

# Bloomington News-Letter.

A Weekly Democratic Newspaper---Devoted to News, Politics, Literature, Agricultural and Mechanical Interests, &c., &c.

A. B. & J. C. CARLTON, EDITORS.

J. C. CARLTON, PUBLISHER

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## THE BLOOMINGTON NEWS-LETTER

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### BLOOMINGTON:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 29, 1856.

It is said that many of the Indiana Banks are affected with a disease called "Menstruation."

HORACE GREELY thinks JAMES BUCHANAN will be the nominee of the Cincinnati Convention.

There were 45,000 hogs packed in Muscatine, Iowa, during the past pork season.

A NEW PARTY.—The Lafayette Journal styles those Know Nothings in the north who ignore the Philadelphia nominations, "Ignoramuses."

The area of the new park in New York is 750 acres.

A newly-married man in the Bowery declares that if he had an inch more of happiness he could not live. His wife and her sister are obliged to roll him on the floor and spit him with a shingle, every day, to prevent him from being too happy.

The lower branch of the Ohio Legislature has passed a bill similar to the "Personal Liberty Bill" of Massachusetts, the object of which is to nullify the fugitive slave law in Ohio. Treason has been a marked characteristic of the Abolitionists in every State in the Union where they have had the ascendancy.

The State Sentinel says \$312,000 of Indiana Bank paper have been returned to the Indiana banks for redemption, within the past fifteen days, by the brokers of Cincinnati. We don't see anything wrong in that. The banking law of this State contemplates a redemption of the bills of all the banks established under it; and whoever wants money in the place of the shipplasters of these banks, should have it.—"Every tub should stand on its own bottom," and if the Indiana banks haven't any "bottoms," then we say let them go to pieces.

ELIGIBILITY TO THE U. S. SENATE.—In admitting Mr. TRUMBULL to a seat, as Senator from Illinois, the Senate has definitely decided that the qualifications of a Senator are prescribed by the U. S. Constitution, and any extension or restriction of these qualifications by the States are invalid.

One of the modest candidates for the office of Mayor of Chicago, before the recent election, said that he did not care much for the office himself, but it would be a source of great satisfaction to his family, after his death, to see his portrait hanging in the City Hall with those of the other Mayors.

VERY HANDSOME COMPLIMENT.—The British Board of Admiralty have notified our Government that they have accepted Dr. KANE's charts thus throwing overboard the charts of Capt. INGLESFIELD and other Arctic navigators belonging to the British Navy, as well as the works of all Dr. KANE's predecessors on the coast of Greenland.

LOUIS KOSKUTH speaks of the Central American Treaty as follows: Two travelers had but one horse, and one of them proposed an agreement upon these terms,—“for the first half hour you shall walk and I will ride; the second half hour I will ride and you shall walk. Just such would be the Central American Treaty, according to the English interpretation of it.

The following is from a late number of the Macon, (Ga.) Telegraph:

“Our Georgia Know Nothing friends may console themselves that if the second Philadelphia Convention has ignored slavery and the twelfth section, and kicked the Georgia platform to the dogs, it still avows a belief in the existence of a Supreme Being. That is some comfort, and every little helps in a dry time.”

## From the Indiana State Sentinel. ANOTHER SECRET SOCIETY! ABOLITION OATH-BOUND LEAGUE!

KNOW NOTHINGISM IN A NEW FORM.

The Liberties of the People in Danger!

We this day lay before the readers of the State Sentinel the platform, ceremonies, constitution, ritual, oaths, &c., of a secret political society, which exists in Indiana, and which has been organized for the purpose of controlling the political power and destinies of the State.

We have been put in possession of the authentic records of this organization from such a source, and under such circumstances, as to leave no doubt of the correctness and truth of the exposure which we here-with place before the public. Every fact and every statement is copied from their own printed book of forms and ritual, which has been printed by their confidential publishers, and delivered to none but those who were sworn to fidelity, and to keep their secrets.

The "League" is a most abominable conspiracy, entered into by a faction of restless and corrupt men, to control and direct the people in such manner as will conduce to the advancement and propagation of Abolition, disunion, and intolerant doctrines and interests. We look upon this movement as being worse in its tendencies, and more pernicious in its sentiments than original Know Nothingism, because it hypocritically assumes to be the advocate and supporter of human liberty and human rights, while it practically enslaves the citizen, and drives from political connection a large number of American citizens, for their religious opinions.

We give the following condensed exposure of this miserable concern, that every reader may judge of it for himself.

Here is the title page of the book:

## PLATFORM, LIST OF OFFICERS, CONSTITUTION AND RITUAL, OF THE INDIANA STATE LEAGUE OF FREEDOM.

Indiana Journal Company—Print.

OFFICERS:—1855-56.

President.—W. G. GEORGE, S. Bend.  
Vice President.—ORVILLE THOMPSON, Greensburg.  
Secretary.—SAMUEL G. DAILY, Indianapolis.  
Treasurer.—RYLAND T. BROWN, Crawfordsville.

### PLATFORM.

As servility to the slave power characterizes the national organizations of the existing political parties, and as this servility is perilous both to the manhood of the north and the liberty of the public,

### WE DECLARE,

1st. That the issue before the American People is, whether Freedom shall be limited to the free States, or whether slavery shall be limited to the slave States.

2d. That this issue has been forced upon the country by the slave power, through repeated aggressions, and by acts which have violated national faith, solemn compacts and sacred covenants.

3d. That these aggressions, especially the Nebraska outrage, with the brutal assault upon the elective franchise in Kansas, have aroused the freemen of the Republic to a just sense of their duty and their danger, and though they will invade no right of any State, they will maintain every right of Freedom and resist the admission of another slave State, or the addition of another foot of slave soil.

4th. That we shall meet this issue, thus forced upon us, in the spirit which our fathers met the issues of the day, and believing, as they believed, that rightfully man can hold no property in man, we will maintain the NATIONALITY of Freedom.

5th. That Freedom being one in aim and end, the world over, the friends of freedom in this Republic should make principles and character, not birthplace, the test of admission to citizenship, and its Constitutional rights.

AND WE FURTHER DECLARE,

6th. That the right to worship GOD according to the dictates of individual conscience, being inviolable, we will labor to strengthen this great community through wise State laws; but we will repel every politico-ecclesiastical interference in political affairs, by potentate, pontiff or priest, or their abettors, as destructive alike to this right of our common Liberty.

7th. That we are in favor of a law that shall effectually prohibit the traffic in liquors as a beverage.

8th. That Free Schools, Free Labor, the Improvement of Rivers and Harbors, an honest Republican, Official Representation abroad, all measures that tend to elevate man, establish the material prosperity of the country, and give stability to the Union, shall receive our hearty support.

9th. Persons of foreign birth, not to be admitted to the right of suffrage till they become citizens according to the Constitution and the laws of the United States.

11th. That to insure practical success, we will strive to fill all offices with men of undoubted integrity and sobriety, of ability, and of nerve to resist aggression upon Right, come when, where, or in what shape it may.

### CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE LEAGUE.

ARTICLE I.  
Sec. 1. This Association shall be styled "The Indiana State League of Free Men," and shall be the head of the organization in Indiana. It shall have exclusive power to establish Subordinate Leagues within the State, and such work and Laws for the regulation as may be deemed proper, to secure the success of the Organization and the triumph of its principles: *Provided*, that nothing shall be done contravening the Constitution of the National League and our Platform of Principles.

ART. 2. Provides for the election of officers.

Sec. 2. Provides for the selection of one representative from each Council to form the State League.

Sec. 3. State League shall hold its annual meetings on the third Tuesday of April of each year.

### ARTICLE III.

Sec. 1. Provides for the compensation of the President, and fixes his duties, one of which is to appoint a Deputy in each county.

Sec. 2. Fixes the duties of the Vice President.

Sec. 3. Fixes the duties of Secretary.

Sec. 4. Fixes the duties of Treasurer.

Sec. 5. Fixes the duties of Sentinel.

Sec. 6. Provides for general duties of officers.

Sec. 7. Makes it the duty of the President to appoint traveling-deputies in each county.

Sec. 8. Provides for the election, by the State League, of delegates to the National League.

### ARTICLE IV.

Sec. 1. Provides for the appointment of nine committees.

Sec. 2. Defines the duties of said committees.

### ARTICLE V.

Sec. 1. The revenue of the State League shall consist of such fees as may be derived from the Charters, and such per capita tax as may be levied upon the Subordinate by the State League.

### ARTICLE VI.

Sec. 1. The State League shall be called to order, at their stated meetings, at 10 o'clock, A. M., and special meetings at the time specified in the notice convening the same; and thirty delegates shall constitute a quorum for business.

### ARTICLE VII.

Sec. 1. This Constitution shall take effect from and after its adoption.

### SUBORDINATE CONSTITUTION.

The President and Secretary shall have power to issue Charters for Subordinate Leagues, upon the application of ten citizens of the requisite qualifications, and after such application to the President or Secretary or Deputy President, either of said officers are empowered to institute and instruct such subordinate Leagues.

CONSTITUTION.  
(The following Constitution, By Laws and Rules of Order are recommended for adoption for Subordinate Leagues.)

