformatory	Woman's Prison	Total
Whole number released on parole.....	7,404	11,669	599	19,672
Of the above number there were:				
Returned for violation of parole.....	1,182	1,234	125	2,541
Delinquent and at large Sept. 30, 1926...	598	1,606	55	2,349
Given final discharge.....	4,947	7,627	331	12,905
Discharged because sentence expired.....	188	268	31	487
Pardoned by Governor.....		53	9	62
Died while on parole.....	106	137	12	255
Reporting September 30, 1926.....	383	654	36	1,073
Total.....	7,404	11,669	599	19,672
Percentage of unsatisfactory cases.....	24.04	25.1	30.05	24.8
Earnings.....	\$3,467,868 00	\$4,120,733 44	\$39,312 68	\$7,627,914 12
Expenses.....	2,825,994 50	3,419,481 21	32,396 82	6,277,872 53
Balance.....	\$641,873 50	\$701,252 23	\$6,915 86	\$1,350,041 59

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

For the crimes of treason and of murder in the first degree, the laws of Indiana prescribe a sentence of death or of imprisonment for life. (Acts 1905, p. 660.)

Prior to 1889 the death penalty was inflicted by means of hanging, and execution took place in the counties, publicly, usually at the jail. In 1889 a law was passed directing that persons convicted in the northern half of the state were to be executed by hanging at the State Prison at Michigan City, those convicted in the southern half at the State Prison at Jeffersonville. (Acts 1889, p. 192.)

The law of 1889 was amended in 1901 (after the prison at Jeffersonville became the Reformatory), to provide that all executions should take place at the State Prison at Michigan City. (Acts 1901, p. 4.)

In 1913 electrocution was substituted for hanging. (Acts 1913, p. 844.)

Twenty-six men have been executed at the State Prison since the enactment of the law of 1901. The law applies equally to men and women, but no women have been executed. Between the dates November 15, 1901, and February 8, 1907, twelve men were hanged. Then for

a period of seven years there were no executions. From February 20, 1914 to March 26, 1926, there were fourteen electrocutions.

Of the 26 men executed, 12 were colored, 14 white. Nine were born in Indiana, twelve in states south of Indiana, four in foreign countries. The birthplace of one is not recorded. The following table shows the age and color of the 26 men:

AGE	White	Colored	Total
Under 20 years.....		1	1
20 to 30 years.....	5	5	10
30 to 40 years.....	5	4	9
40 to 50 years.....	3	2	5
50 to 60 years.....			
60 to 70 years.....	1		1
Total.....	14	12	26

The counties committing these men were as follows: Bartholomew 1, Gibson 2, Lake 5, Marion 6, Montgomery 1, Porter 3, Vanderburgh 2, Vigo 4, Wabash 1 and Warrick 1.

EXECUTIONS AT INDIANA STATE PRISON

NOVEMBER 15, 1901, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

AGE AT TIME OF DEATH	Color	Nativity	County Committed From	Date
40.....	White.....	Indiana.....	Gibson.....	Nov. 15, 1901
63.....	White.....	Indiana.....	Wabash.....	Jan. 17, 1902
45.....	White.....	Indiana.....	Warrick.....	June 6, 1902
49.....	Colored.....	Indiana.....	Gibson.....	Sept. 26, 1902
27.....	Colored.....	Tennessee.....	Vigo.....	April 16, 1903
26.....	White.....	Indiana.....	Vanderburgh.....	June 12, 1903
45.....	Colored.....	Tennessee.....	Marion.....	June 12, 1903
35.....	White.....	Indiana.....	Marion.....	Nov. 13, 1903
34.....	Colored.....	Indiana.....	Vigo.....	July 1, 1904
28.....	White.....	Kentucky.....	Vigo.....	July 8, 1904
30.....	Colored.....	Kentucky.....	Porter.....	June 30, 1905
28.....	Colored.....	Kentucky.....	Marion.....	Feb. 8, 1907
35.....	White.....	Indiana.....	Lake.....	Feb. 20, 1914
40.....	White.....	Austria.....	Vigo.....	Feb. 20, 1914
34.....	Colored.....	Kentucky.....	Vanderburgh.....	Oct. 16, 1914
24.....	Colored.....	Mississippi.....	Marion.....	Feb. 1, 1916
19.....	Colored.....	Indiana.....	Marion.....	Aug. 5, 1920
21.....	Colored.....	Mississippi.....	Lake.....	Dec. 10, 1920
35.....	White.....	Kentucky.....	Montgomery.....	June 1, 1922
33.....	White.....	Indiana.....	Bartholomew.....	Dec. 1, 1922
26.....	White.....	Kentucky.....	Porter.....	Nov. 14, 1924
29.....	White.....	Italy.....	Lake.....	Jan. 30, 1925
32.....	White.....	Russia.....	Lake.....	Oct. 16, 1925
25.....	Colored.....	Tennessee.....	Marion.....	Jan. 15, 1926
27.....	White.....	Lithuania.....	Lake.....	Jan. 21, 1926
36.....	Colored.....	Mississippi.....	Porter.....	Mar. 26, 1926

COUNTY HOSPITALS

Two kinds of county hospitals may be established under the laws of Indiana: general and tuberculosis.

COUNTY GENERAL HOSPITALS

Any county in the state may establish a general hospital under Chapter 144, Acts of 1917, as amended by Chapter 115, Acts of 1923,

Chapters 52 and 72, Acts of 1927. There must be established in connection with it a department for the detention of persons whose sanity is being officially inquired into. There may be, if desired, a training school for nurses, a department for the treatment of persons suffering from tuberculosis and a veterinary laboratory.

The law provides for a referendum vote on petition of two hundred resident freeholders of the county. The project may be voted on at a regular election, or at one called for the purpose. If the vote is favorable, the county commissioners must purchase or build a hospital, and if necessary may issue bonds to cover the cost of the building and its maintenance. The tax levy is limited to two mills on the dollar, for a period of not to exceed twenty years. Plans and specifications must be approved by the Board of State Charities.

For the management of the hospitals, the county commissioners appoint a board of four trustees, two of whom may be women. Not more than two shall be of the same political belief. Practicing physicians are not eligible. The trustees appoint the superintendent and fix the compensation of all employees.

These hospitals are established for the benefit of the inhabitants of the county in which they are located and of any person falling sick or being injured within its limits. The board of trustees may extend its privileges to non-residents. The board of trustees fixes the charge for hospital care. This is paid by the township trustee if the patient in an indigent. The average charge for indigent patients is \$17.50 per week.

Adams, Bartholomew, Blackford, Boone, Cass, Clark, Clinton, Daviess, Decatur, Hamilton, Huntington, Jasper, Knox, Miami, Montgomery, Morgan, Putnam, Randolph, Sullivan, Vermillion, Wabash and Wells counties (22 altogether) own and operate general hospitals. There are hospitals in Grant, Jay and Marshall counties generally known as "County Hospitals", but each is owned and managed by a private association. Huntington and Knox County Hospitals are maintaining training schools for nurses.

DIRECTORY

The Adams County Hospital, Mercer Street, Decatur. Erected by the county commissioners. Plans approved May 15, 1922. Opened in July, 1923. Capacity, 40.

The Bartholomew County Hospital, East 17th Street, Columbus. Erected by the county commissioners. Opened in February, 1917. Capacity, 40.

The Blackford County Hospital, Vancleave Street, Hartford City. Erected by the county commissioners. Plans approved July 27, 1921. Opened in April, 1923. Capacity, 35.

The Boone County Memorial Hospital, 1124 North Lebanon Street, Lebanon. Erected, with the aid of the county commissioners, as a memorial to Flavius J. Withams. Opened in February, 1917. Capacity, 35.

The Cass County Hospital, 1101 Michigan Avenue, Logansport.

Erected by the county commissioners. Plans approved March 22, 1923. Opened in May, 1925. Capacity, 70.

The Clark County Hospital, Sparks Avenue, Jeffersonville. Building formerly used as a private hospital. Purchased by the county commissioners in 1920. Plans and specifications for remodeling of the building approved by the Board of State Charities June 20, 1921. Building opened in June, 1922. Capacity, 36.

The Clinton County Hospital, South Jackson Street, Frankfort. Erected by the county commissioners. Plans approved October 20, 1921. Opened in June, 1923. Capacity, 50.

The Daviess County Hospital, 1302 Grand Avenue, Washington. Formerly an orphans' home. Refurnished and opened as a hospital in April, 1915. An addition, plans and specifications for which are approved February 3, 1926, is under construction. This will increase the capacity (now 20) to 50.

The Decatur County Hospital, Lincoln and First Streets, Greensburg. Erected by the county commissioners as a memorial to soldiers of the World War. Plans and specifications approved by the Board of State Charities January 22, 1920. Hospital opened February, 1922. Capacity, 36.

The Hamilton County Hospital, 148 North Ninth Street, Noblesville. Formerly a private institution. Purchased by the county commissioners in January, 1914. Capacity, 30.

The Huntington County Hospital, Etna Avenue, Huntington. Built by the county commissioners. Opened in September, 1917. Capacity, 35. Conducts a training school for nurses. A building erected by the county commissioners for use as a nurses' home was opened January 1, 1920.

The Jasper County Hospital, South Cullen Street, Rensselaer. Erected by the county commissioners. Opened in January, 1917. Capacity, 18.

The Knox County Hospital, known also as the Good Samaritan Hospital, South Seventh and Dubois Streets, Vincennes. Erected by the county commissioners. Opened in February, 1908. An addition opened in September, 1921. Capacity, 100. Conducts a training school for nurses. Nurses' home opened in September, 1921. Plans and specifications for the addition and for the nurses' home approved by the Board of State Charities, July 19, 1920.

The Miami County Hospital, Grant and 12th Streets, Peru. Formerly known as the Dukes Memorial Hospital, managed by an association. Became a county hospital January, 1926. Capacity, 25.

The Montgomery County Hospital (formerly the L. L. Culver Union Hospital), Whitlock Place, Crawfordsville. Erected by the L. L. Culver Union Hospital Association in 1902. Transferred to Montgomery County April 8, 1924. Capacity, 25.

The Morgan County Hospital, South Main Street, Martinsville. Building and grounds donated, county paying cost of remodeling. Plans approved September 30, 1919. Opened April 15, 1924. Capacity, 35.

The Putnam County Hospital, Greenwood Avenue, Greencastle.

Erected by the county commissioners. Plans and specifications approved by the Board of State Charities, February 8, 1922. Opened in August, 1923. Capacity, 45.

The Randolph County Hospital, Greenville Avenue, Winchester. Formerly the Hetty Vorhis Memorial Home for Aged Women. Deeded to the county in January, 1919, for use as a county hospital. Plans and specifications for remodeling building approved by the Board of State Charities, July 2, 1919. Opened in February, 1921. Capacity, 25.

The Sullivan County Hospital, 320 Section Street, Sullivan. Erected by the county commissioners. Opened in September, 1918. By means of a bequest the hospital was enabled to build an addition which was opened in 1926, increasing the capacity (formerly 32) to 60.

The Vermillion County Hospital, South Main Street, Clinton. Erected by the county commissioners. Plans approved October 4, 1921. Opened July 15, 1924. Capacity, 60.

The Wabash County Hospital, 670 North East Street, Wabash. Erected by the county commissioners. Plans and specifications approved by the Board of State Charities, August 19, 1919. Opened in September, 1921. Capacity, 42.

The Wells County Hospital, 1302 South Main Street, Bluffton. Erected by the county commissioners. Opened in January, 1918. Capacity, 30. Plans for an addition were approved by the Board of State Charities, August 14, 1921. Its construction has been postponed because of high cost of labor and materials.

COUNTY TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITALS

The law authorizing the establishment of county tuberculosis hospitals is Chapter 176, Acts of 1913, as amended by Chapter 170, Acts of 1917, Chapter 19, Acts of 1920, Chapter 55, Acts of 1925 and Chapter 59, Acts of 1927. The purpose is "the care and treatment of persons suffering from the disease known as tuberculosis".

The county commissioners may vote to establish such a hospital. The law becomes mandatory if there is a favorable referendum vote following a petition to the commissioners signed by two hundred resident freeholders of the county. The question must be submitted to the voters at a regular election. The commissioners are authorized to acquire a suitable location and building and appoint a board of managers, at least two of whom shall be practicing physicians. This board appoints a superintendent, fixes the salary of all officers and employes and maintains general control of the hospital, reporting from time to time to the county commissioners. Plans and specifications must be approved by the State Board of Health.

Any person suffering from tuberculosis who has been a resident of the county for one year is eligible for admission to the hospital, on application to the superintendent.

The commissioners of a county which has no tuberculosis hospital may enter into a contract with a county operating a hospital, by which non-resident indigent patients may be cared for.

The per capita cost of hospital care is determined by the board of

managers. Indigent and partially indigent patients are a charge upon the county of which they are residents.

Two or more counties may join in the establishment and maintenance of a tuberculosis hospital.

DIRECTORY

Six counties, Allen, Lake, Madison, Marion, St. Joseph and Vanderburgh, own and operate tuberculosis hospitals.

The Allen County Tuberculosis Hospital, Rural Route 1, Fort Wayne. Opened August 19, 1919. Erected by the county commissioners. Capacity, 180.

The Lake County Tuberculosis Hospital, Crown Point. Opened October 1, 1925. Erected by the county commissioners. Capacity, 101.

The Madison County Tuberculosis Hospital, Anderson. Opened June 29, 1924. Erected by the county commissioners. Capacity, 50.

