

Bloomington News-Letter.

A Weekly Democratic Newspaper---Devoted to News, Politics, Literature, Agricultural and Mechanical Interests, &c., &c.

A. B. & J. C. CARLTON, EDITORS.

J. C. CARLTON, PUBLISHER

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THE BLOOMINGTON NEWS-LETTER

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A. B. & J. C. CARLTON, Editors.

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BLOOMINGTON:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1856.

The New York Supreme Court has decided that negro minstrelsy is mountebankery and illegal.

HOMICIDE.—CHARLES H. WALLACE was killed in a sudden affray in Jeffersonville, week before last, by being struck upon the head with a poker. He lingered in great agony until the evening of Monday the 10th, when he died.

IMPROVEMENT.—The Michigan Southern R. Road Company purpose erecting a magnificent depot at Chicago, which is to cost \$100,000.

The ninety-third regiment, that distinguished itself so nobly at Ballakava, was the same that got so awfully whipped at New Orleans.

It is said the pure native Americans of the 1844 stripe, are displeased with the doings lately at Philadelphia, and intend to bring out an independent candidate for the Presidency.

The new work on Japan and the expedition of Commodore PERRY is preparing for the press by the Rev. Dr. HAWES. The Government appropriated \$300,000 for its publication, allowing Dr. H. two hundred copies for editing the work. The work will consist of four volumes, the price for all being twenty dollars.

A RESCUE.—At Dunkirk, a few days since, a young woman, a Dane, was rescued from a party of Mormons, on their way to Salt Lake, by her brother. The brother was a sea captain, and hearing that his mother and sister had come to this country with the Mormons, followed across the Atlantic, and overtook the party at Dunkirk. The mother had died on the voyage. The Mormons offered resistance, but they were compelled to yield by the determination of the brother.

T. J. LANGDON, Esq., of Rockport, is about to start a new paper at that place to advocate the interests of the Republican wing of Know Nothingism. When he gets his machine at work there will be wars in the K. N. camp.

A Russian agent was in Worcester, Massachusetts, a few days since, and made a contract with a manufacturer there for several thousand rifles. They are to be of the Sharpe pattern, with some improvements.

The duke of Norfolk, just deceased, was premier, duke, and hereditary earl marshal of England. He was originally a Roman Catholic, but three years ago passed over to the Anglican church. His son, the earl of Surrey, who succeeds to the title, is a rigid Romanist; his wife is a daughter of Lord LROSS, the commander of the Black Sea fleet.

The Free State party in Kansas have voted that free negroes shall not reside there! The Black Republican Hindoos approve that vote by sustaining the mob government which is seeking to establish itself there by force of arms against the laws and authorities of the United States! Such is the sincerity of the professed friends of the poor negro!

The three last Ministers to England have been from Pennsylvania. Hon. Jos. R. INGER was appointed by President FILLMORE, to succeed Hon. ABBOTT LAWRENCE, in 1852; Mr. BUCHANAN in 1853, and Hon. Geo. M. DALLAS in 1856. The salary is now \$17,000 per annum. Formerly it was \$9,000, with an outfit of \$9,000 and an infinit of 4,500.

The individual who tried to clear his conscience with an egg, is now endeavoring to raise his spirits with yeast. If he fails in this, it is his deliberate intention to blow out his brains with a bellows, and sink calmly into the arms of a young lady.

A Beautiful Trio.

Below we give the sentiments of three of the leading Fusion papers in this State on the FILLMORE and DONELSON, ticket.

We will just copy from these three "Harmonians," and say nothing more, than that they all zealously supported the mongrel Candidates in 1854.

GONE OVER.