Sec. 1. A person, to become a member of a League, must be a legal voter of the United States, of good moral character, and not addicted to intemperance. He must believe in a Supreme Being as the Creator and Preserver of the Universe, and be sufficiently educated and intelligent to understand the general principles of our Government. He must be morally and politically opposed to the extension of slavery, and be free from any alliance with the Roman Catholic Church.

Sec. 2. Provides for the election of officers.

Sec. 3. Provides for the time of nominations and tenure of office.

Sec. 4. Ditto.

Sec. 5. Gives each League the power to institute its own By-Laws.

Sec. 6. Provides that the votes of four-fifths of the members present shall be required for the election of a member.

Sec. 7. Provides that the rejection of a candidate shall disqualify him for membership in any other League in the State for six months, &c., &c.

Sec. 8. Provides for the qualification of members.

Sec. 9. Provides for withdrawal.

### BY-LAWS.

Similar to those of most Western debating Societies, in ten sections—(written by Hon. SCHUYLER COLFAX, editor of the South Bend Register.)

### RULES OF ORDER.

In twenty-three sections; similar to the By-Laws.

### RITUAL.

[Questions asked by the Marshals outside.]  
[When the candidates have assembled in the ante-room, the Platform shall be read, and the following questions asked by the proper officer, using plural words in place of singular, whenever necessary.]

1. Whether you become a member or not, do you pledge yourself to an honorable secesy with regard to what you shall see and hear within our organization?  
[Each answers, "I do."]

2. Are you twenty-one years of age, and a citizen of the United States?  
[Each answers, "I am."]

3. (printed 2.) Are you a Roman Catholic?  
[Each answers, "I am not."]

4. Do you pledge yourself, on your honor as a man, that you will support the Platform of Principles just read to you, and not reveal the secrets, pass-words, or signs of recognition, of this Organization?  
[Each answers, "I do."]

[Marshals introduce Candidate.]

In the centre of the room stands a table, covered with an American flag, and on it lies a Bible, open, as emblems of civil and religious liberty.

Candidates arrange themselves in a semicircle, facing the table.

President advances to the opposite side of the table, and says:

PRESIDENT.—Will you place your right hand on the Bible?

Candidates do so.

PRESIDENT.—You, and each of you, with your right hand resting on the Word of Truth, and the Flag of your country, of your own free will and accord, do solemnly pledge your honor as a man, that you will never make known the secrets of this Order to any person, except within the body of a legally constituted League of the Order; and not even then, unless you are well assured that he is in good standing and legally entitled to your confidence.

You furthermore promise, that you will use all lawful and honorable means to promote the interests of this Order, and secure the triumph of the principles of our National Platform; that you will conform to the laws and edicts of the National League of "FREE MEN OF THE UNITED STATES," to the Constitution, rules and usages of the State League of Indiana, and of this or any other local League of which you may become a member; that you will not divulge the name of any member of the Order, your own excepted, unless permitted to do so by the person himself, or compelled by due process of law. (Candidate repeats.) Faithfully to perform, I solemnly pledge my honor as a man.

PRESIDENT.—You will now be conducted to the Secretary's table, where you will enroll your name, together with your birthplace, age and present residence. [Enrolls his name.]

Marshals conduct the candidate to the instructor, and says: "Mr. A. B. (and associates, if more than one,) having been duly obligated and enrolled as "Freemen," come to you for instruction.

INSTRUCTOR.—Gentlemen, we congratulate you on your entrance into our Order. It is no common or trifling political occurrence that has given rise to this organization. The alarming aggressions of slavery, political Popery, and intemperance, have aroused the wise and good all over the land, and have banded them in the League of "Freemen," to resist these aggressions. The private matters, which you are to keep secret, are not only the obligations and ceremonies of the Order, but include everything said or done in the League unless secrecy be removed by special act of the League itself.

The Pass Word is (No. 1) "Freedom for all Men." Our sign of recognition for the street, is the placing of the (No. 2) forefinger of the (No. 3) right hand upon the (No. 4) right side of the (No. 5) nose.

The response to the sign is made with the (No. 6) left hand in corresponding position. The brother who gave the sign will then say (No. 7) "Have you any news?" The other will reply (No. 8) "All right."

Make any noise you choose at the outer door to attract the attention of the O. S. Give to him the (No. 9) first part of the P. W.—"Freedom!" then advance to the inner door, and give (No. 10) three raps.

The I. S. will present himself, and to him you will give (No. 11) the remainder of the P. W., also your name, with the name and location of the League to which you belong, thus: "For all Men."

The T. P. W., (meaning the Traveling Pass Word), is (No. 12) "Back Bone," to be used, you will remember, only when traveling out of the State; but the signals at the door are uniformly the same.

[Marshals conduct candidate to President.]

PRESIDENT.—Gentlemen, you have heard and approved our platform of principles—you have sought admission into our Order—you have answered our questions satisfactorily, and have taken an obligation of secrecy and fidelity; you have been made acquainted with the Signs and Pass Words of the Order, and it now only remains to explain to you more fully the aims and objects of the League of "Free Men." It is the duty and interest of every "Son of

[Note.—The explanation of the numbers used in this Section, is printed upon a card accompanying the manual, as follows:

(No. 1) means "Freedom for all men."  
(No. 2) means Fore Finger.  
(No. 3) means "Right Hand."  
(No. 4) means "Right Side."  
(No. 5) means "Nose."  
(No. 6) means "Left Hand in Corresponding Position."  
(No. 7) means "Have you any News?"  
(No. 8) means "All Right."  
(No. 9) means "First part of Pass Word" [Freedom].  
(No. 10) means "Three Taps." [A slight pause taking place between the first and second, but the two last close together.]  
(No. 11) means "The remainder of the Pass Word, [which is for all men], also your name, with the name of the League to which you belong."  
(No. 12) means "Back Bone." [This is the traveling Pass Word, to be used only when traveling out of the State.]

Freedom" to battle for the emancipation of man from the tyranny of Ignorance, Intemperance and Slavery. No country can be happy or free, where the civil authority is controlled by the ecclesiastic, or where one class owns another, and subsists upon the fruits of coerced and unrequited toil.

Religion is the allegiance which man owes to his Maker; Patriotism, that which he owes to his country.

A union of Church and State corrupts the purity of the one, and destroys the liberties of the other. The purity and integrity of both require a mutual, though harmonious independence.

You have observed that this Order plants itself upon the principles of the immortal Declaration of Independence, which proclaims these truths to be self-evident; that "all men are created equal, and endowed with certain inalienable rights, among which are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness." But while we sacredly cherish the recognitions of the rights of man, we counsel no interference with other States, beyond the authority granted by the Federal Constitution. But we steadfastly believe that the Fathers of the Revolution, who founded the Republic, who bought our liberties with their lives, and sealed their purchase with their blood, never intended that our Government should either recognize or sanction human slavery; that it should ever become a party to its extension, or be responsible even for its existence.

To restore the general Government to its original character, by rendering Freedom national and slavery sectional, is our duty, and we trust, our mission. Second in magnitude as an American political evil, but more insidious, if possible, is Popery. For fourteen centuries it has been the scourge of the human race,—the incarnation of Despotism. Under the garb of religion, and plea of infallibility, it is the sworn foe of civil and religious liberty.

It wields the very freedom which our fathers conferred upon it, as a dagger to destroy our own. Landing upon our shores millions of its superstitious, segregated and classish instruments, and acting as a unit in popular elections, it uses them with fearful power; first to weigh down one side, then another; ever bartering its votes to the highest bidder, until it has secured the control of the most important places in the Government. "The tree is known by its fruits." Those of the Papal tree have ever been ignorance, poverty, misery and crime. Its votaries fill our jails, alms-houses and penitentiaries. Intolerance is its principle, ignorance its cement, inquisition and duplicity its means. Its open hostility to the Bible in free schools is known to every American. It is the same system of despotism in all climes, in all ages, and under all governments. Where it has the power, it boldly dictates to the civil authority and makes it subservient to the church. Where it is numerically weak, it assumes a meek and devout aspect; but it knows no gratitude, no compromise. Why, then, should Americans longer clothe their instruments with the elective franchise, or entrust them with the administration of government?

You observe that our Order makes principles, not nativity, the standard of qualifications for citizenship. The place of a man's birth is an accident beyond his control, and for which he is not responsible. But his moral character and his political principles are entrusted to his own keeping. Ours is a land of refuge for the oppressed of all climes, assigned by Providence as the theater where he may solve the great problem of self-government. The native may only ask of his adopted brother, "has he renounced all allegiance of every kind to all foreign powers?" "Is he devoted to our institutions, temperate and industrious in his habits, and of good moral character?" We cast out from us no true man, wherever he may have happened to be born. Our Order is not founded in selfishness, but on the more enduring principles of human brotherhood and man's republican equality. We exclude only the vicious, the unprincipled, the despot and the instruments of despotism.

The theory of our Government is, that all power emanates from the people. But such is not, and has not been its practice. It has become little better than a centralized despotism with a republican name.—The people have, comparatively, no choice in the selection of their public servants.—The single branch of the general Government which they are permitted to choose, is overshadowed by the Senate and the Executive with his vetoes and his great and increasingly dangerous patronage. A restoration of power to the hands of the people will be our most sacred duty. Finally, the grand aim of this organization is to establish a League of Freedom, for the assertion of the inalienable Rights of Man, and for the protection of civil and religious liberty; to restore the political institutions of our country to their original purity, and execute the grand will and testament of its founders; to make this Republic the dwelling-place of Freedom, the polar star for the oppressed of all nations; to exhibit the glorious spectacle of a government without a King, religion without a Pope, a Continent without a slave.