The Marion County Tuberculosis Hospital ("Sunnyside"), Oaklandon. Opened September 15, 1917. Erected by the county commissioners. Capacity, 180. Patients from outside Marion County not accepted.

The St. Joseph County Tuberculosis Hospital, Rural Route 5, South Bend. Located five miles north of South Bend. Opened in 1913. Erected by the county commissioners. Capacity, 115.

The Vanderburgh County Tuberculosis Hospital (Boehne Camp). formerly a private tuberculosis hospital, is located on the lower Mt. Vernon Road, near Evansville. Opened in 1907. Transferred to county in 1924. Capacity, 80.

THE COUNTY POOR ASYLUMS

Every county in the state is required by law to maintain an asylum for the poor (Burns' 1914, Section 9744) and to support therein such persons as are placed there by the township overseers of the poor. Poor persons who have legal settlement (one year's residence, without interruption, in a township or county) have legal right to permanent care. (Section 9745.) The overseers are authorized to send non-residents to the asylums for temporary care under certain circumstances if it is deemed advisable.

In 1899 the legislature revised and re-enacted the laws governing the administration of these institutions. Under that law, as amended in 1913, general authority is vested in county commissioners. It provides that they shall appoint the superintendent on the first Monday of January for a term of four years. He must be a reputable citizen of good moral character, kind and humane disposition and good executive ability, who has had a good common school education and is a skilled and experienced farmer. The commissioners prescribe rules and regulations, and with the superintendent's advice and assistance, regulate the number and fix the compensation of matrons, assistants and other employes. They may remove the superintendent from office, but only for cause, and the superintendent has the right of appeal to the

circuit court. The superintendent is required to appoint all employes and he may remove them for cause, which removal must be reported, in writing, to the county commissioners at their next regular meeting. No relative of any commissioner may be employed in any capacity, nor may any relative of the superintendent be employed (except his wife as matron) without the consent of the commissioners.

The law requires commissioners to visit and inspect the asylum at least once in every three months and enter on their record a report of their observations.

Other sections of the law of 1899 have reference to the duties of the superintendent, the purchase of supplies by competitive bids, the disposition of the farm produce and appropriations by the county council. The law, as amended by the legislature of 1913, is found in sections 9781 of Burns' Revised Statutes of 1914. The Board of State Charities will send, to any one requesting it, a copy of Bulletin No. 112, which contains the laws relating to county poor asylums.

The legislature of 1923 passed a law providing that when an inmate is found to have property that is not needed for the support of his or her immediate family, the superintendent shall collect from such property, quarterly, and turn into the county treasury not to exceed \$4.00 per week for the maintenance of such an inmate. (Acts 1923, Chap. 41.)

The legislature of 1899 passed another law of great importance to all county institutions—that which creates the board of county charities and correction. This board is required to visit and inspect each of the county institutions at least quarterly, make such suggestions to improve the administration as it deems proper, and report its observations to the county commissioners. Its purpose is solely that of helpfulness to the inmates, the officers in charge and the public, whom it represents. The reports of the various boards of county charities are of great value to the Board of State Charities, whose duty it is to study the whole system of public charities and make an annual report to the Governor for the use of the legislature.

STATISTICS OF COUNTY POOR ASYLUMS

The 92 county poor asylums and the Marion County Asylum for the Insane have 3,535 inmates. This is an increase of 102 over the census of a year ago. The census is taken on August 31 annually. The figures for this year are only slightly above the average for the past thirty years. In the period under consideration, however, there has come about gradually a change in the makeup of the population which is full of significance. Some thirty years ago there were at times as many as 400 children in these county asylums. Two-thirds of the inmates were under 60 years of age. Now, one rarely finds a child in a county asylum and two-thirds of the inmates are past 60. The exact proportions in the census of 1893, for example, were as follows: Children, 12 per cent; between 17 and 60 years of age, 52 per cent; over 60 years, 36 per cent. The census of 1925 shows one-half of 1 per cent, 32 per cent and 67 per cent, respectively, in these three groups.

Classified as to sex, 2,428 are males; 1,107 are females. The superintendents report that 415 men and 373 women are feeble-minded, 194 men and 180 women are insane, 57 men and 66 women are epileptic. Fifty-two of the epileptics are either insane or feeble-minded and are so counted. This makes a total of 1,233 mental defectives, constituting 35 per cent of the whole number of inmates.

The year began with a population of 3,433. There were 1,538 new admissions and 581 readmissions. There were 659 deaths.

These figures are obtained from reports made quarterly to the Board of State Charities by the superintendents of these institutions. The reports give the name, age, sex, color, marital condition and other facts of personal and family history. They give also a list of all deaths and withdrawals. All these items of information are transferred to the board's card registration of public wards.

The annual financial reports received from county auditors show expenditures by the county asylums for the calendar year 1925, as follows: Repairs, \$98,772.02; salaries and wages, \$265,206.30; supplies, \$701,212.76; total maintenance, \$1,065,191.08. Land and improvements, \$225,887.36. Grand total, \$1,291,078.44. Farm receipts, over and above the produce used in the institutions, amounted to \$191,881.80.

POOR ASYLUM INMATES CLASSIFIED BY AGE AND SEX, AUGUST 31, 1926

AGE	Males	Females	Total	Percentage
Under three years.....	3	.....	3	} .5
3 and under 17.....	8	8	16	
17 and under 30.....	37	40	77	2.2
30 and under 45.....	195	139	334	9.5
45 and under 60.....	461	263	724	20.5
60 and under 75.....	1,032	358	1,390	39.3
75 and over.....	669	279	948	26.8
Age not given.....	23	20	43	1.2
Total.....	2,428	1,107	3,535	100.00

COUNTY POOR

POPULATION,

COUNTIES	Post Office	MENTAL AND PHYSICAL CONDITION									
		Feeble-Minded		Insane		Epileptic		Paralytic and Crippled		Deaf	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Adams.....	Decatur.....	2	6					9	2	1	
Allen.....	Ft. Wayne.....	9	9	8	12		1	24	4		
Bartholomew.....	Columbus.....	3	5				1	4	4		
Benton.....	Fowler.....	2		4	1			3	1		
Blackford.....	Hartford City.....	4	2		1	1		7	1		
Boone.....	Lebanon.....	3	7	2		1	1	5	2	1	
Brown.....	Nashville.....	4	1					1	1		
Carroll.....	Delphi.....	3	1	1			1	3			
Cass.....	Logansport.....	5	2	1		1		9		1	
Clark.....	Charlestown.....	2	4	2				5	5	1	1
Clay.....	Brazil.....	7	7					9	2	1	
Clinton.....	Frankfort.....	6	4	3		2		4	4	1	
Crawford.....	English.....	2	2							1	
Daviess.....	Washington.....	5	2			1		2	1		
Dearborn.....	Aurora.....	2	1		1	1		5	1	1	1
Decatur.....	Greensburg.....	8	2				1	2	1		
Dekalb.....	Auburn.....	3	9	3				6			1
Delaware.....	Selma.....	8	5				1	7	4		1
Dubois.....	Jasper.....	1	1	1	1			8			
Elkhart.....	Goshen.....	7	8	5	1	3	1	6	5		
Fayette.....	Connersville.....	1	1				1	5			
Floyd.....	New Albany.....	10	3			1		6	2		
Fountain.....	Covington.....	8	8	2	3	2	1	6	1	1	3
Franklin.....	Brookville.....	3	1	1				4			
Fulton.....	Rochester.....	2	3		1		1	6	2		
Gibson.....	Princeton.....	8	3		1	1	1	5	2	1	
Grant.....	Marion.....	8	7	1		2	2	11	4	2	
Greene.....	Bloomfield.....	5	5		1		2	3	2		
Hamilton.....	Noblesville.....	3	5	1	5			5		1	
Hancock.....	Greenfield.....	1	1				1	1			2
Harrison.....	Corydon.....	5	3		1			3	1	1	
Hendricks.....	Danville.....	5	3	1	1	1		4	1		
Henry.....	Newcastle.....	7	11	1	3	1	2	4	2	5	
Howard.....	Kokomo.....	6	8				1	4	5		
Huntington.....	Huntington.....	6	4					7	1	1	
Jackson.....	Brownstown.....	2	2			1	3				
Jasper.....	Rensselaer.....		4	2							
Jay.....	Portland.....	5	7		1		1	3			
Jefferson.....	Madison.....	3	7						1		1
Jennings.....	Vernon.....	3	2	1			1	4		1	
Johnson.....	Franklin.....	3	3		1		1	2			
Knox.....	Vincennes.....	8	5		1	1		9			
Kosciusko.....	Warsaw.....	10	7	1		1		7			
Lagrange.....	Lagrange.....	2	1					3	1		
Lake.....	Crown Point.....	3	2	6	1			31	2		1
LaPorte.....	LaPorte.....	2	5	1	2	2		13	2	2	
Lawrence.....	Bedford.....	3	4					3	3		
Madison.....	Anderson.....	5	5	4		1		14	5	1	1
Marion.....	Indianapolis R. B.....	6	7	2	4	1	1	106	20	1	2
Marion (Ins.)...	Indianapolis R. G.....	6	4	94	112	13	16	12	5	1	3
Marshall.....	Plymouth.....	6	8			2	1	3	2		2
Martin.....	Shoals.....	1	4	1			1	3	1		
Miami.....	Peru.....	2	3			1		8	1		
Monroe.....	Bloomington.....	6	1	1				5	1		1
Montgomery...	Crawfordsville.....	5	7	1	1		2	6	4		

COUNTY POOR ASYLUMS

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ASYLUM

AUGUST 31, 1926

MENTAL AND PHYSICAL CONDITION								Total Population			Total Admissions During Year	
Blind		Senile		Sickly		Able-Bodied		Male	Female	Total	New Admissions	Re-admissions
Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female					
2	1	6	1	3	1			20	9	29	11	30
1	2	28	6	18				84	32	116	82	3
		12	5	1				21	14	35	20	1
1	1	2	1					11	3	14	6	5
		2		3	4			15	8	23	8	
		1	4	8	2	1	1	21	15	36	13	3
		1			1			5	3	8	1	2
2		2	1	2				13	2	15	8	6
3	1	3		2	2			24	5	29	6	1
	1	3		1		2		12	11	23	10	2
2		3	2	6	1	1		29	11	40	16	3
1		4	1	6	1	1		28	8	36	8	
1		1						4	2	6		2
2		2			1			10	3	13	6	1
		4	2	2	1	1		14	7	21	11	2
3		4	1	1		2		20	3	23	4	2
	1	8	3	3				24	14	38	9	1
3		32	2	9	3	1		60	16	76	42	17
		5		1	1			14	3	17	1	
4	1	11	3	2			1	36	19	55	25	6
		10	3	4	4	1		21	9	30	13	5
2	2	6	2	6	2			29	12	41	18	8
1	1	7	2	2				27	17	44	18	6
2	1	1		2				12	2	14	8	
		2		1				11	6	17	7	2
2	1	7	1	1	2	1		25	10	35	16	5
1	1	14	5	12	4	1	1	50	22	72	27	22
			2	3			1	11	11	22	16	7
	1	8	4	2	1			19	15	34	16	3
1		3	1	3			1	9	6	15	6	2
1		3						12	5	17	7	2
		5	2	2	1			18	8	26	9	
3	1	4	2	4	3			27	24	51	21	4
2		8	2	1		1		22	16	38	24	5
		11	1	2				27	6	33	12	3
		1	1	7	2			10	7	17	7	4
		3	1					5	5	10	3	1
2		6	3	2	2			18	14	32	8	3
1	1	3						7	10	17	2	3
1		2	2	2		1		15	4	19	5	
1	1	8	3	3			1	17	10	27	8	
3		5				1	1	29	7	36	29	11
	1	3	8	9	3		1	28	20	48	22	7
		4	2	1		1		11	3	14	7	4
7	1	36	6	48	2	5		131	15	146	136	44
4		10	4	1	2	2		34	14	48	24	5
2	1	3	2	2	2			13	12	25	8	3
1		7	3	7	2			38	16	54	23	18
13	2	42	19	64	22	23	5	258	82	340	206	67
2	2							100	116	216	2	1
1	1	5		2	1		1	17	13	30	5	2
1		3		2	1	1		10	6	16	2	1
3		6	1	3	1	2	1	23	7	30	8	4
2	2	2	1					15	4	19	5	
1		7		5	2	2	1	27	15	42	11	9