Milton Gregg, of the New Albany Tribune, hoists the flag of FILLMORE and DONELSON, "recognizing the right of the native born and naturalized citizens of the United States, permanently residing in any Territory thereof, to frame their constitution and laws, and to regulate their domestic and social affairs in their own mode, subject only to the provisions of the Federal Constitution," agreeably to the squatter sovereignty doctrines of Cass, Douglas and Pierce, as endorsed by the National Council. We are sorry to lose our old friend from the Republican cause, but we suppose we can get along without him. Without disparaging his influence we are fair to believe that it is only one vote less.—*Lafayette Journal.*

Certainly, we have hoisted the flag of FILLMORE and DONELSON, and have promised to do the same for the Republican nominees, so soon as they may be brought out. Is there any thing wrong in that? And what is more, we expect to vote for the Republican nominee, if he suits us in all respects better than FILLMORE. Is there anything wrong in that? At all events we expect to labor for one or the other, or both, according as may be best calculated to defeat Douglas, or Pierce, or any other old line, doughface, locofoco, that may be brought upon the track. Is there anything wrong in that?—*N. Y. Tribune.*

We can't see the enormity in the sin committed by those who support Mr. FILLMORE that the editor of the Journal proposes to see. We hoist the name of FILLMORE and DONELSON and intend (so far as we can now see) to keep it there until after the election. We give them our cordial and undivided support, and do not intend to place the Republican candidate for President and Vice President in our paper unless some one pays us for it. We have but very little fear that the Republican party will make a nomination. If they are not satisfied with the present platform of the American party, none can satisfy them, except it be of such an ultra character as not to suit us, and therefore, conclude that our own course is the best and shall pursue it.—*Jeffersonville Republican.*

Fatal Affray.

Yesterday evening Mr. Thomas B. Dent, druggist, corner of Walnut and Seventh streets, was fatally stabbed by Edwin Clark, formerly a clerk in M. C. C. Spencer's Auction House. He was stabbed in the breast with a small bowie knife, the blade of which penetrated three or four inches, causing his death in three minutes. Clark, after inflicting the fatal wound, and seeing Dent fall prostrate on the ground, went directly to the jail and gave himself up.

The affray occurred in the street, in front of or opposite to Mr. Dent's shop, about 5 o'clock in the evening. We heard various versions of the affair, but as it will undergo a prompt legal investigation, we shall await the issue of the examination before giving the details. Clark, it is said, received some severe blows from a poker in Mr. Dent's hands.

Mr. Dent was an estimable gentleman, and his death brings sorrow to the hearts of his many friends.—*Lou. Courier.*

Can't Stand Donelson.

The Macon Citizen, one of the most zealous of the Georgia Know Nothing presses, says:

We have no words to express our mortification at the result of the nomination for Vice President. Mr. FILLMORE will do for President, though he is not our choice; but as for Donelson, how it came to pass that such a third-rate man, with no pretensions to statesmanship, should have received the nomination, surpasses our comprehension. We presume, however, that the authority of the Convention will be disregarded by the great body of the American party.

Say nothing of the reputation of the 12th section of the platform of 1855, the nomination of such a man as Donelson will be the nether Millstone that will drag the nominee for President, and the party with him, down to perdition. There can be no enthusiasm manufactured for such a ticket on such a platform as the National Council have substituted for the one established last year.

O. AND M. RAILROAD.—EASTERN DIVISION.—The New York Tribune of the 19th says:

The holders of the second mortgage bonds of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company meet to-morrow at noon, at the office of Mr. Charles Gould. The arrangement for relieving this road from its difficulties is going on favorably, and an agent will be sent to England to obtain the consent of parties interested there.

The Pacific Railroad project will be likely to meet with a favorable consideration and successful result at this session. A select committee of thirteen has been raised, at the head of which is Gen. DENVER, of California, a man of indomitable energy, as well as popularity in the House.

A bill to restore the "death penalty" has passed to a third reading in the Wisconsin Assembly.

The London Times, is now stereotyped.

Andrew Jackson Donelson.

The Washington Star speaks of this gentleman as follows:

"He resided here for many years, and is well remembered, especially on account of General Jackson's memorable saying, that everybody had his pest; for his part, if it were not for Donelson, he should have nothing in the world to trouble him. The truth is, Donelson was his *Monsieur Malapropos*. Being a family connection of his wife, the General was forced to tolerate him about him, and to grin and bear, with all the philosophy he could muster, the scrapes and difficulties into which Donelson was constantly getting him. Donelson's most remarkable trait is an abiding want of common sense, which has prevented him, notwithstanding the prestige of his relationship to the wife of Jackson, from having the least political weight, where personally known.