This is the Platform, and these are the principles, of this League of Fanatics, whose doctrines, if carried into practical operation, must inevitably produce revolution, civil war and disunion.

We have given the whole of the address of the "President," that the League may have the benefit of his hypocritical speech to the silly novitiates, which blends, now and then, a proper sentiment with a large amount of sophistry. We permit them to tell their own story in their own way. Every sensible reader will easily discover which is the grain and which is the chaff.

In the language of patriotism and assumed love of the Union, they pretend to sustain the works of our Revolutionary ancestors in behalf of the rights of conscience and of civil and religious liberty. They speak in ardent terms of their opposition to the union of Church and State, and in the same breath denounce all Catholics as beyond the pale of favor or of citizenship, and plainly assert that their religion should be regulated by law, at least so far as to disfranchise them. Is not this invoking the power of the Church to regulate State affairs? Every species of ignorance and crime is charged against them as a general class of people, and they are consigned to infamy, morally, socially and politically. These inconsistencies are so numerous, flagrant and glaring, that it would be a waste of time and space to specify them. To every ounce of honey they add a pound of gall; to every profession of liberal and honest political feeling, the most tangible evidence of Abolition bigotry and intolerance. They desire all fusion factions to unite with them in upturning the foundations of our government, and denounce it as a "centralized despotism."—They attack the provisions of the Constitution, and assail its checks and safeguards, especially the equalizing and regulating power of the Senate and the Executive veto. They cherish a deadly hatred to the white foreign-born citizen, but lament over the fate of the negro, and profess a brotherly love for him. They would wantonly incite internal strife and contention between the States of the confederacy, regardless of the consequences to our national existence.

After the reader calmly reflects upon the tendencies of such an association or secret league, he will certainly perceive its deleterious features. They proscribe a large portion of the citizens of this Union, for their religion, and for no other cause.—They would disfranchise and de-nationalize more white people who are actual citizens and freeholders in the country, than the whole number of slaves in all the States of the Republic. What charity, what holy piety, what moral feeling, what political tolerance is there in such men and such an effort?

The secret character of the League classifies it with Know Nothingism, and shows that a great wrong is intended to be practised upon the people. If its purposes were manly, honorable and laudable, why require solemn oaths of secrecy, and the signs of bandits and robbers to conceal its existence? Such men talk of inquisitions and the subtle power of Popery. When did the Pope do more than they here attempt to do? They wish by secret and clandestine means to control the government and rule the country.

Many of their officers are known to our citizens. Are they any more moral, religious, or philanthropic than those whom they stigmatize and condemn? They are generally hopeful politicians, who have hoped against hope for political preferment, but who, we think, are destined to be disappointed, in spite of their secret leagues.

We are informed that the most worthy President of the "Indiana State League of Free Men," who was recently from Pennsylvania, was, on revisiting his former place of residence, arrested on a charge of seduction, so that he has found it inconvenient to return to the further discharge of his important duties in Indiana.

In conclusion, we invite most seriously, every German and Irish citizen, every Catholic, be he of native or foreign birth, and every honest, patriotic freeman, to contemplate this diabolical league; study their platform, their ritual, their constitution and their secret oaths, and then to determine upon his conscience whether or not he desires to join such a league, to become a member of such a party, or to stand by the Constitution and institutions of our glorious Union.

STUDYING LATIN.—The New Era relates a story of a father whose son had for a long time been ostensibly studying Latin in a popular Academy in this State.

The father not being perfectly satisfied with the course and the conduct of the young hopeful, re-called him from school, and placing him by the side of a cart one day, thus addressed him—

"Now, Richard, here is a fork, and there is a heap of manure, and a cart; what do you call them in Latin?"

"Forkibus, cartibus, et manuribus," said Richard.

"Well, now," said the old man, "if you don't take that forkibus, pretty quickibus, and pitch that manuribus into that cartibus, I'll break your lazy backibus!"

Richard went to workibus forthwithibus.

The Governments of Spain and Greece are virtually bankrupt—neither being able or willing to pay principal or interest on the public debt.

# The News-Letter.

BLOOMINGTON:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 29, 1856.

## Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,  
**ASHBEL P. WILLARD**, of White.  
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,  
**JOHN C. WALKER**, of Laporte.  
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,  
**DANIEL MCCLURE**, of Morgan.  
FOR AUDITOR OF STATE,  
**JOHN W. DODD**, of Grant.  
FOR TREASURER OF STATE,  
**AQUILLA JONES**, of Bartholomew.  
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,  
**JOS. E. McDONALD**, of Montgomery.  
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,  
**WM. C. LARRABEE**, of Putnam.  
FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,  
**WM. B. BEACH**, of Boone.  
FOR REPORTER OF THE SUPREME COURT,  
**GORDON TANNER**, of Jackson.

## FUSION PLATFORM.

"Abolitionists to rule America."  
"Let the Union slide."

Watchword for the Campaign.

"Put none but NIGGERS on guard to-night."—FRED. DOUGLASS.

The Election of 1856.

The Elections of this Fall will be of more importance than those of any preceding year in our country's history. More important issues are involved—no less than the perpetuity of the Union, and the happiness and prosperity of twenty-five millions of people. The Democracy of Indiana are fully aroused to the importance of the contest, and to the fact that upon the success of our party depends the safety of the country. From every part of the State we hear the most cheering accounts of the spirit and energy with which the Democracy are entering the conflict. The Democracy of Monroe county, who have never suffered our Banner to trail in the dust, will return an increased majority for the Democratic ticket. But let us not rely too confidently upon our strength. The Democracy in other parts of the State have been stricken down. Let us give as large a majority as possible, to supply the defections in other portions of the State. Let us enumerate the officers to be elected this fall, and it will readily be seen how important is the contest. We have to elect a President and Vice President, Congressman, Governor, Lieut. Governor, Secretary, Auditor, and Treasurer of State, Attorney General, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Reporter of the Supreme Court, and Clerk of the Supreme Court. Also, a Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, Clerk of the Court, Sheriff, Recorder, and Circuit and District Prosecuting Attorneys. We have also to elect a Representative in the State Legislature, and that Legislature will have two United States Senators to elect.

Hence it will be seen that in the number and importance of the offices to be filled, we have a great work before us. Let every Democrat stand by his flag and do his utmost for the success of correct principles. Circulate documents and newspapers, call public meetings, organize clubs for public discussion and concert of action. Let us meet the dark-lantern, mongrel foe, openly and aboveboard, armed with the weapons of truth and reason.

### Fillmore and Donelson.

The sensible men of the Know Nothing party are not the least afraid of the Pope nor the foreigners. They know that all the fuss about danger from the Pope, &c., is humbuggery; but after the public mind is excited through the agency of a secret society, where they have had the witch's caldron boiling for a year or two, the sharp old foxes come in for the expected spoils. Fillmore afraid of the Pope! He is now in Rome, and is being lionized by the Pope, and attends the Church of the Jesuits! Fillmore and the Pope are educated gentlemen. Such men are always cosmopolitan and liberal in their views and feelings, and no doubt Fillmore laughs in his sleeve at the tempest the K. N.s have stirred up about danger from the Pope! Donelson, too, has suddenly waked up, and discovered that our country is in great danger from the Pope and the foreigners. Here is what he said in 1850:

"We (Andrew Jackson Donelson,) are glad to see this emigration from the Old World. It brings to us the physical force we need to fill the forest and build our improvements. We have yet, and will have for many long years, scope and range enough for their industry and enterprise. The Native party is now prostrate, and it will be time enough to commence the discussion when another attempt is made by the FEDERALISTS to REVIVE THE PRINCIPLES OF THE ALIEN LAWS."

**GAS LAMPS.**—MESSRS. WOODARD & BUCHANAN have just received a large lot of Gas Lamps, of every size and style, worth from fifty cents to fifteen dollars. We have been using one for several nights, and it not only emits a stronger and clearer light than oil lamps or candles, but is decidedly more economical.

**Gov. H. A. WISE**, of Va., characterizes the convention which nominated Fillmore and Donelson, as the "mulatto party."—a cross between white and black, and added that the whigs of Virginia, in common with nature, "abhor vacuums and mongrels."

There are now six hundred and sixty-nine students in the different departments in Harvard University.

### Dr. Everts' Poems.

Thanks to our friend, Dr. O. EVERTS, of Laporte, for a copy of his "O-na-we-quah; and Other Poems." The volume is not offered to the public either for sale or publication, but has been printed for the gratification of the author's personal friends, and for the better preservation of the Poems. From a cursory examination of O-na-we-quah, the principal poem, an Indian legend, which occupies fifty-one pages of the volume, we are favorably impressed with the Doctor's ability as a poet. We believe that O-na-we-quah would be more highly appreciated by the majority of readers than Hiawatha. We are of the opinion, however, that his claims to a place on Parnassus are better founded on his lyric poems. As a specimen, we give the following, which we think is very beautiful:

#### DOWN THE LANE.

Down the long lane, in the country,  
Stood a cottage, fair to see;  
Shaded round with creeping ivy,  
Shaded round with many a tree;  
And a Paradise it seemeth,  
Passing fair, in memory.