COUNTIES	Post Office	MENTAL AND PHYSICAL CONDITION									
		Feeble-Minded		Insane		Epileptic		Paralytic and Crippled		Deaf	
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Morgan.....	Martinsville.....	1	4					2		2	
Newton.....	Kentland.....	5						3			
Noble.....	Albion.....	4	3		1	1		3	3		1
Ohio.....	Rising Sun.....	1	1								
Orange.....	Paoli.....	2	2			1	1	1	3		
Owen.....	Spencer.....	7	4	1			1		1	1	
Parke.....	Rockville.....	6	3	3	1	1		1	1	1	
Perry.....	Cannelton.....	2	3	1			1				
Pike.....	Petersburg.....							1			
Porter.....	Valparaiso.....	6	2	4	1			3	1	2	1
Posey.....	Mt. Vernon.....	9	3				2	17	1		
Pulaski.....	Winamac.....	4	1					4	1		
Putnam.....	Greencastle.....	2	3	1				5	1		
Randolph.....	Winchester.....	9	10					1	4	3	
Ripley.....	Versailles.....	3	3	3		1	1	3			
Rush.....	Rushville.....	4	1					4			
Scott.....	Scottsburg.....	3	2								
Shelby.....	Shelbyville.....	4	1	1		2		7		1	
Spencer.....	Rockport.....	2	2					3			
Starke.....	Knox.....	4	1					2			1
Steuben.....	Angola.....	7	8			1	2	1	2		
St. Joseph.....	South Bend.....	8	8	3	1	2		16	4		
Sullivan.....	Sullivan.....	3	4		1			4	4		1
Switzerland.....	Vevay.....	2	1		1			1			
Tippecanoe.....	Lafayette.....	5	6	10	10			7	2	1	1
Tipton.....	Tipton.....	3		1		1		1	1	1	
Union.....	Liberty.....		1	1	1			4	1		
Vanderburgh.....	Evansville.....	7	9	6	2	1	3	25	10	1	
Vermillion.....	Newport.....	2	6	1			2	6	1		1
Vigo.....	Terre Haute.....	8	10	3	3	3		18	3		
Wabash.....	Wabash.....	7	5	1			1	4	3		
Warren.....	Williamspport.....	4	1			1	2	4	1		
Warrick.....	Boonville.....	2	2			1					
Washington.....	Salem.....	5	6	1			2		1		
Wayne.....	Centerville.....	10	7		2			12	4	1	
Wells.....	Bluffton.....	10	5					1			
White.....	Monticello.....	7	2					4	1		
Whitley.....	Columbia City.....	2	3					2	1		
Total.....		415	373	194	180	57	66	598	163	37	26

COUNTY POOR ASYLUMS

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ASYLUM—Continued

MENTAL AND PHYSICAL CONDITION								Total Population			Total Admissions During Year	
Blind		Senile		Sickly		Able-Bodied		Male	Female	Total	New Admissions	Re-admissions
Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female					
4		8	2	2	1	1	1	20	8	28	10	2
		3	1					11	1	12	7	3
1	1		2	3			1	12	11	23	8	
					1			1	2	3	1	2
		3	1					5	6	11	3	4
1								14	6	20	8	1
1		3	1	2				20	7	27	12	3
	1	7	1				1	3	4	7	2	
2	1							3	9	12	4	1
2								23	6	34	24	5
		7		7		1	1					
2								50	7	57	23	1
		12	2	8		3		13	2	15	5	1
		4	1	1				21	8	29	6	
	1	7	2	6	1			23	24	47	17	4
2		6	5	3	4			16	3	19	5	3
				1		2						
		3										
		6		19	2		1	33	4	37	6	
	1		3			1		4	5	9	5	1
3	1							20	3	23	6	9
1	2	2	2	4				12	7	19	13	11
		2	1	1	2			8	4	12	5	
1		3						10	9	19	2	3
3	3	17	14	37	9	3		88	37	125	59	22
1		7	1	4	1	1	1	20	12	32	7	6
	1	2						5	3	8	4	
1		5	5	5	3			33	26	59	22	3
1	1		2	4	1			12	5	17	6	
		3	2			1		9	5	14	5	
1	1	18	13	27	1	5		90	33	123	62	53
2		10	2	7	1	4		32	11	43	23	11
5	1	14	4	13	10	8		72	30	102	68	68
		4	4		1			17	12	29	12	2
1		4		1	3			14	6	20	8	
1		4	3	4	2			12	7	19	10	4
1	1	3		1				11	9	20	6	
1		8	5	5	1	2	1	39	20	59	32	8
1		9	2	2	1	1		24	8	32	3	2
		7		1				19	3	22	6	
		6	2	1		2	1	13	7	20	7	
125	44	583	198	446	123	86	25	2,428	1,107	3,535	1,538	581

THE COUNTY JAILS

Every county jail in the state was inspected during the past fiscal year by a representative of the Board of State Charities and a written report on each was filed with the board of commissioners and the judge of the circuit or criminal court of the county concerned.

The establishment of county jails dates back to territorial days. They were the first public institutions. The administration is in the hands of the sheriff, under authority of the county commissioners and, in some particulars, the judge of the circuit or criminal court. The law specifies that if the person having the care and custody of the jail "suffers it to become foul or unclean," he shall be fined not more than \$100 nor less than \$10. Each county of 50,000 or more inhabitants is required to employ a matron for the woman's department. The juvenile court law of 1903 prohibits the placement of a child under 14 years of age in any jail, police station or lock-up, pending trial; also the confinement of a convicted girl under 18 or boy under 16 in the "same building, yard or enclosure" with adult convicts.

A law passed in 1909 contemplates the abandonment, for jail purposes of any jail which the Board of State Charities, on inspection, finds unfit for the confinement of prisoners. The board reports the facts to the judge of the circuit or criminal court, who is then required to order the jail put in proper condition. Prisoners are to be sent meanwhile to the jail of some neighboring county.

This law further requires the Board of State Charities to formulate and the court to adopt rules and regulations for the conduct of the jail. Copies of these rules can be obtained from the board by any one interested.

Other important features of the law of 1909 are the requirements that the sheriff shall keep a jail record of each prisoner, report certain facts to the court at the beginning of each term, and at least once in every three months make written report to the board of county commissioners. The commissioners and the board of county charities are required to inspect the jail at least once every three months.

POPULATION STATISTICS

During the year which ended September 30, 1926, 42,208 persons were placed in the county jails in Indiana. Men and boys numbered 38,376; women and girls, 3,832.

The various charges upon which these persons were placed in jails are reported as follows:

	Males	Females	Total
Vagrancy.....	4,133	269	4,402
Idling and loitering.....	666	40	706
Intoxication.....	10,532	711	11,243
Violation of liquor laws.....	4,715	534	5,249
Operating automobile while intoxicated.....	869	8	877
Vehicle taking.....	913	8	921
Murder.....	182	18	200
All other crimes and misdemeanors.....	14,135	1,844	15,979
Insane.....	762	217	979
Witnesses, run-aways, etc.....	1,469	183	1,652
Total.....	38,376	3,832	42,208

There were 1,262 persons actually present September 30, 1926, 1,172 men and boys, 90 women and girls. Five hundred and eighty-nine were serving sentence, 554 awaiting trial; there were 42 insane and 77 others who were held for miscellaneous reasons. Twelve jails were empty on that day, three counties were making use of jails in other counties, 40 had less than 5 inmates, 16 had from 5 to 10 inmates each, 19 had ten or more inmates each. The highest numbers were 275 in Lake and 240 in Marion. (This number refers to county prisoners only. The Marion County Jail has a number of Federal prisoners besides the county prisoners.)

TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF ADMISSIONS AND NUMBER PRESENT 1917-1926

YEAR	Number of Admissions			Number Present September 30		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
1917.....	35,920	3,256	39,176	962	128	1,090
1918.....	22,026	2,418	24,444	447	63	510
1919.....	19,460	2,016	21,476	402	54	456
1920.....	15,585	1,597	17,182	519	44	563
1921.....	22,953	2,031	24,984	672	69	741
1922.....	27,153	2,050	29,203	668	57	725
1923.....	30,769	2,319	33,088	791	61	852
1924.....	34,070	2,611	36,681	853	44	897
1925.....	37,850	2,598	40,448	925	45	970
1926.....	38,376	3,832	42,208	1,172	90	1,262

County expenditures on account of the jails for the calendar year 1925 as reported by the county auditors, were \$478,351.86 for maintenance and \$13,330.90 for permanent improvements; a total of \$491,682.76 as against \$452,730.74 in 1924.

COUNTY JAIL POPULATION

COUNTIES	Post Office	Number Present Sept. 30, 1926			Number Received During Year Ending Sept. 30, 1926		
		Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Adams.....	Decatur.....	8		8	53		53
Allen.....	Ft. Wayne.....	55	1	56	1,838	151	1,989
Bartholomew.....	Columbus.....	2		2	276	9	285
Benton.....	Fowler.....	3		3	26	2	28
Blackford.....	Hartford City.....	4		4	131	3	134
Boone.....	Lebanon.....	9		9	280	3	283
Brown.....	Nashville.....	1		1	41		41
Carroll.....	Delphi.....	3		3	45	3	48
Cass.....	Logansport.....	4	4	8	787	43	830
Clark.....	Jeffersonville.....	11		11	372	22	394
Clay.....	Brazil.....	4		4	216	16	232
Clinton.....	Frankfort.....	3	1	4	173	30	203
Crawford.....	English.....				42		42
Davies.....	Washington.....	4		4	271	6	277
Dearborn.....	Lawrenceburg.....				118	4	122
Decatur.....	Greensburg.....	1		1	64	3	67
Dekalb.....	Auburn.....	1	1	2	164	13	177
Delaware.....	Muncie.....	12	6	18	821	78	898
Dubois.....	Jasper.....	2		2	63	2	65
Elkhart.....	Goshen.....	15	2	17	350	20	370
Fayette.....	Connersville.....	1		1	283	9	292
Floyd.....	New Albany.....	8	2	10	266	26	292
Fountain.....	Covington.....	2	1	3	97	2	99
Franklin.....	Brookville.....	1		1	56	2	58
Fulton.....	Rochester.....	4		4	83	2	85
Gibson.....	Princeton.....	3		3	167		167
Grant.....	Marion.....	7	1	8	615	32	647
Greene.....	Bloomfield.....				109	5	114
Hamilton.....	Noblesville.....	6		6	156	7	163
Hancock.....	Greenfield.....	3		3	356	9	365
Harrison.....	Corydon.....	1		1	73	1	74
Hendricks.....	Danville.....	4		4	84	2	86
Henry.....	New Castle.....	1	6	7	683	9	692
Howard.....	Kokomo.....	6	1	7	615	59	674
Huntington.....	Huntington.....	5		5	198		198
Jackson.....	Brownstown.....	4		4	85	5	90
Jasper.....	Rensselaer.....	5		5	178	7	185
Jay.....	Portland.....				68	4	72
Jefferson.....	Madison.....	3		3	105	3	108
Jennings.....	Vernon.....				15	7	22
Johnson.....	Franklin.....	15	2	17	479	27	506
Knox(*).....	Vincennes.....						
Kosciusko.....	Warsaw.....	7		7	80	2	82
Lagrange.....	Lagrange.....	4		4	64	4	68
Lake.....	Crown Point.....	257	18	275	2,629	210	2,839
LaPorte.....	LaPorte.....	28		28	651	66	717
Lawrence.....	Bedford.....	5		5	586	19	605
Madison.....	Anderson.....	35	2	37	1,002	76	1,078
Marion.....	Indianapolis.....	220	20	240	6,335	1,515	7,850
Marshall.....	Plymouth.....				126	5	131
Martin.....	Shoals.....				32		32
Miami.....	Peru.....	3		3	750	5	755
Monroe.....	Bloomington.....	4		4	594	39	633
Montgomery.....	Crawfordsville.....	4		4	518	7	525
Morgan.....	Martinsville.....	2		2	127	16	143
Newton.....	Kentland.....				(1)		
Noble.....	Albion.....	2		2	71	1	72
Ohio.....	Rising Sun.....				14		14
Orange.....	Paoli.....	17		17	77	2	79
Owen.....	Spencer.....	1		1	76	5	81
Parke.....	Rockville.....	6		6	171	6	177
Perry.....	Cannelton.....	3		3	73	1	74
Pike.....	Petersburg.....	1		1	152	4	156
Porter.....	Valparaiso.....	15		15	249	28	277
Posey.....	Mt. Vernon.....	7		7	46		46

COUNTY JAIL POPULATION—Continued

COUNTIES	Post Office	Number Present Sept. 30, 1926			Number Received During Year Ending Sept. 30, 1926		
		Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
Pulaski.....	Winamac.....			(2)			
Putnam.....	Greencastle.....	5		5	266	50	316
Randolph.....	Winchester.....	4		4	110		110
Ripley.....	Versailles.....	2		2	47		47
Rush.....	Rushville.....	3		3	160		160
Scott.....	Scottsburg.....	1		1	30		30
Shelby.....	Shelbyville.....	8	1	9	263	18	281
Spencer.....	Rockport.....	17	3	20	83	6	89
Starke.....	Knox.....	3		3	56	1	57
Steuben.....	Angola.....				110	12	122
St. Joseph.....	South Bend.....	58	1	59	3,333	293	3,626
Sullivan.....	Sullivan.....				406	16	422
Switzerland.....	Vevay.....						
Tippecanoe.....	Lafayette.....	19	1	20	1,013	32	1,045
Tipton.....	Tipton.....				143		143
Union.....	Liberty.....	2		2	70	3	73
Vanderburgh.....	Evansville.....	80	13	93	1,481	309	1,790
Vermillion.....	Newport.....	9	1	10	185	20	205
Vigo.....	Terre Haute.....	82	1	83	4,141	361	4,502
Wabash.....	Wabash.....	6		6	144	2	146
Warren.....	Williamsport.....	3		3	43	5	48
Warriek.....	Boonville.....	4		4	100	4	104
Washington.....	Salem.....				69		69
Wayne.....	Richmond.....	18	1	19	469	51	520
Weils.....	Bluffton.....	2		2	84	8	92
White.....	Monticello.....	3		3 ⁽³⁾	80	2	82
Whitley.....	Columbia City.....	1		1	166	2	168
Total.....		1,172	90	1,262	38,376	3,832	42,208

(1) Newton County prisoners are kept in Jasper County Jail.

(2) Pulaski County prisoners are kept in Cass County Jail.

(3) White County prisoners are kept in Cass County Jail.

(4) No reports received from Knox and Switzerland counties.

THE DEPORTATION LAW

The Indiana Deportation Law (Acts of 1917, Chapter 56, amended by Acts of 1923, Chapter 55) accepts the responsibility of caring for dependents and mental cases having legal settlement in Indiana and authorizes care of non-residents whose legal settlement cannot be ascertained. At the same time it provides for the deportation of non-residents who become public charges. If such a person has been adjudged insane, feeble-minded or epileptic and application has been made for his admission to a state institution, that institution is required to report the facts to the Board of State Charities. If that board can ascertain the applicant's place of legal settlement, it returns him at the expense of the State of Indiana. It is a rule of the board never to deport a person until the state to which he is being sent accepts the responsibility of his care.

The Board of State Charities is authorized to enter into reciprocity agreements with authorities of other states, to facilitate the administration of the law, and to consent to the return of persons who, while having legal settlement in Indiana, become public charges elsewhere.

The deportation law applies also to applicants for admission to a county poor asylum or for township aid.

The rule governing the cost of deporting non-residents is that the expense is borne (1) by the state, through the Board of State Charities, if the person is an applicant for admission to, or an inmate of, a state institution or (under the amendment of 1923) is an escaped patient of an institution of another state; (2) by the county, when a poor asylum inmate is sent to another county within the state; (3) by the township overseer of the poor, when the person applies for aid or is in need of it.

The department has now been in operation nine years and has handled 674 cases. This number includes 510 insane, 25 feeble-minded, 26 epileptics and 113 dependents. Of 201 cases referred to the department by other states 104 were found to have legal settlement here and were accepted; the other 97 were refused as having no legal claim on Indiana. One hundred twenty-seven persons were deported. The net gain to the state was 120. Had these 120 persons been allowed to remain in Indiana institutions, it would have cost the state over \$35,000 a year to support them.

The details of the work for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926 are tabulated as follows:

Total number of cases—

Pending beginning of year.....	13	
Received during year	76	
		89

Disposition—

Deported to other states.....	19	
Deported to other countries.....	2	
Refused care in Indiana.....	10	
Referred to other agencies.....	4	
Withdrawn	5	
Accepted from other states.....	21	
Recommended for care in Indiana—		
Settlement undetermined	12	
Found to have legal settlement.....	6	
County disputed cases adjusted.....	—	
Pending at close of year.....	10	
		89

The work of the department has been carried on by the regular staff of the board, with generous assistance from local officials and social workers who have made investigations and, in some cases, attended deported persons to their homes. During the fiscal year the state paid out \$308.61 for traveling expenses and 20.00 for personal service in connection with this work.

SECRETARY'S REPORT

To the Board of State Charities:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

In conformity to law I submit for your consideration a statement of my work for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926. My participation in the general work of the board as a whole and of its various committees makes any report from me a supplement to the general report of the board which appears in another part of this volume.

Much time has been given necessarily to the supervision and direction of the work of the various departments. The reports of the state agency and of the departments directing licensing work, supervision of poor relief, the deportation of non-residents, and inspection of local institutions printed in this volume, show their accomplishments.

All state institutions have been visited and inspected from time to time, and special visits made to inquire into complaints. It is a gratification that no scandals have developed in these institutions during the past year. This shows in our opinion, that they are maintained at a good standard and are on the whole carefully administered.

The punishment records at the State Prison have been examined and signed as required by law. The system of discipline in other penal and correctional institutions has been inquired into.

We have had the usual volume of regular correspondence. In addition, circular and news letters have been sent to the various local boards and officials dealing with the social problems of their communities. In these communications we brought to their attention items of interest and the results of studies of certain classes of dependents, delinquents, and defectives. The local agencies have, in many instances, given these letters serious consideration and have co-operated with the Board of State Charities in its attempt to meet and solve these problems intelligently.

As secretary of the State Conference on Social Work, I have directed the work of planning and conducting its annual meeting which was held at Vincennes October 3 to 6, 1925. This meeting was well attended and much interest manifested. I was appointed a member of the program committee of the Indiana Society for Mental Hygiene, which held its annual Conference December 7, 1925. The details of planning this meeting were developed in our office. The social workers of Indianapolis conducted a community institute April 21-22, 1926, and your secretary acted as general chairman of the committee on arrangements.

By your direction I attended the meetings of the American Prison Association at Jackson, Mississippi, November 7-14, 1925, and the National Conference of Social Work at Cleveland, Ohio, May 26th to June 2nd, 1926. The opportunity was taken to visit some of the local and state institutions, and to confer with leaders of other states on questions relating to administration and supervision of public charities.

Many requests have come to address various groups on subjects of social welfare. In so far as possible, the invitations were accepted. There is a growing interest on the part of clubs and schools in public charities and correction. The Indiana Federation of Clubs has a Public Welfare Department, with divisions on child welfare, child delinquency, and mental health. They have done much to acquaint and interest club members in the social problems of our state. The chairmen of these committees are especially to be commended for their activities and co-operation.

Classes in the public schools and colleges have visited local and state institutions. Several have come to our office. Frequent requests for literature have come from them and we have supplied them with reports and pamphlets.

In addition to examining and approving plans for new buildings, as required by law, we have been consulted in the preparation of plans for a number of private institutions. To these consultants we have given the opportunity of examining our file of plans and rendered whatever assistance we could.

The superintendents of the institutions for insane and epileptics meeting more or less regularly each month in Indianapolis, invited me to meet with them. A number of problems relating to the care of the mental defectives were discussed. One of the most important developments was a proposed change in the law relating to the commitment of insane. It was decided to prepare and have introduced, a bill to transfer jurisdiction from the justices' courts to the circuit and superior courts. It was decided to ask the legislature to rename the five state hospitals for insane, designating them by the name of the city near which each is located, and omit the word "insane"; this change to apply to all hospitals except the Central in Indianapolis, which is to be known as the Central State Hospital.

A general report of the work of the board and of the state institutions was prepared for the Year Book. This report is only a summary. Full reports are to be found in our own annual report and that of each institution.

Reports of departments of public welfare and a number of magazines on different phases of social work are received periodically and made a part of our office library. In this way we are able to keep in touch with what is being done in other states.

The financial records of the office have been examined by the State Board of Accounts and approved.

During the year three former members of the board, Demarchus C. Brown, Thomas E. Ellison, and Aquilla Q. Jones, died. I had a personal acquaintance with Professor Brown and Mr. Ellison. Both were very helpful to me. I desire to pay personal tribute to their fine service to the cause of human welfare.

Our force of clerks and agents at the close of the year numbered sixteen. All have rendered faithful service and served the state well. Miss Laura Greely, chief clerk; L. H. Millikan, state agent; and Miss Raechel L. Hill, inspector of licensing department, have directed the

work of their respective departments effectively and have given splendid service. For the co-operation of the entire staff and the loyal support of the members of the board, I desire to express my appreciation.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN A. BROWN, Secretary.

OFFICIAL OUTDOOR RELIEF

A report of the amount of official outdoor relief and the number of persons aided in each township, in the calendar year 1925, appeared in the Indiana Bulletin of Charities and Correction for September, 1926. As a convenient reference, the table below summarizes the available statistics from 1890 to 1925.

OUTDOOR POOR RELIEF 1890-1925.

Year	U. S. Census	No. OF CASES			No. OF PERSONS			Amount
		Families	Single	Total	Males	Females	Total	
1890	2,192,404							\$560,232 65
1891								560,012 35
1892								581,338 00
1893								511,503 35
1894								586,232 27
1895								630,168 79
1896		13,401			34,815	36,599	71,414	355,255 29
1897		16,811			40,237	41,998	82,235	388,343 67
1898		16,015			36,509	38,610	75,119	288,349 62
1899		13,957			30,919	33,549	64,468	320,667 53
1900	2,516,462	10,149			22,075	24,294	46,369	209,956 22
1901		11,383			25,202	27,599	52,801	236,723 98
1902		10,622			23,238	25,611	48,849	266,876 96
1903		8,564			18,917	21,095	40,012	245,745 82
1904		9,942			21,966	24,043	46,009	281,105 89
1905		9,820			21,587	23,744	45,331	249,884 68
1906		8,060			18,237	20,375	38,612	233,612 70
1907		7,984			17,877	19,847	37,724	227,304 71
1908		12,531			26,875	29,325	56,200	292,496 19
1909		11,777			26,256	28,262	54,518	279,967 31
1910	2,700,876	9,180			20,544	22,683	43,227	266,181 16
1911		9,357			20,575	22,418	42,993	271,078 64
1912		11,365			24,524	26,557	51,081	305,692 71
1913		11,134	6,806	17,940	24,355	26,048	50,403	302,377 55
1914		16,985	8,048	25,033	38,434	40,135	78,569	393,138 16
1915		21,562	8,174	29,736	47,876	49,416	97,292	435,489 88
1916		6,870	6,289	13,159	37,210	38,553	75,763	391,111 66
1917		15,176	7,080	22,256	35,364	37,226	72,590	427,469 83
1918		12,803	5,491	18,294	29,431	32,008	61,439	425,915 07
1919		9,895	4,453	14,348	22,754	24,955	47,709	387,834 62
1920	2,930,390	9,220	3,771	12,991	21,026	23,227	44,253	417,230 30
1921		16,896	4,644	21,540	39,010	40,982	79,992	610,353 87
1922		20,102	5,695	25,797	47,182	47,668	94,850	741,173 65
1923		11,417	4,820	16,237	25,551	25,705	51,256	524,297 81
1924		14,705	5,952	20,657	35,285	36,440	71,725	618,901 81
1925		18,050	7,284	25,334			74,945	840,572 58

THE CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT

Mr. J. A. Brown, Secretary.

My Dear Sir:

If there is one word which is constantly ringing in the writer's ear in brazen tones, it is "Prevention." If there is one word which is constantly dancing in letters of fire before the writer's eyes, it is "Prevention"—prevention of dependency and neglect, of delinquency and illiteracy, of bad health and bad housing conditions, of poor labor and low moral situations; prevention of marriage when there is mental and physical unfitness and prevention through sterilization and custodial care.

The mills of the gods are grinding continuously and far too much of the grist is catalogued in the files of the Board of State Charities, the ground grain coming from the state penal, correctional and custodial institutions and from the county jails, children's homes and poor asylums. The waste from the standpoint of humanity is appalling and the financial burden is terrific. Further we have no way of numbering all the unfortunates who are existing in the state and who will continue to exist and multiply unless we learn how to use intelligently and scientifically the true meaning in the word "Prevention."

The State Agency of the Board of State Charities is legally and humanly interested not only in the children whom the courts have officially declared dependent and neglected, but those who are unofficially dependent and neglected and who live in your neighborhoods and mine. It is with this last group that preventive measures are especially important, although the institutional class cannot and must not be slighted.

As has been stated, the State Agency has only direct contact with children who have gone through the juvenile courts on dependency and neglect charges and it is only this group which the department can study first-hand.

During the year 1926 a special, though necessarily limited, survey of the records in our office brought to light some significant facts regarding children in orphans' homes August 31, 1926.

It was learned that of 1,863 children present that day, 1,480 were attending school when in session, either in the institutions or in the public schools of the community, and that 586 (39%) of those attending school were retarded three or more years. There are almost as many reasons for this as there are children, since each child has a different history. Lack of opportunity, change of residence, poor health and physical handicap,—all these hindered their progress. There are also many feeble-minded. In their own words, and for the most part without expert advice, the institution matrons classify 218 as "feeble-minded" and 156 others as "borderline," "slow," "dull." Expert mental examination would doubtless disclose a larger percentage feeble-minded. Application for admission to the School for Feeble-Minded Youth has been made for many of them, but that crowded institution can offer little relief. The situation is the more serious because of the fact that at the age of 21 these public wards will necessarily be discharged, and

will go out into the world without training and without supervision, adults in body, children in mind.

The records indicate that many of the children are crippled. Such defects as enlarged tonsils, defective speech, poor eyesight, deafness, hare lip and cleft palate are frequently noted in the reports.

In view of these facts regarding the mental and physical condition of these children, it is not surprising to find that 1,446 (77%) of them have never been tried in a foster home. This group of 1,446 includes the children who have only recently been made public wards, and have not as yet been given a trial, but it includes also 568 who have been on public support more than two years.

The entire number present August 31, 1926, had spent a total of 4,606 years, an average of about 2½ years each, in institutions. Their maintenance alone has meant a public expense of close to one million dollars.

These figures emphasize what has previously and frequently been mentioned,—that more attention needs to be given to correcting the physical defects of these public wards, that mental cases should be removed to state institutions, and that there should be greater activity in the matter of placing normal children in free family homes.

In order to get the conditions before you, I beg to submit the following statistical report of the work of the State Agency and the institutions and boards caring for minor public wards, for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1926:

There are thirty-eight institutions caring for dependent and neglected children which have been made public wards by the several juvenile courts. Occasionally a public ward is cared for in a private residence. On September 30, 1926, there were 1,915 children on public support in these homes. On the same day there were 2,662 children in free homes, and 1,830 children on the mothers' allowance lists of the county boards of children's guardians, making a total of 6,407 under supervision.

Table No. 1. Every child in a free family home was visited one or more times during the year by agents of the Board of State Charities. Altogether 2,824 visits were made to children. In 86% of the visits the children were found doing well; in 11%, fairly well, leaving only 3% in which the conditions were found unsatisfactory. The agents spent 1,277½ days in the field during the fiscal year. In addition to visits to children in foster homes, they investigated 198 applications for children, placed 198 children in homes, made 49 visits to child-caring institutions and 221 to county officials, and made 1,387 special visits and investigations.