Down the long lane, in the country,  
Lived a maiden, nameless here;  
Lovelier than the flowers around her,  
Purer than the pearl-sea tear;  
And an angel now she seemeth,  
As in dreams she draweth near.

Down the long lane, in the country,  
Fennel now, and weeds have grown;  
Yet where'er I pass along it,  
Shadows of her path are thrown;  
Ancient shadows, that come o'er me,  
As from out another zone.

Down the long lane, in the country,  
Has wrought full many a change;  
Thither now no spirit comes to me,  
Seldom there my footsteps range;  
And the way-side, lone and strange,  
Coldly seemeth, lone and strange.

#### The Democratic Club.

Last Saturday night, was pretty largely attended, and several speeches were made. Mr. WALLACE, of Clay co., a moral reform lecturer, a leader among the fusionists, being in attendance, took the stand, by the courtesy of the Club, and expounded, in a very lucid and spiritual manner, the principles of the moral reform party. Speeches were also delivered by COOK, BUSH, and WOLF, and others.

JONATHAN RODGERS, an old line Whig, made a few sensible and appropriate remarks, declaring that the Democratic party came nearer the old Whig principles than any other party now in existence, and therefore he intended to act with them, as he could not go with the Abolitionists.

Owing to one of our hands being engaged in an important law suit! on Monday last, we are thrown a little behind with this week's paper.—Rushville Jacksonian.

What kind of a law suit was it? Perhaps it was such as that of the young man who, desirous of traveling and seeing the great world, went down to New Orleans on a flat-boat, where he "fell among thieves," joined them, and while engaged in robbing a man, unfortunately killed him. The young man was arrested with the others, and sent to the penitentiary for life, from which retreat he wrote home to his father:

DEAR DAD: I come down here to New Orleans and got into a little speculation. I had a law suit and it went agin me. I'll be up when the river rises.

Yours, &c.

P. T. BARNUM.—The great showman and millionaire has been under examination before one of the New York Courts for several days, touching the condition of his pecuniary affairs. It reveals a hopeless state of insolvency. He has assigned everything, and his assets will fail to meet his liabilities by a large amount. One year ago, he says, he was worth \$300,000.—He is now compelled to keep boarders in order to support his family. The history of business does not afford a more striking example of the reverse of fortune.

The Know Nothing Grand Jury of Knox county investigated the case of MILLER for the murder of the Irishman POWERS, and adjourned without finding a bill. Judge NIELACK had them recalled, and the result was an indictment for manslaughter. It was a clear case of murder, we suppose, however, that if the case should be tried by a jury of Know Nothings, their verdict will be not guilty, on the ground that the deceased was only an Irishman.

#### Precept and Example.

One of the Rules of Conduct laid down by GEORGE WASHINGTON, when a young man, was: "To teach by example rather than precept." The Fusion Legislature which passed the Prohibitory Law, took a different view of the matter; for no less than sixteen of them got drunk all night and voted for the Temperance law all day; while the Democratic Members who voted against the law, were, with two or three exceptions, strictly temperate men. Yet this Pharisaical "Moral Reform" party call the Democrats the "Whisky Party!"

THE FAVORITE SON OF NEW YORK.—The New York Express will have it that Fillmore is the favorite son of New York. One of the 'favorite's' brothers, the (Albany Knickerbocker) thus speaks of his strength at home:

"Fillmore's nomination is one of the weakest for this State that could possibly have been made. According to Hammond, he was nominated against the expressed wish of two-thirds of the Hindoo members of the legislature, against the expressed wish of a majority of the State officers, against the expressed wish of more than two-thirds of the delegates from the State in the Convention."

MESSRS. WOODARD & BUCHANAN have just received a large assortment of Books, embracing all the latest publications. See their new advertisements in to-day's paper.

Some of the N. Y. papers mention a report that YANKEE SULLIVAN is coming to Washington as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of the Sandwich Islands.

### Address of Caruthers of Missouri.

HON. SAM'L. CARUTHERS, Member of Congress from Missouri, formerly a Whig, has addressed a long letter to his constituents, giving his reasons for acting with the National Democratic party. It is one of the most complete and withering exposures of the rottenness and corruption of Know Nothingism that we have ever read. We make a few extracts from the letter, from which our old line Whig friends will see the manliness and frankness of Mr. CARUTHERS, as an example worthy of their imitation:

"They charge me with betraying the Whig party! They, who deceived it into their councils, and assassinated it in the dark—they, who come forth from their conclaves with their hands dripping with its blood—they who met at Philadelphia, in Convention, and vauntingly proclaimed its death,—with a Pharisaical affectation of purity, declare that 'they are not responsible for its obnoxious acts and violated pledges.'—Yes, while I stand a mourner at the grave of the Whig party, they are rejoicing at its death and calumniating its life.

"I tell these gentlemen that they have slain my first love, and have left me a political widower, and I have a perfect right to marry another party, if I see proper."

Mr. CARUTHERS proceeds to show why he could not vote for HENRY M. FULLER for Speaker of the House of Representatives, and proves that, although FULLER declared while he was a candidate for Speaker, that he had not, before that time, "taken any public position" on the subject of slavery, Mr. F. was guilty of mendacity, and had publicly declared the most odious free soil and abolition sentiments. He then proceeds to pay the following just and beautiful tribute to RICHARDSON:

"I voted for William A. Richardson. I knew him. I had served with him in the last Congress. I knew him to be the very soul of honor,—a man whose 'word was as good as his bond.'—a man whose large heart could take all the Union into its affections; a man who had been passed around by the Abolitionists (with black lines) in what they call their 'roll of infamy,' because of his gallant bearing in those battles;—a man who has stood unmoved while mad fanaticism poured its vials of wrath upon his head; a man who breathed the storm in its 'wildest ravings,' after the passage of the Kansas-Nebraska Bill; the man who bade them a proud and bold defiance; the statesman who had counseled his friends in the North 'to stand and brave the fire without flinching;' the man who, full of courage and patriotism, dares to do whatever his large heart approves and his comprehensive mind suggests; and a man, too, who is of the West, western—who is of us and with us. I would not, I should not, I could not, I did not hesitate for a moment which to choose,—this man or HENRY M. FULLER. WAS I NOT RIGHT?"

Mr. CARUTHERS then proceeds to give the Know Nothings an exhortation. "I went twice, (and but twice) into their councils.—I saw Sam. I took two visits to see him all over. I made them. I saw enough, and determined never to look on his face again. \* \* \* I freely admit to you that I ought never to have gone into a secret political society of any kind whatever; that they are wrong in principle, against the very genius of our institutions, dangerous in practice, and should be avoided by all men of all parties." \* \*

#### Bank Meeting.

In pursuance of printed notices, circulated through our city, calling upon the merchants, mechanics, produce dealers, &c., to meet at the Court House, on Tuesday, March 26th, a large number of our business men and others assembled at 7 o'clock; when, on motion, JOSEPH M. HOWE was called to the Chair, and A. McCLELLAND acted as Secretary. Hon. SAM'L H. BUSHKIRK proceeded to explain the object of the meeting, in a clear, concise and forcible speech, after which he submitted a series of Resolutions, which, after considerable debate, were adopted by a large majority. The resolutions read as follows:

Whereas, We have been informed that a Convention, to be composed of the merchants, mechanics, produce and stock buyers, and bankers of Indiana, will be held at the city of Indianapolis, on Thursday, the 10th day of April next, for the purpose of adopting such measures as may be deemed advisable, to protect the citizens of Indiana against the "unscrupulous and uncalled for warfare which is being waged by the brokers and wholesale dealers of Cincinnati, upon the Indiana banks;" therefore—

Resolved, That the holding of such a Convention meets with our warm and decided approval, and that we will appoint delegates to attend the same.

Resolved, That we hereby pledge ourselves, individually and collectively, that we will withdraw our trade from the city of Cincinnati, until we are well assured that the merchants, bankers and brokers of that city have ceased their warfare upon our banks, and have given ample assurances that such an unwise and ruinous policy shall not be pursued in future.

Resolved, That we hereby pledge ourselves to carry out strictly and in good faith, whatever plan may be agreed upon by such Commercial Convention.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Bloomington News-Letter and the Indiana State Sentinel.

It may be proper here to state that the cause of free banks, home currency, and hostility to Cincinnati merchants and brokers, found warm and eloquent advocates in Hons. S. H. BUSHKIRK, P. C. DUNNING, F. T. BUTLER, W. C. TARRINGTON, and JOHN M. SLUSS, Esq.; while free trade and no restrictions was maintained with equal zeal, by JESSE COX, Judge BERRY, W. O. FEE and others. The following gentlemen were appointed delegates from this county to Indianapolis, on the 10th April:

WM. O. FEE, W. C. TARRINGTON, F. T. BUTLER, MILTON HIGHT, R. W. AKIN, JOS. M. HOWE and ANDREW HULTON.

Being now 12 o'clock, the meeting closed in great harmony:

J. M. HOWE, Pres.

A. McCLELLAND, Sec.

BLOOMINGTON, March 25th, 1856.

At a called meeting of the Board of Trustees of the Bloomington Female College, Col. B. W. AKIN presented the following preamble and resolutions, which on motion were unanimously adopted.