The cost of the field work was \$16,009.09 to the state and \$958.30 to the counties. The state expense consisted of the traveling expenses of the agents and their salaries while in the field; the counties paid the traveling expense of the children handled. Because a majority of the children have been placed on farms or in other country homes, necessitating long automobile rides, the traveling expenses amount to a considerable sum. It must be remembered, however, that without

such supervision, it would be impossible to place helpless young children among strangers. If kept in institutions instead of in free foster homes, it would cost at least three million dollars to erect the buildings and nearly another million annually for maintenance.

Table No. 2. The State Agency for Dependent Children was established in 1897 and from April 1 of that year to September 30, 1926, a period of twenty-nine and one-half years, it placed 4,993 children in foster homes. Of this number 2,873 were placed once, 2,120 were placed two or more times. Altogether 8,901 placements and replacements were made. Of the whole number placed, 469 are now in homes under supervision, 332 have been adopted. Another group of 2,771 have been released from supervision for various reasons. Some have married, some died. Others have become self-supporting. Some have been committed to other institutions. The remaining 1,421 were unsuccessfully placed and were returned to their respective counties. It may be said that out of every 100 children placed by the state agents, 72 did not again appear on the records as dependent children.

Table No. 3. This table lists the thirty-eight "orphans' homes" in the state which receive public wards. There were 1,915 such children on support September 30, 1926. From the fact that only a small proportion of them were really orphans, the name "orphans' home" is something of a misnomer. The situation is more one of neglect than of actual dependence. Of these 1,915 children 86 were reported as full orphans, 642 as having but one parent living. This leaves 1,187 (62 per cent) who, in the absence of any information to the contrary, are understood to have both parents living. Allowance must be made for incomplete reports from the counties, but the small number of real orphans in these institutions has long been a matter of comment, and it is believed the figures for this year are approximately correct. For the most part it is the unfit home, the incompetent parents, not those who are merely poor, who are keeping the children's homes full.

Classified according to sex, age and color, there were among these 1,915 children, 1,138 boys, 777 girls; 1,754 white, 161 colored; 223 under 6 years of age, 779 from 6 to 12 years, 913 twelve years and over.

In this connection, attention is directed to the following age table, showing the increased proportion of older children in orphans' homes at the present time in comparison with ten years ago.

AGE	Present Sept. 30, 1926		Present Sept. 30, 1916	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Under 6 years.....	223	12%	204	12%
From 6 to 12 years.....	779	41%	930	52%
12 Years and over.....	913	47%	625	36%
Total.....	1,915	100%	1,759	100%

The number of such children on support September 30, 1926, was 24 less than on the same day in 1925.

Table No. 4. This table gives the movement of population by counties for the year ending September 30, 1926, as follows:

On public support October 1, 1925.....	1,949
New wards	1,117
Former wards returned.....	368
	<hr/> 3,434
Disposition:	
Placed in free homes.....	813
Returned to parents.....	432
Died	16
All others (this includes children who became of age, transfers to state institutions, runaways, etc.).....	258
	<hr/> 1,519
On public support September 30, 1926.....	1,915

Six counties (Crawford, Jay, Morgan, Ohio, Pulaski and White) report no children in orphans' homes at the close of the fiscal year. Forty-one other counties had less than 10; twenty-eight counties had between 10 and 20; seventeen counties had more than 20. The highest numbers, as is to be expected, are found in the larger counties, but there is marked variation among them. The figures for these counties, in order of population, are as follows: Marion 400, Lake 79, Allen 67, St. Joseph 55, Vigo 228, Vanderburgh 85, Madison 114, Elkhart 33, Delaware 58, and Grant 61.

During the year, 1,117 children were made public wards and placed in institutions, 29 more than in 1925, and 152 more than the annual average for the preceding ten years, which was 965. The range was from 744 in 1920 to 1,175 in 1924.

Besides the children in orphans' homes, all the counties except Jasper, Martin and Ohio report dependent children in free homes with foster parents. Some counties have two or three times as many wards in foster homes as in institutions. Included in the number of children in foster homes are 190 wards of the five organizations of other states who have been authorized to place their wards in Indiana.

In this connection it will be found interesting to study the following table showing the number of children in institutions, in foster homes and those being boarded in their own homes on September 30, for the past ten years, and the number of children made public wards each year.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

DEPENDENT AND NEGLECTED CHILDREN (Public Wards) 1917-1926

YEAR	Public Wards with Mothers		On Public Support in Institutions Sept. 30, Each Year	Under Supervision In Family Homes	Number Made Public Wards During The Year
	Mothers	Children			
1917.....			1,890	3,140	1,153
1918.....			1,844	3,181	1,002
1919.....			1,686	2,962	923
1920.....			1,560	2,902	744
1921.....			1,553	2,897	751
1922.....			1,657	2,830	771
1923.....			1,690	2,789	997
1924.....		900	1,841	2,713	1,175
1925.....		1,431	1,949	2,641	1,088
1926.....	548	1,830	1,915	2,662	1,117

Table No. 5. The law of 1897 relating to dependent and neglected children required county commissioners to remove children between the ages of 3 and 17 years from county poor asylums and prohibited their care in such institutions for longer than ten days. This limit was later extended to 60 days. Nine poor asylums reported children present August 31, 1926. There were 19 such children. Three were infants; of the remaining 16, 7 were mental cases, 2 were sick or crippled; 7 were reported as being able-bodied and bright.

Respectfully submitted,

L. H. MILLIKAN, State Agent.

TABLE No. 1

FIELD WORK OF THE STATE AGENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

Visits to Children in foster homes—	
1. Doing well.....	2,426
2. Doing fairly well.....	315
3. Doing poorly.....	83
Total.....	2,824
Number of children returned to counties.....	34
Children placed in foster homes:	
1. New children received.....	99
2. Children transferred.....	99
Total.....	198
Applications investigated.....	258
Applications rejected.....	48
Visits to Orphans' Homes.....	49
Visits to county officials.....	221
Special visits and investigations.....	1,387
Days spent in the field.....	1,277½
Cost of field work:	
1. Cost to State including salaries.....	\$16,009 09
2. Cost to Counties.....	958 30
Total.....	\$16,967 39

TABLE No. 2
PLACEMENT OF CHILDREN BY THE STATE AGENCY FROM APRIL 1, 1897, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

COUNTIES	NUMBER OF DIFFERENT CHILDREN RECEIVED				STATUS OF CHILDREN ACCORDING TO LAST REPORT			
	Placed Once	Placed More Than Once	Total Number of Different Children	Total Number of Placements	In Family Homes		Returned to County	*Miscellaneous
					Subject to Visitation	Adopted		
Adams.....	3	2	5	8	2	.....	1	2
Allen.....	38	5	43	54	1	4	11	27
Bartholomew.....	90	71	161	295	13	8	54	86
Benton.....	1	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	1
Blackford.....	20	12	32	51	3	5	9	15
Boone.....	26	8	34	46	11	2	8	13
Brown.....	14	11	25	46	5	2	4	14
Carroll.....	12	2	14	17	4	1	4	5
Cass.....	30	18	48	84	5	5	22	16
Clark.....	43	32	75	133	6	4	16	49
Clay.....	25	28	53	104	5	5	19	24
Clinton.....	19	13	32	53	1	4	11	16
Crawford.....	3	.....	3	3	2	.....	.....	1
Davies.....	23	45	68	165	2	1	13	52
Dearborn.....	3	1	4	5	1	.....	2	1
Decatur.....	43	20	63	99	9	5	13	36
Dekalb.....	9	2	11	14	.....	1	2	8
Delaware.....	94	74	168	293	25	10	62	71
Dubois.....	8	3	11	16	1	.....	3	7
Elkhart.....	8	8	16	31	1	.....	8	7
Fayette.....	18	7	25	33	5	2	7	11
Floyd.....	28	19	47	80	3	2	16	26
Fountain.....	28	32	60	118	6	10	10	34
Franklin.....	4	1	5	7	.....	.....	.....	5
Fulton.....	10	8	18	32	.....	.....	3	15
Gibson.....	35	30	65	116	4	2	19	40
Grant.....	164	114	278	491	14	13	70	181
Greene.....	41	40	81	164	11	6	23	11
Hamilton.....	12	11	23	51	.....	.....	10	12
Hancock.....	12	7	19	29	2	1	6	10

TABLE No. 2—Continued

COUNTIES	NUMBER OF DIFFERENT CHILDREN RECEIVED				STATUS OF CHILDREN ACCORDING TO LAST REPORT		
	Placed Once	Placed More Than Once	Total Number of Different Children	Total Number of Placements	In Family Homes		*Miscellaneous
					Subject to Visitation	Adopted	Returned to County
Harrison.....		2	2	4	1		1
Hendricks.....	26	20	46	75	4	3	32
Henry.....	24	26	50	100	4	5	29
Howard.....	23	34	57	115	2	1	43
Huntington.....	8	5	13	19			10
Jackson.....	13	11	24	40	4		10
Jasper.....	3	3	6	10			5
Jay.....	13	8	21	30	2	4	10
Jefferson.....	56	48	104	190	6	6	59
Jennings.....	10	8	18	32	1	1	11
Johnson.....	55	28	83	140	6	10	48
Knox.....	88	76	164	299	26	13	75
Kosciusko.....	8	3	11	17			9
Lagrange.....	8	5	13	19			5
Lake.....	56	26	82	131	7	3	52
LaPorte.....	31	17	48	73		6	31
Lawrence.....	38	37	75	115	4	6	46
Madison.....	154	113	267	483	38	20	123
Marion.....	351	245	596	987	64	50	276
Marshall.....	18	12	30	45	2	3	20
Martin.....	2		2	2		1	1
Miami.....	14	5	19	27	1	2	12
Monroe.....	27	21	48	88	2	2	31
Montgomery.....	19	14	33	57	3	2	19
Morgan.....	3	6	11	22	2		5
Newton.....	6	6	12	21	1	1	9
Noble.....	3		3	3			2
Ohio.....	16	1	1	3			1
Orange.....	14	14	30	62	8	1	14
Owen.....	10	9	19	44	4		12

Parke.....	41	35	76	138	12	2	23	39
Perry.....	12	5	17	27	2	..	2	13
Pike.....	39	23	62	113	5	2	7	48
Porter.....	14	21	29	77	1	..	5	15
Posey.....	21	21	42	77	1	..	16	25
Pulaski.....	6	6	12	26	1	..	3	8
Punam.....	8	7	15	29	..	..	5	9
Randolph.....	37	20	57	94	1	4	23	29
Ripley.....	9	9	18	35	1	..	4	13
Rush.....	55	45	100	188	10	4	21	65
Scott.....	5	1	6	9	..	2	2	2
Shelby.....	67	43	110	187	15	13	33	49
Spencer.....	32	33	65	135	4	8	13	38
Starke.....	4	1	5	6	..	2	..	3
Steuben.....	3	..	3	3	..	..	2	1
St. Joseph.....	19	13	32	55	..	4	15	13
Sullivan.....	33	23	56	105	8	5	15	28
Switzerland.....	6	14	20	55	..	..	5	15
Tippecanoe.....	56	35	91	149	8	5	31	47
Tipton.....	8	5	13	24	..	..	2	11
Union.....	2	4	6	16	..	..	1	5
Vanderburgh.....	101	77	178	347	8	8	57	105
Vermillion.....	30	24	54	97	8	4	11	31
Vigo.....	134	110	244	424	29	13	95	107
Wabash.....	46	55	101	208	8	5	25	63
Warren.....	7	15	12	24	2	..	5	5
Warrick.....	33	16	49	73	5	4	10	30
Washington.....	17	18	35	71	3	3	7	22
Wayne.....	46	53	99	233	..	5	22	72
Wells.....	18	5	23	28	..	..	9	14
White.....	1	2	3	7	..	1	1	2
Whitley.....	7	7	14	28	1	1	2	10
Other Agencies.....	7	1	8	9	1	1	1	5
Total.....	2,873	2,120	4,893	8,901	469	332	1,421	2,771

*These figures include the married, over age, self-supporting, returned to other institutions, runaways and deaths.