Whereas, Rev. THOMAS H. SINEX, A. M., has been elected President of the Albion Female Collegiate Institute and Wesleyan Seminary, in the State of Michigan, in view of which he has resigned the Presidency of the Bloomington Female College, a position which he has filled with honor to himself and to the entire satisfaction of this Board; therefore—

Resolved, That we entertain the highest respect for the scholarship, talents and abilities as an instructor, of President SINEX, and as our connection with him has been uniformly pleasant, so our parting is with unmingled regret.

Resolved, That we most cordially commend him to the community in which he may hereafter reside, as an amiable gentleman, an accomplished scholar, an able instructor and an eloquent minister.

Resolved, That the foregoing preamble and resolutions, signed by the President and countersigned by the Secretary, be published in the Bloomington papers, and that a copy be forwarded to Rev. President SINEX.

SAM'L H. BUSHKIRK, Pres.

WM. F. BROWNING, Sec.

#### Monroe County Bible Society.

The Annual Meeting of the Monroe County Bible Society was held on Monday, 17th inst., at the Methodist Church.

At 7, P. M., Dr. DAILY, the President took the stand, and opened the exercises by reading a passage from Scripture, followed by prayer.

The Secretary's Report for the year just closed, showed,

Receipts from all sources,	\$59 84
Bible presented to a Mr. McMillan,	30
Donation through Mr. Heaps, to the Brown co. Bible Society,	40 50
Donation to the Am. B. Soc.	52 04
Cash left in Treasury,	\$92 84
Books on hands,	\$90 00
	133 21

After various addresses, by B. M. BLOUNT, on the Value of the Bible; by Rev. Wm. TURNER, on the Missionary Character of the Society; and by Dr. DAILY, on the General Interests and Objects of the Society; on motion, it was

Resolved, That we will aid the parent Society in the distribution of the Holy Scriptures in our own and the adjacent counties, as also in foreign lands.

Resolved, That the thanks of this Society be tendered to Jos. M. Howe, for his services as Treasurer and Depository.

Resolved, That the Ministers of the county be requested to present the Bible cause to their respective congregations, at some time during the year; and we would recommend the Sabbath next preceding the 4th of July,—and then to take up a collection in aid of Bible distribution, reporting the names of the contributors along with the sums paid in.

Papers being circulated, were signed by 38 names. The sum of \$10 90 was paid in, and \$11 45 pledged, and there remains unpaid from last year's pledges, \$8 75, leaving due the Society, \$20 20.

The payment of any sum constitutes the payer a member of the Society for one year, and five dollars paid at once constitutes a member for life.

Bibles and Testaments, of various qualities, are kept constantly on hands at J. M. HOWE's, to whom all subscriptions ought to be paid.

The following officers were elected for the next year: Prof. WYLLIE, Pres.; WM. FEE, Sr., A. SEWARD, J. O. HOWE, JNO. ORCHARD, Vice Pres's; M. M. CAMPBELL, Sec'y; J. M. HOWE, Treasurer and Depository; WM. F. BROWNING, Auditor.

Resolved, That the proceedings of the meeting be published.

M. M. CAMPBELL, Sec.

The following is a list of Life Members, so far as known, with the date of membership:

NATHANIEL WEED, March, 1852; M. M. CAMPBELL, do; Prof. CHAS. MARSHALL, do; ANDREW F. DODDS, do.

How to DETERMINE THE HEIGHT A COLT WILL ATTAIN WHEN FULL GROWN.—Mr. Jas. R. Martin, of Lexington, Ky., gives out the following upon this point:

I can tell you how any man may know within half an inch, the height a colt will attain to when full grown. The rule may not hold good in every instance, but in nine cases out of ten it will. When the colt gets to be three weeks old, or as soon as it is perfectly straightened in its limbs, measure from the edge of the hair on the hoofs to the middle of the first joint, and for every inch, it will grow to the height of a hand of four inches, when its growth is matured. Thus, if the distance be found 16 inches, it will make a horse 16 hands high. By this means, a man may know something of what sort of horse, with proper care, he is to expect from his colt. Three years ago, I bought two very shabby looking colts for twenty dollars each, and sold them recently for \$300. So much for knowing how to guess properly at a colt.

BALTIMORE, March 18.—The mail from the South brings New Orleans papers of Thursday and Wednesday, furnishing dates from Vera Cruz to the 8th inst., but nothing latter from the City of Mexico—telegraphic communication being totally interrupted by the revolution at Puebla.

Gen. Comofort left the capital on the 20th, to put himself at the head of the besieging troops.

There would then be a force of 12,000 troops and forty-eight pieces of artillery at Puebla. The Revolutionists numbered about 8,000 men. The officers who led the revolt in the Castle San Juan D' Ulloa had been sentenced to be shot.

The departure of the Nicaraguan Filibusters was openly proclaimed in the papers of New Orleans, and great enthusiasm manifested.

The case in which Mrs. COLLEY sued WALL & AINS, lessees of the Newport and Cincinnati ferry, for producing the miscarriage and loss of an unborn infant by an accident on the boat, has been decided. Mrs. C. receives one thousand dollars damages.

### Col. Fremont and His Mariposa Grant.

Col. Fremont has at length got his great Mariposa estate fully confirmed to him, and if he can succeed in taking possession of it, may be regarded as one of the richest men living. The patent was signed by the President last week, and delivered by him at the White House to Col. Fremont in person. Patents are now generally signed by the private secretary of the President, who is thereunto authorized by an act of Congress, but Gen. Pierce signed this one with his own hand. The instrument is engrossed upon parchment, and covers twelve sheets, including, on a large sheet of parchment, a finely-executed map of Las Mariposas, as surveyed by the U. S. Surveyor General.

The tract is upwards of seventy square miles in extent, and is situated about two hundred and twenty-five miles from San Francisco, in an easterly direction. It embraces the town of Mariposas, containing from three to four thousand inhabitants, and a number of other small towns and settlements; and it is estimated that there are upwards of fifteen thousand persons now on the estate.

Col. Fremont bought this land on the 10th of May, 1846, of Alvarado, ex-Governor of California, for three thousand dollars in cash, and at the time the old Californians laughed at it as a very extravagant price. After a long litigation, his title has been fully confirmed by the Supreme Court at Washington.

Of the value of Col. Fremont's grant it is impossible to speak with definiteness, as it is, apparently, almost beyond calculation. Messrs. Palmer, Cook & Co., bankers of San Francisco, who have advanced heavily to pay the taxes upon it, and to defray the enormous expenses of the suit, own one undivided half interest in the property. Col. Fremont, alone, owns the other half. Already about thirty-five millions of gold dust have been taken from the tract, and the per centage of earth which has yet been worked, even imperfectly, is exceedingly small. This is owing to the scanty supply of water to be found on the tract, and a canal is projected, at a cost of \$600,000, to supply this deficiency. When this is completed, the revenue to be derived from the estate will amount to many millions per annum.

DUNNS & AKIN is the name of a new China, Glass, Queensware and Provision firm, just opening out on the West side of the Square, one door above the old stand of TARRINGTON & AKIN. Their advertisements will appear in the News-Letter next week.

#### What a Time they Have.

The editor of the Cincinnati Gazette is a used "individual!" Mr. Campbell's Kangaroo jump from Black Republicanism to the support of Fillmore Know Nothingism, and the castigation that he is receiving from his Abolition brethren for his open confession of the necessity of acting the scoundrel and hypocrite in order to defeat the Democratic party, has landed him into a boiling caldron; and he very plainly intimates that he will have to look around a little before he can get out of it. We admit that Lewis D. Campbell is fully as mean as the Gazette makes him out. But that don't in the least relieve the editor of the Gazette. We suppose that Mr. Campbell thought that the safest plan to secure the spoils was to come out in favor of Fillmore. The editor of the Gazette in his article in reference to Mr. Fillmore's nomination, in substance, says that he is in favor of anything in order to secure the same object. If L. D. Campbell does now blow hot and cold in the same breath by saying that the "slavery question is an outside issue, and has nothing to do with the American party," it only proves what we said at the time—that there was no political honesty in the mongrel or Abolition party, and that the editor of the Gazette and the whole batch of the niggerite party care nothing for the welfare of the nigger, and that their whole object is to ride into power astride their necks. There is a striking similarity between the Abolition and Maine law parties in this country—the former would sell the whole nigger race into perpetual slavery if they could get the money for them, and the other will buy, sell and get drunk on whisky.—Rushville Jacksonian.

PIANOS AND MUSIC.—We learn that HORACE WATKINS, of 533 Broadway, N. Y., agent for the sale of many of the most celebrated makers of Pianos and Melodeons, is offering them at prices which we advise all who desire to purchase to avail themselves of, as an opportunity not likely often to occur. He is also selling his large and well-known Catalogue of Music at one-third off from the regular prices, and will send the same free of postage. His offers to the trade, teachers, and schools, are of the most favorable character—all of which he will be able to fill to the letter, for having wisely adopted the cash system. The Horace Watkins' Pianos are known as among the best. We are enabled to speak of these instruments with some degree of confidence, from personal knowledge of their excellent tone and durable quality.—N. Y. Evangelist. m29

#### CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce AMBROSE D. CONNOR, of Brown Co., a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney for the Common Pleas Court, at the approaching October election.

#### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

##### FOUND.

A Pocket Book containing a sum of money, was recently found on the street leading to the College, which the owner can have by calling at Dr. Orr's Drug Store, proving property, and paying charges. mch 29-4w3

##### NOTICE.

The undersigned has been compelled to relinquish Watch Work, on account of his health, for the present. Any one having business with him, will please call at his house. I embrace this opportunity to return more liberal than I had reason to hope for, I intend to resume my business as soon as my health will permit. Mr. Thompson has taken my old stand, where he may be found ready to attend to the wants in his line. H. STARKS.

Any one having Clocks to repair, may get them done by bringing them to my house. H. S. Bloomington, March 29, 1856. [4w4]

### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## NEW GOODS.

GREAT BARGAINS.

AT THE

## NEW STORE.

We invite the attention of the citizens of Bloomington and vicinity to our large and desirable stock of

## FRESH GOODS,

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE

Consisting in part of

## DRESS GOODS,

NEW SPRING STYLES,

RIBBONS, WHITE GOODS,

DRY & FANCY SILKS,

EMBROIDERIES, GLOVES AND HOSIERY,

DRESS TRIMMINGS, ROBES,

LUSTRES IN GREAT VARIETY

GINGHAMS, PRINTS AND LAWNES,

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,

And a Complete Assortment of

## DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

Our Motto is still the same—"QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS."

J. B. HOBSON & CO.

Mch. 23, 1856.

GAS LAMPS.—A superior lot just received and for sale by [4w3] WOODARD & BUCHANAN.

BOOKS, BOOKS, BOOKS.—All popular works of the day for sale by [4w3] W. & B.

FEMALE LIFE AMONG THE MORMONS.—for sale by [4w2] W. & B.

MY BONDAGE AND MY FREEDOM.—For sale by [4w3] W. & B.

THE HIDDEN PATH, for sale by [4w3] W. & B.

HUNTING ADVENTURES IN THE WESTERN STATES, for sale by [4w2] W. & B.

WINKIE AND I, for sale by [4w3] W. & B.

PAPAL CONSPIRACY EXPOSED, for sale by [4w3] W. & B.

EDITH, THE QUAKER'S DAUGHTER, for sale by [4w3] W. & B.

LEMONS, LEMONS.—1,000 superior Lemons for sale by [4w3] W. & B.

#### A. ADAMS,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER.

West Side of the Public Square, immediately West of the Court House.

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomington and Monroe county, that he has permanently located in Bloomington, for the purpose of carrying on the above business in all its branches. I will keep on hands, or will manufacture at short notice.

Saddles, Bridles, Harness, Collars, Martingales, Carriage and Riding Whips, Trunks, and any and every article made by saddlers and harness makers anywhere. I will endeavor to keep on hand every article in the line.

By employing none but the best of workmen, using none but the best material, and by close attention to business, he is satisfied that it will be to the interest of all to call and see his work before purchasing elsewhere.

Shop next door to J. T. Cox's store.

A. ADAMS.

Bloomington, March 29-4th.

STATE OF INDIANA, OWEN COUNTY, SS.

Owen Circuit Court to May Term, 1856.

James L. Strong, vs. Complaint for Divorce.

LUCY REMBERED, the plaintiff, by Mr. B. Dyer, her attorney, has this day filed his complaint herein, together with an affidavit of a competent witness by which it is satisfactorily shown that the above named defendant is a non-resident of the State of Indiana.

The said defendant, Lucinda Strong,

# The News-Letter.

BLOOMINGTON:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 29, 1856.

Agents for the News-Letter.

A. O. PARKS, Ellettsville;  
JOSEPH SANDERS, Stanford;  
JAS. P. MORGAN,  
SAMUEL B. PERRY, Smithville;  
J. J. ALEXANDER, Unionville;  
JOSEPH SMITH, Harrodsburg;  
DR. WARE S. WALKER, Mount Tabor;  
JOHN HUFF, Bryan's Creek;  
ROBERT M. CARLTON, Bedford;  
W. W. OWENS, Guthrie, Lawrence Co.;  
DR. ZIBA FOOTE, Heltonville;  
NOAH BRIDGEMAN, Springfield;  
DAVID L. SUGGS, Mitchell;  
WILLIAM WILKINS, Washington, Daviess Co.;  
Capt. ALEXANDER, Gosport;  
BASIN MEKE, Spencer;  
DAVID BUTLER, White Hall;  
MONROE MASON, Nashville;  
Hon. W. K. HOWARD, Terre Haute;  
DR. N. N. CONNELLY, Bloomfield;  
DR. J. J. JOHNSON, Morgantown.

## LITERARY NOTICES.

Philomathean Exhibition.

The annual Spring Exhibition of the Philomathean Society, of Indiana University, will be held at the Methodist Church, on Tuesday evening next, the 1st prox. The public are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of Society.

JAMES L. MITCHELL, Ch'n Committee.

## Athenian Society.

The Annual Spring Exhibition of the Athenian Society will be held in the College Chapel, on Monday evening, March 31st, at 7 o'clock.

By Order of Committee.

A Justice of the Peace of Monroe county, lately made an entry on his docket: "Come now the parties on horseback and agree to drop it."

Snow again on Wednesday night, the 26th of March;—winter lingering in the lap of spring, like a gray-headed old husband in the arms of a young wife. It's a bad institution,

Dr. W. D. STEWART is about to remove from this place to Peru. We are sorry to part with the Doctor, for he is a genial and social gentleman, and a most excellent physician and surgeon. We have no doubt, however, that he will find Peru a pleasant place of residence, and that he will meet with such a reception as his gentlemanly qualities and professional abilities entitle him to.

Mr. A. ADAMS has removed his Saddle and Harness shop to the corner of the alley on the West side of the Public Square. Mr. A. has received a large lot of stock of every kind in his line, and will be pleased to receive the orders of those in need of articles in his business. He is an excellent mechanic, and an industrious and accommodating gentleman.—Don't forget the place—the sign of the Golden Saddle.

## COMMERCIAL.

From the New Albany Ledger.

THE NEW ALBANY MARKET.

March 11, 1856.  
Flour—\$6 00 for country brands. City mills are selling at \$6 00.  
Grain—Wheat \$1 00 @ 1 05. Corn 25 @ 30c. Oats 25 @ 30c.  
Groceries—Sales coffee at 12 @ 12½c. Sugar firm at 8½ @ 9½c by the hhd. 8½ @ 9c by the bbl. Molasses, plantation, 40 @ 42c.  
Bacon and Lard—Clear sides 7c; shoulders 6c; plain hams 7½c; prime lard in bbl. 8½c, Reg 9c.  
Salt—Sales are made at 45c in the 50 bbls, and 48c in the 40 bbls.  
Cornmeal—30 @ 35c—dull.  
Rice—6½ @ 7c.  
Fruit—Dried Apples \$1 20, and Peaches \$1 75.  
Cotton Yarns—No. 500, 600, and 700, we quote at 8½, 9½, 10½.  
Cotton Baling—No. 1, 12 @ 12½c.  
Lead and Shot—Pig Lead at 7½c, and Bar at 8c. Shot 20 @ 20c per 100 lb.  
Oils—Pure Castor Oil \$1 95 per gal. by the quantity. Tanners \$2 47 @ 27c bbl. Lard Oil 55 @ 56c in lots. Lard Oil \$1 05 @ 1 10.  
Nails—Sales at 3½c, 4½c, 5c, for 10, 8, 6, and 4d., by the quantity.  
Iron—3c in large lots.  
Tar—\$4 50 @ 5 00.  
Coal—Pittsburgh 12½.  
Hay—\$12 @ 13.  
Potatoes—75 per bush.  
Onions—Dull at 40 @ 50 per bushel.  
White Beans—We quote at \$1 50.  
Rags, Feathers, Ginseng, &c.—Rags we quote at 3 @ 3½c, as per quality. Feathers we quote at 35c from the country. Ginseng we quote at 25c. Beeswax 18 @ 20c from the country.  
Manufactures—Wine—Common 12½, choice and extra brands 25 @ 30c.  
Glass—Sales of 8x10, country manufacture, in lots, at \$3 50; Pittsburgh manufacture, \$4 50; sales of 10x12, country manufacture, \$4 @ 5 00; Pittsburgh manufacture, \$4 50 @ 5 00; larger sizes ranging from 10x14 to 12x18 from \$5 50 @ \$7 in lots. Sales to the country are made at a small advance on our quotations.

## THE COURTS.

Courts in the Sixth Circuit—Spring of 1856.

Sullivan county begins Monday, Feb. 25—1 week.  
Vico " " " Mar. 3—3 "  
Clay " " " " 24—1 "  
Putnam " " " " 31—2 "  
Greene " " " " April 14—2 "  
Monroe " " " " May 12—2 "  
Morgan " " " " May 12—2 "  
Owen " " " " May 24—2 "

Monroe Common Pleas Court commences its quarterly sessions on the 3d Mondays in April, July, October, and January; and sits two weeks.

County Commissioners' Court commences its quarterly sessions on the 1st Mondays in June, October, December, and March.

## THE MAILS.

Arrivals at and Departures from the Bloomington P. O.  
From Columbus (by two-horse hack) arrives every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 12 M., and departs every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 10 A. M.  
From Bloomfield (by hack when necessary) arrives every Tuesday and Saturday, at 4 P. M., and departs every Monday and Friday, at 8 A. M.  
From Indianapolis, via Mariusville, (by two-horse hack) arrives every Tuesday and Friday, at 12 M., and departs same days, at 1 P. M.  
From Point-Comme, via White Hall, (horse-back) arrives every Thursday, at 1 P. M.; and departs same day, at 1:30 P. M.