TABLE No. 3
POPULATION OF ORPHANS' HOME, SEPTEMBER 30, 1926, CLASSIFIED

INSTITUTION	Number Children Present Sept. 30, 1926	SEX		COLOR		AGE		PARENTS			
		Boys	Girls	White	Colored	Under Six Years	Six Years and Under Twelve	Twelve Years and Over	Both Parents Dead	One Parent Living	Both Parents Living
1 Allen County—Children's Home	62	32	30	59	3	23	24	15	1	18	43
2 Bartholomew County—Frances Comfort Thomas Orphans' Home	55	30	26	56		5	28	23	1	24	31
3 Boone County—Children's Home	9	4	5	9			3	6	2		7
4 Boone County—Crawford Baptist Industrial School	40	22	18	40		3	14	23	10	16	14
5 Boone County—The Indiana Methodist Episcopal Children's Home	2	1	1	2		1	1	9		4	12
6 Cass County—Orphans' Home	16	14	2	16		2	8	2		2	8
7 Clay County—Orphans' Home	10	8	2	10		6	27	25	6	26	26
8 Delaware County—Orphans' Home	58	33	25	58			3	9	2	6	1
9 Fayette County—Orphans' Home	9	6	3	16			7	9	3	8	8
10 Floyd County—Cornelia Memorial Orphans' Home	16	10	6	16			3	3		12	3
11 Franklin County—Children's Home	14	6	8	14		3	8	3	1	2	3
12 Gibson County—French Orphans' Home	7	5	2	7			5	2		3	3
13 Grant County—Orphans' Home	63	35	28	63		8	25	30	2	25	39
14 Henry County—Aged Persons' Home and Orphans' Home	17	14	3	17		1	6	10	2	8	7
15 Knox County—Orphans' Home	45	23	22	45		1	27	17	7	24	14
16 Lagrange County—Rogers Orphans' Home	16	10	6	16			8	8		2	14
17 Madison County—Orphans' Home	109	51	58	109		8	42	59	4	43	62
18 Marion County—Board of Children's Guardians' Home	75	41	34	75		15	35	23	2	20	53
19 Marion County—Indianapolis Orphans' Asylum	162	100	62	162		39	90	33	3	40	111
20 Marion County—Colored Orphans' Home	122	75	47	122		22	41	59	5	37	80
21 Marshall County—Julia E. Work Training School	124	71	53	124		2	27	95	10	32	82
22 Miami County—Old Folks and Orphan Children's Home for Church of Brethren	72	40	32	72		11	30	31		17	55
23 Montgomery County—Orphans' Home	10	7	3	10		1	6	3	1	8	1
24 Pike County—Thornton Pike County Orphans' Home	10	7	3	10		3	5	2		1	9
25 Randolph County—James Moorman Orphans' Home	15	11	4	15		2	5	5		11	4
26 Shelby County—Gordon Children's Home	43	14	29	43		1	27	15	5	11	27
27 Spencer County—Veatch Orphans' Home	12	7	5	12			2	6		11	11
28 St. Joseph County—Children's Aid Society	159	109	50	159		35	68	56	1	55	97
29 Tippecanoe County—Orphans' Home	3	1	2	3		2		2		2	1
30 Vanderburgh County—Board of Children's Guardians' Home	42	21	21	42			20	22		25	16
31 Vanderburgh County—Evansville Orphans' Home (Colored)	21	9	12	21			8	13	1	5	15
32 Vanderburgh County—Evansville Orphans' Home (White)	18	15	3	18		2	5	11	1	3	14
33 Vigo County—Board of Children's Guardians' Home	116	61	55	116		8	44	64	1	13	102
34 Vico County—Board of Children's Guardians' Home	42	42		42			62	42	1	12	29
35 Vico County—Gilbault Home for Boys	106	61	45	106		8	43	36	4	56	46
36 Wabash County—Rose Orphan Home	175	119	56	174	1		43	132	4	62	109
37 Wabash County—White's Manual Labor Institute	1	1		1		1	1			3	1
38 Warrick County—Orphans' Home	10	8	2	10		5	4			9	17
39 Wells County—Juvenile Detention Home	28	14	14	14			9	14	2		
Private Boarding Homes											
Total	1,915	1,138	777	1,754	161	223	779	913	86	642	1,187

TABLE No. 4
STATISTICS OF CHILDREN BY COUNTIES, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

COUNTIES	On Public Support Sept. 30, 1925	Number Made Public Wards During the Year	Former Wards Returned During the Year	Total Number on Public Support During the Year	Placed in Family Homes	Restored to Parents	Died	Other Disposals	Total Number on Public Support Sept. 30, 1926	In Family Homes Subject to Visitation
Adams.....	2	8	2	12	2	1	.....	1	8	13
Allen.....	60	52	10	128	41	10	2	8	67	118
Bartholomew.....	31	18	7	56	20	7	.....	.....	29	55
Benton.....	1	.....	1	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2
Blackford.....	1	6	.....	7	1	1	.....	.....	5	21
Boone.....	12	.....	2	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22
Brown.....	4	4	3	11	.....	1	.....	.....	9	14
Carroll.....	5	1	.....	6	2	.....	.....	1	6	17
Cass.....	24	24	5	53	17	9	1	1	25	58
Clark.....	6	2	3	11	.....	1	.....	.....	7	12
Clay.....	16	17	4	37	15	10	.....	1	11	37
Clinton.....	4	9	3	16	5	3	.....	.....	8	26
Crawford.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4
Daviess.....	9	1	1	10	2	.....	.....	.....	8	4
Dearborn.....	2	1	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	3	3
Decatur.....	8	1	1	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	10
Dekalb.....	5	1	5	11	6	1	.....	2	2	10
Delaware.....	51	43	13	107	30	8	.....	11	58	83
Dubois.....	7	3	.....	10	.....	1	.....	.....	9	3
Elkhart.....	42	16	4	62	12	14	2	1	33	25
Fayette.....	12	15	2	29	18	3	.....	.....	11	37
Floyd.....	12	3	5	20	4	1	1	3	15	11
Fountain.....	17	.....	2	19	7	2	.....	.....	10	18
Franklin.....	8	8	1	17	2	.....	.....	1	14	17
Fulton.....	12	4	1	17	2	.....	.....	.....	15	7
Gibson.....	7	14	3	24	12	2	.....	.....	10	29
Grant.....	57	24	10	91	18	10	.....	2	61	60
Greene.....	20	8	6	34	11	7	.....	4	12	37
Hamilton.....	10	4	.....	14	1	.....	.....	.....	13	15
Hancock.....	6	2	.....	8	.....	1	.....	.....	7	10

TABLE No. 4—Continued

COUNTIES	On Public Support Sept. 30, 1925	Number Made Public Wards During the Year	Former Wards Returned During the Year	Total Number on Public Support During the Year	Placed in Family Homes	Restored to Parents	Died	Other Disposals	Total Number on Public Support Sept. 30, 1926	In Family Homes Subject to Visitation
Harrison.....	21	2		2	2				2	2
Henricks.....	14	5	2	21		1			6	6
Henry.....	10	34	1	45	18	6		1	11	28
Howard.....	8	9	4	21	4	9		4	14	24
Huntington.....								2	6	13
Jackson.....	20	6	2	28	5	3			20	18
Jasper.....	2			2					2	
Jay.....	1	10	1	12	10	2				20
Jefferson.....	8		1	9	2				7	10
Jennings.....	1	1		2	1				1	10
Johnson.....	12	4	2	18	6	1		1	10	17
Knox.....	40	14	17	71	24	4		3	40	81
Kosciusko.....	4	10		14	3				11	14
Lagrange.....	20	5	2	27	3	6			18	15
Lake.....	85	96	16	197	33	68	1	15	79	115
LaPorte.....	18	29	8	50	8	5		8	29	15
Lawrence.....	10	3	2	15	2	4		2	7	13
Nadison.....	110	47	18	175	34	15		10	114	108
Narion.....	403	215	37	615	100	92	7	76	400	278
Marshall.....	14	4		18	2			2	14	3
Martin.....		2		2					2	
Miami.....	20	18	6	44	8	1		1	34	20
Monroe.....	6	3	4	13	3			1	7	40
Montgomery.....	8	14	9	31	10	1		6	14	47
Morgan.....		1	1	2	2				3	3
Newton.....		4		4					4	4
Noble.....	15	19	9	43	24	2		1	16	33
Ohio.....										
Orange.....	1	2	2	11	4				7	10
Owen.....	2	4		6	4				2	16

Parke.....	30	1	5	36	17	6	2	11	32
Perry.....	5	1	7	6	1	1	1	5	6
Pike.....	4	2	1	6	2	1	2	1	9
Porter.....	3	2	1	6	2	1	2	3	3
Posey.....	3	2	1	6	2	1	2	3	7
Pulaski.....									
Putnam.....			1	1	1				7
Randolph.....	16	7	1	1	3	2	2	1	1
Ripley.....	14	8	2	24	12	1	1	10	15
Rush.....	16	7	6	29	11	4	3	11	19
Scott.....	2			2					36
Shelby.....	9	6	4	19	6		2	2	1
Spencer.....	6	2	1	9	2			11	29
Stark.....	1			1				7	16
Steuben.....	9		1	10		4		1	1
St. Joseph.....	59	36	5	100	23	10	12	55	71
Sullivan.....	14	3	7	24	14	5	1	10	21
Switzerland.....	1		2	3		1	1	2	1
Tippecanoe.....	24	6	4	34	10	4	5	15	34
Tipton.....	8	6	1	15	9	1	1	4	10
Union.....	1		1	2	1			1	3
Vanderburgh.....	95	42	25	162	33	19	25	84	77
Vermillion.....	19	1	1	21		2	1	13	15
Vigo.....	230	95	22	353	63	39	23	228	144
Wabash.....	31	9	3	43	10	5	2	26	32
Warren.....	9			9	1			8	5
Warwick.....		*	1	1				1	11
Washington.....	2	5		7	5		1	1	8
Wayne.....	16	10	5	31	11		2	15	64
Wells.....	21	2	4	27	13	2	2	10	26
White.....	1		1	2	2			21	21
Whitley.....	1	3		4				4	1
Other Agencies.....		14		14	14				190*
Total.....	1,049	1,117	368	3,434	813	432	258	1,915	2,662

*This number includes 176 children who are wards of the five organizations having authority to place children in Indiana as follows: Cincinnati Children's Home, 124; Cincinnati Bureau of Catholic Charities and Social Service, 13; New York Catholic Home Bureau, 11; New York Foundling Hospital, 25; Chicago Industrial Home, 3.

TABLE No. 5

CHILDREN IN COUNTY POOR ASYLUMS, AUGUST 31, 1926

COUNTIES	AGE				Total
	From Three to Seventeen Years			Under Three Years	
	Insane Feeble-Minded or Epileptic	Sick or Crippled	Able-bodied and Bright		
Lawrence.....		1			1
Marion (Insane).....	4				4
Martin.....				1	1
Morgan.....			2	1	3
Perry.....				1	1
Pike.....	1				1
Porter.....			1		1
Vermillion.....	1		4		5
Vigo.....	1	1			2
Total.....	7	2	7	3	19

THE LICENSE DEPARTMENT

Mr. J. A. Brown, Secretary.

Dear Sir:

The law requiring the licensing of maternity hospitals, child-caring institutions and the business of placing infants was enacted in 1909 (Acts 1909, Chapter 154). The purpose of the law is to prevent unqualified persons from operating such agencies; to discourage the establishment of unnecessary institutions; to fix a standard of care in existing institutions; to protect children and to provide for the return, to their own states, of non-resident indigent mothers with illegitimate infants.

Each year fewer applications are received from individuals desiring to operate lying-in homes. With the present day properly equipped maternity departments of general hospitals there is little need for maternity homes.

The standard of child care is gradually being bettered in the majority of child-caring institutions. More attention is given to securing proper employes. Greater emphasis is being placed on the importance of proper medical attention, the correction of remediable defects and the teaching of personal hygiene. More thought is being given to the matter of suitable recreation, to providing the right kind of reading material and to the proper training along lines which will enable children later to become self-supporting.

The majority of institutions receiving private boarders are now also making efforts to secure foster homes for such children.

Private boarding houses for infants are licensed only on the recommendation of a recognized social agency.

The private placing agencies are doing little direct placing, depending on the assistance of the agents of the juvenile courts.

The following table shows there were 194 licenses in force September 30, 1926. One hundred and ninety-one applications were re-

THE LICENSE DEPARTMENT

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ceived; one hundred and seventy-two licenses were granted; two applications were withdrawn and twenty-five remained pending at the close of the year.

Following the table is a list of institutions licensed during the year.

Respectfully submitted,

RAEHEL L. HILL, Inspector.

APPLICATIONS AND LICENSES, FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

	Maternity Hospitals	Boarding Houses for Infants	Boarding Homes for Children	Placing Agencies	Total Applications	Number Applicants
Applications pending Oct. 1, 1925.....	1		7		8	8
Applications received during year:						
New.....	4	2			6	6
Renewals.....	95	24	54	7	180	169
New locations.....	1	3		1	5	3
Total.....	101	29	61	8	199	186
Licenses granted during year:						
New.....	4	1			5	5
Renewals.....	85	21	50	5	161	154
New locations.....	2	3		1	6	4
Applications:						
Rejected.....						
Withdrawn.....	1	1			2	2
Pending.....	9	3	11	2	25	21
Total.....	101	29	61	8	199	186
Licenses voluntarily surrendered.....	5	2			7	7
Licenses revoked.....						
Licenses in force September 30, 1926.....	99	26	62	7	194	182

THE LICENSE DEPARTMENT

Licenses Granted October 1, 1925, to September 30, 1926

(1) MATERNITY HOSPITALS.

Anderson. The New Home Hospital, 327 W. Eighth Street.
 Anderson. St. John's Hospital, Twentieth and Jackson Streets.
 Auburn. J. A. Sanders, M. D., 1007 S. Main Street.
 Auburn. Bonnell M. Souder, M. D., 206 W. Seventh Street.
 Bedford. Bedford City Hospital, Twenty-third and P Streets.
 Bloomington. Bloomington Hospital, First and Rogers Streets.
 Bluffton. Wells County Hospital, 1320 S. Main Street.
 Brazil. Community Hospital, 344 E. National Avenue.
 Clinton. Vermillion County Hospital, South Main Street.
 Columbus. Bartholomew County Hospital, E. Seventeenth Street.
 Connersville. Fayette Memorial Hospital, Virginia Avenue and Twentieth Street.
 Crawfordsville. Montgomery County Hospital (Culver Hospital), Whitlock Place.
 Decatur. Adams County Memorial Hospital, Mercer Street.
 Elkhart. Elkhart General Hospital, McNaughton Park.