## A Wonderful Discovery.

Has recently been made by Dr. Curtis of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all diseases of the lungs. We refer to "Dr. Curtis's Hygeana, or Inhalant Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup." With this new method Dr. C. has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as evidence of which he has innumerable certificates. Speaking of the treatment a physician remarks:—"It is evident that inhaling—constantly breathing an agreeable, heating vapor, the medicinal properties must come in direct contact with the whole of the internal cavity of the lungs, and thus escape the process of digestion. The Hygeana is inhaled at all the drug stores throughout the country. (From the New York Dutchman of Jan. 14th.)"

See advertisement of Medicated Inhalation in another column of this paper.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Notice to Heirs of Petition to sell Real Estate.

STATE OF INDIANA,  
MONROE COUNTY, SS.  
April Term Court Common Pleas, 1856.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that PAUL STINE, Administrator of the estate of George W. Chambers, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts; and that said petition will be heard at the April term, 1856, of the Court of Common Pleas of said county.

Test.  
Mch. 22, 1856. MILTON McPHERTRIDGE,  
Clerk C. C. P. M. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.  
JOHN Y. DUNLAVY having been appointed by the Court of Monroe County, State of Indiana, Administrator of the Estate of SQUIRE RAY, late of Monroe county, deceased, all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate, will present them, duly authenticated, according to law. Said Estate is solvent.  
March 18, 1856. JOHN Y. DUNLAVY, Adm'r.

## ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

WILL be exposed at public sale, on Friday, the 11th day of April next, at the late residence of Squier Ray, deceased, in Monroe county, all the personal property of said deceased; consisting of horses, cattle, hogs, wheat, corn and oats, farming utensils of various kinds; also a variety of household and kitchen furniture, bedstead, and bedding, cook stove, and various other articles too tedious to mention.  
The articles will be sold on a credit of twelve months on all sums of three dollars and upwards, by the purchaser giving note with freehold security, waiving all valuation laws. All sums under three dollars, cash.  
Mch. 18, 1856. JOHN Y. DUNLAVY, Adm'r.

## CAUTION.

WHEREAS my wife MELINDA has left my bed and board, without any just cause or provocation, I hereby forbids all persons not to trust her on my account, as I am determined to pay no debts or liabilities of her contracting.  
WILLIAM R. CHANDLER.  
Bloomington, March 19, 1856.

## NOTICE.

STATE OF INDIANA,  
OWEN COUNTY, SS.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that CYRUS J. SCOTT, Administrator of the estate of Joseph Whiston, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts; and that said petition will be heard at the July term, 1856, of the Court of Common Pleas of said county.

March 13, 1856.—3w  
BASIL MEEK, Clerk  
C. C. P. of Owen Co.

## CASH STORE!

THE M'CALLA CORNER,  
Southwest Corner of the Public Square.

THE undersigned are now in receipt of, and offer for sale a large and splendid stock of

SPRING GOODS,

Consisting in part of

PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS,  
Debares, Berages,  
Delaines, Lawns,  
English Merinos,  
Ginghams, Ribbons,  
Plain and Fancy Jaconets,  
Swiss Muslins, Linen Edges,  
Fancy, Fig'd and Striped Lusters,  
Lamb's Wool Hosiery, Ribbons,  
Fancy Prints, Embroid' Curtain Goods, etc.  
Fine Silk Bonnets  
ranging from \$1.75 to \$3.75 each.

Also a beautiful lot of

CLOTHS,  
Cashmeres, Vestings,  
Cottonades, Flannels, etc.

And a fine assortment of

Boots and Shoes,  
Hats and Caps, etc.

Also, an extensive stock of

Hardware, Queensware,  
Glassware, Groceries, etc., etc.

All of which they will sell cheap for cash. Having adopted the Cash system exclusively, and the motto, Quick Sales and Small Profits, they flatter themselves that they will be able, by close attention to business, to share the public patronage of the citizens of Bloomington and the country adjoining.  
Country produce taken in exchange for goods at the highest market price.  
SLIDER & TIBBETTS.  
Bloomington, March 15-2ly

## NEW DRUG STORE.

Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils,  
and Dye-Stuffs,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

WOODARD & BUCHANAN.

WHO are now opening and offer for sale at their stand, on the west side of Main street, in the room formerly occupied by J. B. Holson & Co., a complete and carefully selected stock of  
Patent Medicines,  
Surgical Instruments,  
Trusses,  
Abdominal Supporters,  
Fancy Articles,  
French, English, and  
American Extracts,  
Perfumery,  
Soaps, common,  
do scented,  
Cigars, do do  
Also, Spices, Essences, &c., &c., &c.

The undersigned, wishing to construct a sure foundation for a prosperous business, intend keeping on hand a full and warrantable supply of all the articles in the Apothecaries' trade; and hope by their personal attention to render entire satisfaction to their customers. Physicians and Merchants from this and adjoining counties are requested to call and examine their stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, as we will sell at such rates as will be satisfactory and remunerative to the retail dealer. WOODARD & BUCHANAN.  
P. S.—Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded by a competent person at all hours of the day and night.  
March 1.—52lf

30 OZ. FARR'S QUININE, for sale by  
WOODARD & BUCHANAN.

10 LBS. GUM OPIUM, for sale by  
W. & B.

PURE WINES and BRANDIES, for medicinal  
purposes, for sale by  
W. & B.

25 KECS PURE WHITE LEAD, for sale by  
W. & B.

3 BBL. LINSEED OIL, for sale by  
W. & B.

1 BBL. NO. 1 COPAL VARNISH, for sale by  
W. & B.

2 BBL. SPIRITS TURPENTINE, for sale by  
W. & B.

SHALLENBERGER'S PILLS, Bull's Head,  
and Sands' Sarsaparilla, for sale by  
W. & B.

JAYNES' Family Medicines, for sale by  
W. & B.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL and PILLS,  
for sale by  
W. & B.

SLOAN'S MEDICINES, for sale by  
W. & B.

DR. GOBLE  
TENDERS his professional services to the citizens of  
Bloomington and vicinity.  
Office on West Main street, opposite the residence of  
Hon. H. Baskirk.  
August 18, 1855-25lf.

## NOTICE.

THE  
BLOOMINGTON BANK,  
BLOOMINGTON, IND.

WILL receive Deposits on and after the 25th inst., and will allow six per cent. interest on money deposited for six months or longer.  
W. O. TARKINGTON, Cashier.  
March 15-2lf

R. W. AKIN, President.  
Hardware Store!

THE subscriber, formerly of Louisville, Ky., is now opening on

State Street, between Main and Market,  
NEW ALBANY, IND.,  
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF

Hardware, Cutlery, Guns,  
EDGE TOOLS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS,  
&c., &c.

Which he offers to the trade at reduced prices for cash. His stock will be very complete, and will embrace the latest and most improved articles ever offered for sale in New Albany.

## SOME OF THE LEADING ARTICLES.

1,200 dozen Knives and Forks;  
500 " Pen and Pocket Knives;  
200 " Butcher and Shoe Knives;  
200 " Scissors and Sharps;  
200 " Razors, some very fine;  
500 " Locks and Latches;  
500 " Butt Hinges;  
1,000 Gross Gimlet Screws;  
10,000 papers Tacks;  
200 dozen Files and Rasps;  
100 boxes Axes;  
200 dozen Bright Augers;  
100 " Chisels and Gouges;  
100 " Hand Saws;  
100 " Shovels and Spades;  
600 pairs Trawl Chains;  
1,000 lbs. Log Chains;  
100 dozen Hoes;  
50 " Hammers;  
100 " Coffee Mills;  
100 Tea Kettles;  
Mill Saws and Cross cut Saws;  
Curry Combs, Saddle Irons;  
Riddles, Sieves;  
Broad-Axes, Hatchets, and Hammer;  
and many other articles.  
H. B. SHIELDS.  
New Albany, March 8, 1856-1w6.

SAFES.

HERRING'S FIRE-PROOF SALAMANDER  
SAFES, with Hall's Patent Powder-proof Locks. These Safes have testimonials of the highest authority, of their proof against Fire and Burglars. They took the premium in London, at the World's Fair, and City and County Clerks, Bankers, and Agents for Insurance Companies, should supply themselves without delay. They are for sale here by the subscriber, at New York prices, adding the cost of transportation.  
H. B. SHIELDS.  
New Albany, Ind., March 8, 1856-1w6.

BLACHLY & SIMPSON,  
No. 11 Pearl Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN  
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

HAVE now in store a full and fresh stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, to which they are receiving daily accessions. They invite an examination of their stock by dealers visiting the city this Spring.  
March 8, 1855-1w4.

Take Due Notice, and Govern Yourself  
Accordingly.

THE subscribers having sold their entire stock of Goods to Messrs. SLIDER & TIBBETTS, desire to close up their business without delay, and request all those indebted to them to make immediate payment. They avail themselves of the present occasion to assure the public of the grateful remembrance of past favors, and ask a continuance of the same to the new firm.  
TARKINGTON & AKIN.  
March 1.—52lf

Change of Business.

TARKINGTON & AKIN  
HAVING SOLD out their stock of Goods to Messrs. SLIDER & TIBBETTS, of New Albany.

THE NEW FIRM  
Respectfully ask the public, and especially the customers of the former house, to give them a call, as their determination is to do a CASH BUSINESS. Every article will be invariably offered at the lowest price.

The new firm will receive direct from the Eastern Cities, a large supply of New and Seasonable Goods in a few days.  
SLIDER & TIBBETTS.  
March 1.—52lf

THE  
SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN.

ELEVENTH YEAR.

Splendid Engravings and Prizes.

The Eleventh Annual Volume of this useful publication commences on the 17th day of September next.

The "Scientific American" is an Illustrated Periodical, devoted chiefly to the publication of information relating to the various Mechanical and Chemical Arts, industrial Manufactures, Agriculture, Patents, Inventions, Engineering Millwork, and all interests in which the light of Practical Science is calculated to advance. Reports of U. S. Patents granted are also published every week, together with the full text of the Claims, together with news and information upon those subjects of other subjects.

The Contributors to the Scientific American are among the most eminent Scientific and practical men of the times. The Editorial Department is universally acknowledged to be conducted with great ability, and to be distinguished, not only for the excellence and truthfulness of its discussions, but for the fearlessness with which error is combated and false theories are exploded.

Mechanics, Inventors, Engineers, Chemists, Manufacturers, Agriculturists, and people of every profession in life, will find the Scientific American to be of great value in their respective callings. Its counsels and suggestions will save them hundreds of dollars annually, besides affording them a continual source of knowledge, the experience of which is beyond pecuniary estimate.

The Scientific American is published once a week every number contains eight large quarto pages, forming annually a complete and splendid volume, illustrated with several hundred original engravings.

Specimen copies sent gratis. Copies of all the Patent Claims, together with news and information upon those subjects of other subjects.

For further Clashes and for statement of the fourteenth large CASH PRIZES, offered by the publishers, Southern, Western and Canada money, or Post Office Stamps, taken at par for subscriptions.

Letters should be directed (post paid) to  
MUNN & CO.,  
128 Fulton Street, New York.

IF Messrs. MUNN & CO., have been, for many years extensive publishers in procuring agents for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without charge, in regard to the novelty of their inventions.

August 18, 1855

SPENCER HOUSE,  
GEO. MOORE & CO., PROP'RS,  
Cor. Broadway and Front Streets,  
CINCINNATI, O.

THIS magnificent new Hotel, is now open for the reception of guests. Travelers will find this House unsurpassed in convenience, arrangement, in elegance of Furniture, and luxury of the table, by any Hotel in the Union.  
(Jan. 28, 1854-1y1.)

BLANK NOTES, printed in the very neatest style, on superior paper—bound in books of 50 notes each—for sale at this office.

BLANK DEEDS, neatly printed, on heavy paper, for sale at this office.

1856. SPRING TRADE. 1856.

NEW ALBANY  
NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD.

Can depend on Buying their  
QUEENSWARE AND HARDWARE

From the Mammoth Establishment of  
Brooks & Campbells,

As low as from any house west of the Mountains.

WE have in Store and to arrive for the Spring Trade  
500 GATES OF CROCKERY

Comprising all the latest designs and qualities, which we are determined to offer to the trade at  
UNUSUALLY LOW FIGURES!

ALSO,  
1,000 BOXES OF GLASSWARE,

Consisting of all kinds of Tumblers, Jars, Molasses Cans; Salts, Sugars, and Preserve Dishes, &c.

Together with an immense stock of  
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC  
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

In our Domestic Hardware Department, we can only say that WE WILL duplicate any Cincinnati or Pittsburgh invoice, and will receive all Foreign Goods, no house, East or West, shall undersell us, as we import directly from the manufacturers.

We have also the heaviest stock of  
FARMING TOOLS

Around the Falls, and will offer them at such prices as will induce every one that gives our stock an examination to leave their orders.

We only ask that all, before making their purchases, will give our stock a thorough examination, and feel confident of quoting prices that will be satisfactory and secure your custom.

IF You will always find us open from 6 A. M., until 9 P. M., ready to show you through our stock.

IF All orders will be sent us, we will give personal attention of one of the members of the firm.

IF Goods delivered at Wharf-Boats, Jeffersonville, and N. A. and S. R. R. Depots free of charge.

GIVE US A CALL.  
BROOKS & CAMPBELLS,  
Main street, New Albany, Indiana.  
February 23.—51lf

THE GREAT  
PIANO, MELODEON AND MUSIC  
ESTABLISHMENT

HORACE WATERS, Agent,  
No. 335 Broadway, - - - - New York.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!—THE CASH SYSTEM  
ADOPTED!!

THE largest assortment of Pianos, Melodeons, Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise of all kinds in the United States. Pianos from Ten different Manufacturers, comprising those of every variety of style, from the plain, neat and substantial 6½ octave, to the new and elegant 7 octave, from \$150 to \$500, to those of the most elegant finish, up to One Thousand Dollars. No house in the Union can compete with the above in the number, variety and celebrity of its instruments, nor in the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which they are sold.

HORACE WATERS' MODERN IMPROVED PIANOS,  
With or without Iron Frames, possessing in their improvements of over strings and action, a length of scale, power and compass of tone equal to the Grand Piano, and united with the beauty and durability of structure of the square Piano. They are justly pronounced by the Press and by the first Musical Masters to be equal to those of any other manufacturer. They are built of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and guaranteed to stand the action of every climate.

Each Instrument guaranteed to give satisfaction, or reduced price money refunded. SECOND HAND PIANOS AT GREAT BARGAINS, constantly in stock, prices from \$30 to \$140.

HORACE WATERS' MELODEONS,  
Superior Instruments in tone, touch and durability of make. (Tuned the equal temperament.) Melodeons of all other styles and makes. Prices, \$45, \$60, \$75, \$125, \$150, double Reeds, \$250; Comb and two banks of Keys, \$300. Clergymen and Scholars, 12½ per cent discount, and a very liberal discount to all purchasers for cash.

Martin's Guitars, Brown's Harps, Flutes,  
Violas, and Musical Instru-  
ments of all kinds.

At lower prices than ever before offered to the public. A large discount to Teachers and Schools. The trade supplied on the most liberal terms.

MUSIC:  
One of the largest and best selected catalogues of Music now published, comprising many of the choice and most popular airs of the day, and will be sold at reduced prices to Teachers and Schools, and to their advantage to buy Music and Instruments from this house.

Music sent by mail to all parts of the country, post-paid. Particular and personal attention paid to all orders received by mail. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. Second hand Pianos taken in exchange for new, and selected Catalogues and School books of prices forwarded to all parts of the country by mail.

IF Great inducements offered to agents in all parts of the country, to sell the Horace Waters' Pianos, Melodeons, and Catalogues of Music.

February 23.—51lf

Wentworth & Brothers,  
77 PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

1856—SPLENDID SPRING GOODS!—1856

WE invite the attention of Country Merchants to our extensive stock of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS.

Having for several years imported direct from the most celebrated manufacturers in Europe, and having a resident partner in New York, we are enabled to offer to cash and responsible buyers unsurpassed inducements in prices and styles, &c., &c.

WENTWORTH & BROTHERS,  
77 Pearl street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STATE OF INDIANA,  
MONROE COUNTY, SS.

For the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, April term, 1856.

James M. Mitchell and Samuel M. Mitchell  
vs.  
Frederic Yarnor and Conrad Walls.

The plaintiffs, by Mr. McClure, their attorney, having filed their complaint and the affidavit of a disinterested person in said Court at its last January term, whereby it appears that Conrad Walls, one of said defendants, is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

It was then and there ordered by the Court, that the said defendant, Walls, be notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint by publication in "The Bloomington News-Letter," a public newspaper printed and published in the town of Bloomington, and that unless he appear in said Court on the second or some subsequent day of said April term to be held at the Court House in Bloomington on the third Monday of April, 1856, and answer or demur to said complaint on or before the calling of the same, the matters and things as therein set forth will be taken for true, and heard and determined in his absence.

Test,  
MILTON McPHERTRIDGE, Clerk C. C. P.  
February 23.—51w3

J. A. GOODLETT,  
LAND SELECTOR AND LOCATOR,  
Council Bluffs, Iowa.

PERSONS wishing to locate LAND WARRANTS  
in Western Iowa will have their business attended to promptly and with care by addressing me at Council Bluffs, Iowa.

IF Warrants left at the News-Letter office, will be promptly forwarded.  
March 1.—52lf

C. I. & A. V. Du Pont,  
LOUISVILLE, KY.,  
Manufacturers and Dealers in

NEWS, BOOK, AND ALL KINDS OF PAPER.

Also, Agents for  
DU PONT'S SUPERIOR GUNPOWDER,  
Of the various kinds. (July 14, 1855-29w4)

MASON BROTHERS, New York.

WILL PUBLISH, Saturday, January 19th, LAN-  
MERE. By Mrs. Julia O. R. Dorr, author of  
"Farmington." 1 vol., 12mo. Price \$1.25.  
The many readers and admirers of "Farmington" will anticipate with pleasure a new volume from the pen of "Caroline Thomas," (the nom de plume formerly used by Mrs. Dorr). We can assure them they will not find "Lanmere" one whit less charming than its predecessor. We shall be disappointed if the public do not award it yet warmer praise.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2nd.

EDITH, or the Quaker's Daughter.  
A TALE OF PURITAN TIMES.

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