- Evansville. Christian Home of Vanderburgh County, 2215 Fulton Avenue.
- Evansville. Hayden Hospital, 20 Walnut Street.
- Evansville. Protestant Deaconess Hospital, 600-700 Mary Street.
- Evansville. St. Mary's Hospital, 1113 First Avenue.
- Evansville. Walker Hospital, 716 Upper Fourth Street.
- Fort Wayne. Fort Wayne Lutheran Hospital, Fairfield and Wildwood Avenues.
- Fort Wayne. Mrs. Julia B. MacMillan, 140 Masterson Avenue.
- Fort Wayne. Methodist Episcopal Hospital, 119 W. Lewis Street.
- Fort Wayne. Z. H. Stamets, M. D., 1640 Spy Run Avenue.
- Fort Wayne. St. Joseph's Hospital, Broadway and Main Streets.
- Frankfort. Clinton County Hospital, S. Jackson Street.
- Garrett. Sacred Heart Hospital, 220 Ijam Street.
- Gary. A. Giorgi, M. D., 1837 Jefferson Street.
- Gary. B. T. Lewis, M. D., 2554 Washington Street.
- Gary. F. G. McMitchell, M. D., 2188 Massachusetts Street.
- Gary. Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Grant and Sixth Streets.
- Gary. St. Mary's Mercy Hospital, 540 Tyler Street.
- Goshen. Goshen Hospital, 111 N. Fifth Street.
- Greencastle. Putnam County Hospital, Greenwood Avenue.
- Greensburg. Decatur County Hospital, Lincoln and First Streets.
- Hammond. St. Margaret's Hospital, Douglas Street.
- Hartford City. Blackford County Hospital, Vancleave Street.
- Huntington. Huntington County Hospital, Etna Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Clark-Blakeslee Osteopathic Hospital, 1116 N. Delaware Street.
- Indianapolis. Dr. Batties' Sanitarium, 2116 Boulevard Place.
- Indianapolis. Florence Crittenton Home, 2044 N. Illinois Street.
- Indianapolis. Indiana Christian Hospital, 200 N. Senate Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Indianapolis City Hospital, 1000 Coe Street.
- Indianapolis. Methodist Episcopal Hospital, Sixteenth Street and Capitol Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Provident Sanitarium, 769 Indiana Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Miss Grace Reed, 3142 Kenwood Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Mrs. L. Blanche Rodocker, 2164 N. Capitol Avenue.
- Indianapolis. St. Elizabeth's Home, 2502 N. Capitol Avenue.
- Indianapolis. St. Francis Hospital, Sherman Drive and Churchman Avenue.
- Indianapolis. St. Vincent's Hospital, Fall Creek Boulevard and Illinois Street.
- Jeffersonville. Clark County Memorial Hospital, Sparks Avenue.
- Kendallville. Lakeside Hospital, Miner and Sherman Streets.
- Kokomo. Good Samaritan Hospital, 509 Vaile Avenue.
- Lafayette. Lafayette Home Hospital, South and Twenty-fourth Streets.
- Lafayette. St. Elizabeth Hospital, Fourteenth and Hartford Streets.
- Lafayette. Wabash Valley Sanitarium, Rural Route.

- LaPorte. Holy Family Hospital, 205 E Street.
Lebanon. Boone County Hospital, 1124 N. Lebanon Street.
Lebanon. Williams Hospital, 117 S. East Street.
Linton. Freeman City Hospital, 410 North East A Street.
Logansport. Cass County Hospital, 1101 Michigan Avenue.
Logansport. St. Joseph's Hospital, Twenty-sixth and Broadway.
Madison. King's Daughters' Hospital, 112 W. Presbyterian Avenue.
Marion. Grant County Hospital Association, Wabash and Euclid Avenues.
Martinsville. Morgan County Memorial Hospital, S. Main Street.
Michigan City. St. Anthony's Hospital, Wabash Street.
Michigan City. The Clinic, Inc., and Clinic Hospital, 501 Pine Street.
Mishawaka. St. Joseph's Hospital, Fourth and Spring Streets.
Muncie. Home Hospital, South Mulberry Street.
Muncie. LaDuron Hospital, 2020 E. Willard Street.
New Albany. St. Edward's Hospital, 705 E. Spring Street.
Newcastle. Newcastle Clinic, 1319 Church Street.
Noblesville. Hamilton County Hospital, 148 N. Ninth Street.
Peru. Miami County Hospital, Grant and Twelfth Streets.
Pierceton. The Crissy Home Hospital.
Plymouth. Marshall County Hospital Association, North Michigan Street.
Portland. Jay County Hospital, W. Arch Street.
Princeton. Methodist Episcopal Hospital, 411 W. State Street.
Rensselaer. Jasper County Hospital, S. Cullen Street.
Richmond. Home for Friendless Women, 306 S. Tenth Street.
Richmond. Reid Memorial Hospital, Spring Grove.
Richmond. St. Luke's Hospital, 400 N. Twenty-third Street.
Rochester. Woodlawn Hospital, 624 Pontiac Street.
Rushville. Sexton Hospital, 112 E. Fifth Street.
Seymour. Schneck Memorial Hospital, Bruce and Poplar Streets.
Shelbyville. Shelbyville Memorial Hospital, Washington Street.
South Bend. Epworth Hospital, 604 N. Main Street.
South Bend. St. Joseph's Hospital, 401 N. Notre Dame Street.
Sullivan. Sullivan County Hospital, 320 Section Street.
Terre Haute. Beulah Rescue Home, R. R. F., Box 86.
Terre Haute. Florence Crittenton Home, 1923 Poplar Street.
Terre Haute. St. Anthony's Hospital, 1001 S. Sixth Street.
Terre Haute. Union Hospital, 1606 N. Seventh Street.
Union City. Union City Hospital, 702 W. Division Street.
Valparaiso. Christian Hospital, 106 E. Jefferson Street.
Vincennes. Good Samaritan (Knox County) Hospital, S. Seventh and Dubois Streets.
Wabash. Wabash County Hospital, 670 N. East Street.
Warsaw. McDonald Hospital, 216 S. Indiana Street.
Warsaw. Mrs. Margaret Randels, 519 W. South Street.
Washington. Daviess County Hospital, 1302 Grand Avenue.
Winchester. Randolph County Hospital, Greenville Avenue.

(2) BOARDING HOUSES FOR INFANTS.

- Evansville. Christian Home of Vanderburgh County, 2215 Fulton Avenue.
- Evansville. Colored Day Nursery Association, 906 Governor Street.
- Evansville. Rescue Mission Day Nursery, 321 Upper Second Street.
- Evansville. St. Vincent's Day Nursery, 517 Bond Street.
- Fort Wayne. College Club Day Nursery, 409 W. Jefferson Street.
- Fort Wayne. Pixley Relief Home, 2300 Maumee Avenue.
- Gary. Gary Neighborhood House, 1700 Adams Street.
- Indianapolis. American Settlement, 511 W. Maryland Street.
- Indianapolis. Flanner House Day Nursery, 806 N. West Street.
- Indianapolis. Florence Crittenton Home, 2044 N. Illinois Street.
- Indianapolis. Mrs. Hazel Grider, 3532 Rockville Road.
- Indianapolis. Mrs. Maude Henry, 528 N. Beville Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Indianapolis Day Nursery Association, 530 W. Vermont Street.
- Indianapolis. Mrs. Raymond Lackey, 2226 Roosevelt Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Mrs. Fannie Owens, 2450 Northwestern Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Miss Grace Reed, 3142 Kenwood Avenue.
- Indianapolis. St. Elizabeth's Home, 2502 N. Capitol Avenue.
- Kokomo. Kokomo Day Nursery, 626 S. Main Street.
- Lawrence. Mrs. Winnie Roetker.
- Muncie. Psi Iota Xi Sorority, 607 E. Charles Street.
- Richmond. Richmond Day Nursery Association, 207 N. Twelfth Street.
- South Bend. Circle of Mercy Day Nursery, 136 S. Chapin Street.
- Terre Haute. Colored Day Nursery, 1320 South 13½ Street.
- Terre Haute. Terre Haute Day Nursery, 423 N. Fourth Street.
- Terre Haute. Terre Haute Day Nursery (Branch), 1928 Eighth Avenue.
- Whiting. Whiting Children's Hospital, 429 119th Street.

(3) BOARDING HOMES FOR CHILDREN.

- Anderson. Christian Women's Welfare Union Home, 325 Cottage Avenue.
- Anderson. Madison County Orphans' Home, R. R. 12.
- Bluffton. Wells County Juvenile Detention Home, Rural Route.
- Boonville. Warrick County Orphans' Home, 625 W. Locust Street.
- Brookville. Franklin County Children's Home, Rural Route.
- Cayuga. Collett Home for Orphans, Rural Route.
- Columbus. Frances Comfort Thomas Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
- Connersville. Children's Home of Fayette County, R. R. 4.
- Crawfordsville. Montgomery County Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
- Crown Point. Lake County Detention Home, W. Joliet Street.
- East Chicago. Carmelite Orphanage for Girls, 4840 Grasselli Avenue.
- Evansville. Evansville Orphans' Home (white), West Indiana Street.
- Evansville. Evansville Orphans' Home (colored), Barker Avenue.

- Evansville. Board of Children's Guardians' Home, 507 Lincoln Avenue.
- Fort Wayne. Allen County Children's Home, Bluffton Road.
- Fort Wayne. Allen County Juvenile Detention Home, 1735 E. Washington Street.
- Fort Wayne. Reformed Church Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
- Fort Wayne. St. Vincent's Orphans' Asylum for Girls, Wells Street.
- Franklin. Masonic Home, 690 S. State Street.
- Gary. Mrs. Nora Harris, 2661 Washington Street.
- Gary. Mrs. Sadie V. Osman, 815 Johnson Street.
- Greensburg. I. O. O. F. Home, Rural Route.
- Hammond. Carmelite Orphanage for Boys, 51 Sheffield Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Evangelical Lutheran Orphans' Home, 3310 E. Washington Street.
- Indianapolis. General Protestant Orphans' Home, 1404 S. State Street.
- Indianapolis. Home of the Good Shepherd, 111 W. Raymond Street.
- Indianapolis. Indianapolis Orphan Asylum, 4107 E. Washington Street.
- Indianapolis. Juvenile Detention Home, 1102 N. Capitol Avenue. (Closed March 10, 1927.)
- Indianapolis. Mrs. Mary BoClaire Keller, 2823 Boulevard Place.
- Indianapolis. Board of Children's Guardians' Home, 5751 University Avenue.
- Indianapolis. Marion County Colored Orphans' Home, Twenty-fifth Street and Keystone Avenue.
- Jeffersonville. Masonic Home, Utica Pike.
- Knightsville. Clay County Orphans' Home.
- Lafayette. St. Joseph's Orphans' Manual Labor School, Rural Route.
- Lafayette. Tippecanoe County Orphans' Home, 1132 N. Tenth Street.
- Lagrange. Rogers Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
- Lebanon. Boone County Children's Home, Rural Route.
- Lebanon. Indiana Methodist Episcopal Children's Home, Camp Place.
- Logansport. Cass County Orphans' Home, Pleasant Hill.
- Marion. Grant County Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
- Mexico. Old Folks' and Orphan Children's Home of the Church of the Brethren, Rural Route.
- Middletown. Aged Persons' Home and Orphan Asylum, R. F. D. 2.
- Mishawaka. Children's Aid Society, 1411 Lincoln Way West.
- Muncie. Delaware County Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
- New Albany. Cornelia Memorial Orphans' Home, 1801 Ekin Avenue.
- Patoka. French Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
- Petersburg. Thornton Pike County Orphans' Home, Ninth and Maple Streets.
- Plymouth. Julia E. Work Training School, Rural Route.

Richmond. Home for Friendless Women, 306 S. Tenth Street.
Richmond. Wernle Orphan's Home, Rural Route.
Rockport. Veatch Orphans' Home.
Shelbyville. Gordon Children's Home, E. Michigan Road.
Terre Haute. Florence Crittenton Home, 1923 Poplar Street.
Terre Haute. Friendly Inn, 912 Chestnut Street.
Terre Haute. Gibault Home for Boys, R. R. C.
Terre Haute. Rose Orphan Home, Twenty-fifth Street and Wabash Avenue.
Terre Haute. Board of Children's Guardians' Home, R. R. E.
Vincennes. Knox County Orphans' Home, Fairground Avenue.
Vincennes. St. Vincent's School for Boys, Rural Route.
Wabash. White's Manual Labor Institute, Rural Route.
Winchester. James Moorman Orphans' Home, Rural Route.
Zionsville. Crawford Baptist Industrial School, Rural Route.

(4) PLACING AGENCIES.

Carmel. Grand Temple Pythian Sisters.
Evansville. Christian Home of Vanderburgh County, 2215 Fulton Avenue.
Fort Wayne. Lutheran Kinderfreund Society, 2329 Broadway.
Fort Wayne. Mrs. Julia B. MacMillan, 140 Masterson Avenue.
Indianapolis. Family Welfare Society, Children's Bureau, 337 N. Pennsylvania Street.
Indianapolis. Florence Crittenton Home, 2044 N. Illinois Street.
Indianapolis. St. Elizabeth's Home, 2502 N. Capitol Avenue.

TRUSTEES AND SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE STATE
INSTITUTIONS*Central Hospital for Insane, Indianapolis*

First Appointment	Term Expires
1924 Paul G. Davis, President, Indianapolis.....	Jan. 1, 1928
1921 Bert E. Page, Vice-President, Mellott.....	Jan. 1, 1929
1922 Mae B. Helmer, Secretary, Terre Haute.....	Jan. 1, 1930
1919 Charles B. Jenkins, Treasurer, Noblesville.....	Jan. 1, 1927
1923 Dr. Max A. Bahr, Superintendent.	

Northern Hospital for Insane, Logansport

1911 M. Epstein, President, Frankfort.....	Apr. 10, 1927
1924 Dan R. Young, Vice-President, Attica.....	Jan. 1, 1928
1926 Mrs. Eva B. Martin, Secretary, South Bend.....	Dec. 31, 1930
1923 A. E. Babcock, Treasurer, Kewanna.....	Dec. 31, 1929
1920 Dr. Samuel Dodds, Superintendent.	

Eastern Hospital for Insane, Richmond

1921 Mrs. A. K. V. Kennedy, President, Liberty.....	Jan. 1, 1928
1923 Geo. E. Nichol, Vice-President, Anderson.....	Jan. 1, 1929
1926 L. W. Hoover, Secretary, Portland.....	Jan. 1, 1930
1925 R. H. McIntyre, Treasurer, Newcastle.....	May 6, 1927
1923 Dr. L. F. Ross, Superintendent.	

Southern Hospital for Insane, Evansville

1923 A. C. Richardt, President, Evansville.....	May 6, 1927
1907 Bird H. Davis, Vice-President, Newport.....	May 6, 1927
1924 Mrs. Fannie French Clements, Secretary, Mt. Vernon	Jan. 1, 1928
1923 Henry E. Dreier, Treasurer, Evansville.....	Jan. 1, 1929
1903 Dr. Charles E. Laughlin, Superintendent.	

Southeastern Hospital for Insane, North Madison

1914 John F. Russell, President, Greensburg.....	Aug. 1, 1930
1925 Joseph M. Cooper, Vice-President, Madison.....	Aug. 1, 1927
1920 John A. Gunn, Secretary, Bedford.....	Aug. 1, 1928
1925 Mrs. Janette J. Harris, Treasurer, Rising Sun.....	Nov. 1, 1929
1915 Dr. James W. Milligan, Superintendent.	

*School for Feeble-Minded Youth, Ft. Wayne—Farm
Colony for Feeble-Minded, Butlerville*

1923 Harley Somers, President, Ft. Wayne.....	May 6, 1927
1924 William Ruble, Vice-President, Aurora.....	Apr. 7, 1929
1921 Mrs. Frances Bearss Gould, Secretary, Peru.....	Mar. 26, 1929
1914 Edward M. Wilson, Treasurer, Ft. Wayne.....	May 6, 1927
1925 James G. Jackson, Superintendent.	

Village for Epileptics, Newcastle

1915	H. C. Scearce, President, Mooresville.....	Mar. 15, 1930
1923	L. M. Vogler, Vice-President, Hope.....	Mar. 15, 1927
1920	L. M. Bridgman, Secretary, Winchester.....	Mar. 15, 1928
1924	Rush G. Budd, Treasurer, Newcastle.....	Mar. 15, 1929
1906	Dr. W. C. VanNuys, Superintendent.	

Soldiers' Home, Lafayette

1923	A. A. Jones, President, Battle Ground.....	May 10, 1929
1921	Dr. Clarke Rogers, Vice-President, Indianapolis....	May 10, 1929
1926	A. D. Zuber, Secretary, Ft. Wayne.....	May 10, 1930
1923	John B. Lyons, Treasurer, Brook.....	May 10, 1927
1923	Mrs. Kathryn Perry, Huntington.....	May 10, 1927
1922	William M. Loudon, Commandant.	

Soldiers' and Sailors' Orphans' Home, Knightstown

1925	R. H. Tyner, President, Newcastle.....	June 8, 1929
1925	Mrs. Hester M. Hart, Vice-President, Indianapolis..	June 8, 1929
1921	Joseph A. Minturn, Secretary, Indianapolis.....	June 8, 1929
1925	Arthur Wolf, Treasurer, Indianapolis.....	June 8, 1929
1925	James W. Spain, Evansville.....	June 8, 1929
1923	Leslie A. Cortner, Superintendent.	

*Indiana University Hospitals, Indianapolis**Robert W. Long and James Whitcomb Riley Hospitals*

The Board of Trustees of Indiana University is ex-officio the Board of Trustees of the Indiana University Hospitals.

	James W. Fesler, President, Indianapolis.....	1929
	George A. Ball, Vice-President, Muncie.....	1927
	John W. Cravens, Secretary, Bloomington.....	Indeterminate
	Edwin Corr, Treasurer, Bloomington.....	Indeterminate
1914	Robert E. Neff, Administrator.	

Indiana State Sanatorium, Rockville

1919	C. E. Kelley, President, Indianapolis.....	May 25, 1927
1925	Mrs. Alma J. McKinsey, Vice-President, Frankfort..	June 8, 1929
1926	Denzil C. Barnhill, Secretary, Indianapolis.....	June 1, 1930
1919	Parke Beadle, Treasurer, Rockville.....	May 25, 1928
1919	Dr. Amos Carter, Superintendent	

Indiana State School for the Deaf, Indianapolis

1920	Warren Bigler, President, Wabash.....	Apr. 10, 1927
1920	James K. Risk, Vice-President, Lafayette.....	Jan. 1, 1928
1920	William M. Waldschmidt, Secretary, Cannelton....	Jan. 1, 1927
1919	John C. Williams, Treasurer, Anderson.....	Jan. 1, 1929
1919	O. M. Pittenger, Superintendent.	

Indiana State School for the Blind, Indianapolis

1920	Mrs. Ella Marsh Hough, President, Greenfield.....	Jan. 1, 1928
1921	Walter E. Rich, Vice-President, Indianapolis.....	Jan. 1, 1930
1921	Chas. E. Butler, Secretary, Crawfordsville.....	Jan. 1, 1929
1917	W. D. Bynum, Treasurer, Indianapolis.....	May 6, 1927
1898	George S. Wilson, Superintendent.	

Board of Industrial Aid for the Blind, Indianapolis

(No. 536 W. 30th St.)

The board of trustees of the Indiana School for the Blind is ex-officio the Board of Industrial Aid for the Blind.

1915	Charles D. Chadwick, Executive Secretary.	
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Indiana State Prison, Michigan City

1919	John L. Moorman, President, Knox.....	Feb. 22, 1930
1916	Jess C. Andrew, Vice-President, West Point.....	Jan. 1, 1928
1907	Michael E. Foley, Secretary, Indianapolis.....	May 6, 1927
1926	Arthur L. Denniston, Treasurer, Rochester.....	May 1, 1930
1925	W. H. Daly, Warden.	

Indiana Reformatory, Pendleton

1920	William W. Cave, President, French Lick.....	Mar. 22, 1927
1926	Brooks T. Collings, Vice-President, Rockville.....	June 22, 1930
1925	John H. Hoy, Secretary, Lebanon.....	Dec. 21, 1929
1918	Joseph E. Hennings, Treasurer, Anderson.....	Mar. 22, 1928
1923	A. F. Miles, Superintendent.	

Indiana State Farm, Putnamville

(P. O., R. R. 7, Greencastle)

1922	J. T. Boyd, President, Vincennes.....	July 7, 1930
1923	John R. Jones, Vice-President, Plymouth.....	July 7, 1927
1922	J. G. H. Klinger, Secretary, Brazil.....	July 7, 1928
1919	C. C. Huestis, Treasurer, Greencastle.....	July 7, 1929
1921	Ralph Howard, Superintendent.	

Indiana Woman's Prison, Indianapolis

1919	*Mrs. Jos. B. Kealing, President, Indianapolis.....	May, 1927
1911	Mrs. Charlotte J. Dunn, Vice-President, Indianapolis..	May, 1927
1911	Mrs. Alice W. Poynter, Secretary, Sullivan.....	May, 1927
1919	Margaret M. Neely, Treasurer, Martinsville.....	May, 1927
1914	Miss Margaret M. Elliott, Superintendent.	

* Mrs. Kealing died November 18, 1926. Succeeded by Mrs. William M. Swain, Pendleton.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

Indiana Girls' School, Clermont
(P. O., R. R. Box 378, Indianapolis)

1923	Mrs. Alice Foster Mullins, President, Ft. Wayne....	Apr. 1, 1927
1924	Mrs. Araminta Kern, Vice-President, Indianapolis....	Apr. 1, 1927
1926	Mrs. Zona C. Diggs, Secretary, Winamac.....	Apr. 1, 1930
1907	Mrs. Frances Beadle, Treasurer, Lafayette.....	Apr. 1, 1928
1911	Dr. Kenosha Sessions, Superintendent.	

Indiana Boys' School, Plainfield

1923	Fred L. Thomas, President, Indianapolis.....	Apr. 1, 1927
1925	Frank C. Huston, Vice-President, Indianapolis.....	Apr. 1, 1927
1925	Albert B. Snyder, Secretary, Indianapolis.....	Mar. 1, 1929
1919	Perry Davis, Treasurer, Lafayette.....	Apr. 1, 1927
1918	Charles A. McGonagle, Superintendent.	

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT, YEAR ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 1926.

APPROPRIATIONS

FUND	Received	Expended	Balance
Personal Service \$30,000 less \$710.39 transferred to Operating Expenses.....	\$29,289 61	\$29,289 61	
Operating Expenses \$14,500, plus \$710.39 transferred from Personal Service and \$49.92 from Equipment.....	15,260 31	15,251 58	\$8 73
Equipment \$200.00 less \$49.92 transferred to Operating Expenses.....	150 08	150 08	
Total.....	\$44,700 00	\$44,691 27	\$8 73

DISBURSEMENTS—

Personal Service—

Secretary and office force.....	\$13,431 08
Agents, Children's Department	11,555 00
Inspectors	3,565 00

Total Salaries	\$28,551 08
Extra office help and deportation agents.....	619 43
Stenographic reporters	119 10

Total Personal Service \$29,289 61

Contractual Service—

Traveling expense—

Members	\$389 58
Secretary	638 25
Agents, Children's Dept.	10,117 72
Inspectors	1,737 30
Clerks	76 06
Deported non-residents	308 61

\$13,267 52

Express and drayage	10 06
Postage	439 04
Telegraph and telephone	710 89
Miscellaneous	83 03
<hr/>	
Total Contractual Service	\$14,510 54
<i>Office supplies, stationery and printing</i>	741 04
<hr/>	
Total Operating Expense	\$15,251 58
<i>Equipment (files, furnishing, etc.)</i>	150 08
<hr/>	
Grand Total	\$44,691 27

TRANSPORTATION FUND

The law establishing the State Agency for Dependent Children provides that the traveling expenses of any child conveyed by a state agent in the discharge of his duty, also the cost of the child's board when left in an institution for temporary care, shall be paid by the county of which the child is a ward. (Acts 1913, p. 711.)

During the year ending September 30, 1926, bills amounting to \$1,184.27 were rendered counties, according to the above provision of law. There were unpaid bills for the previous year amounting to \$123.92; total, \$1,308.19. Paid by counties during the fiscal year, \$1,212.33. Balance due October 1, 1926, \$95.86.

From a rotary fund of \$1,000 which the Legislature appropriates to the Board of State Charities for the purpose (Acts 1925, p. 523), the board advances the expense to the state agents and is later reimbursed by the counties concerned. From this fund the board drew \$1,000 October 6, 1925. The entire amount was returned to the State Treasurer September 30, 1926—Quietus No. 30,499. The amount remaining unpaid by the counties on that date, \$95.86, was temporarily advanced by the secretary of the Board of State Charities.

BOARD OF STATE CHARITIES

TRANSPORTATION OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN REVOLVING FUND

OCTOBER 1, 1925, TO SEPTEMBER 30, 1926

COUNTY	Unpaid Oct. 1, 1925	Bills Rendered	Bills Paid	Unpaid Sept. 30, 1926
Bartholomew.....		\$29 68	\$29 68	
Boone.....		13 79	13 79	
Brown.....		12 14	12 14	
Clark.....		3 00	3 00	
Clay.....	\$1 70	15 04	14 94	\$1 80
Decatur.....		48 00	48 00	
Delaware.....		27 11	27 11	
Elkhart.....		20 90	7 33	13 57
Floyd.....		18 82	18 82	
Gibson.....		4 15	4 15	
Grant.....		27 38		27 38
Greene.....	3 39	38 90	42 29	
Hamilton.....		1 06	1 06	
Hendricks.....		16 22	16 22	
Henry.....		4 35	4 35	
Jefferson.....	21 75	17 17	38 92	
Johnson.....		44 92	42 67	2 25
Knox.....	8 51	105 88	114 39	
Lake.....		4 79	4 79	
Lawrence.....		56 39	39 12	17 27
Madison.....		80 28	70 57	9 71
Marion.....	2 26	32 19	34 45	
Monroe.....		9 69	9 69	
Morgan.....		21 06	21 06	
Orange.....	13 15	9 47	22 62	
Owen.....	32 25		32 25	
Parke.....	4 33	28 05	32 38	
Pulaski.....		5 98	5 98	
Ripley.....		1 06	1 06	
Rush.....		8 08	8 08	
Shelby.....		29 48	29 48	
Spencer.....		36 21	13 71	22 50
Sullivan.....		27 48	27 48	
Tippecanoe.....	11 29	35 93	47 22	
Tipton.....		9 88	9 88	
Vanderburgh.....		121 26	121 26	
Vermillion.....		9 19	7 81	1 38
Vigo.....	25 29	187 41	212 70	
Wabash.....		11 35	11 35	
Warren.....		10 53	10 53	
Total.....	\$123 92	\$1,184 27	\$1,212 33	\$95 86

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