He rattled from the Democratic party because President Pierce refused to take him and certain members of his family, for office, at his own valuation. For months before he turned up a Know Nothing, the Locofocos of Nashville were cracking jokes about his lamentations over his failure to get what he asked of the administration, and the undignified and impotent personal abuse showered by him at the street corners for the benefit of street corner audiences, on the President. His nomination is worth to the Know Nothing cause in Tennessee a clear loss of some 2,500 votes, for the mental and political calibre of Andrew Jackson Donelson is well known in portions of that State.

The bill stickers either have a keen perception of the ludicrous, and do it intentionally, or else in the hurry of business they make a great deal of accidental sport, simply by pasting one bill over another, leaving the head of the under one visible over the top of the last corner.—The announcements which thus meet the public eye are oftentimes startling, but more frequently exceedingly funny, from the curious jumble of ill-assorted and disconnected things. By a board on a corner in the Bowery the astonished public was yesterday informed, in a great variety of miscellaneous typography that "George Christy and Wood's Minstrels—will be sold at auction, without reserve—Laura Keene's—Inflammatory rheumatism positively cured by three applications of Journeymen plumbers and gas fitters attention—Lady of Lyons—Claude by the—Astor Place Hotel, No. 753—Mammoth boot and shoe store—No cure, no pay—Scrofula, gout, neuralgia—country orders supplied with dispatch—Children under 10 years of age, half price—A rhinoceros, a boa constrictor, two camels, a pair of lions and a zebra—all take Hobensack's Liver Pills.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

STAMPS CUT FROM LETTER ENVELOPES ARE VALUELESS.—We understand inquiries continue to be made at the Department why stamps cut from stamped envelopes cannot be used in the prepayment of letters, in the same manner as ordinary postage stamps. Persons in addressing their letters, sometimes, through carelessness or mistake, destroy the envelope, and without stopping to reflect, many think it a hardship that, having paid the government both for the stamp and envelope, they cannot be allowed to cut out and use the stamp on a plain envelope.

The principal reasons why this cannot be permitted are: first, the law gives no value to such stamps, and makes no provision for their use, except when connected with and forming a part of the envelopes as prepared under the law, with suitable water marks, &c., to prevent fraud; second, letters in stamped envelopes may be lawfully carried outside of the mail, and when so carried, it is believed that the stamps are seldom, if ever, cancelled. These are controlling reasons, and will at once commend themselves to every person of reflection. *Wash. Union.*

GOING PRETTY FAST.—An old man and his son, neither of them very well informed as to the railroads and their uses, chanced one day to be at work in a field near a railroad track. Railroads were a novel institution to them; and when a train of cars shot by, a thought was suggested to the lad, who said to his parent: "Dad, why don't you take a ride in the cars some day?" Take a ride in the cars? why, I haint got time, my son. "Got time! thunder! Ye can go anywhere in the cars quicker than ye can stay at home." Dad's reply is not on record.

India rubber ladders don't answer as well as was supposed. There is a drawback connected with them—you climb all day and don't get up any.

Julia Maria Ann Cawdwell says when she fell in love, she felt as if she was sliding down an ice mountain on a little hand sled, a chunk of rainbow in her bosom as big as a pound of swan-down, expecting to be landed in a lake of honey filled with islands all covered with posy beds. The thermometer being 28 degrees below zero, the gal didn't faint.

Why are the ladies of the present day like the ladies of the Scriptures?

Because they toil not, neither do they spin; yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of them.

The London Times, is now stereotyped.

Henry Clay on Abolitionism.

We commend the following extract from a speech of Mr. Clay, to the Whig party, who are disposed to act with the Fusion Republican party:

"I am, Mr. President, no friend of slavery.—The Searcher of all hearts knows that every pulsation of my heart beats high in the cause of civil liberty. Whenever it is safe and practicable, I desire to see every portion of the human family in the enjoyment of it. But I prefer the liberty of my own country to that of any other country, and the liberty of my own race to that of any other race."

"They, the Abolitionists, instead of advancing the cause of emancipation, have thrown back for half a century the prospect of any species of emancipation of the African race, gradual or immediate, in any of the States. The minority (Colonizationists) had increased, and was increasing, until the Abolitionists commenced their operations."

"The people have become alarmed and shocked by these Abolition movements, and the number who would now favor gradual emancipation is probably less than it was in the year 1798-9."

"Prior to the agitation of this question of Abolition, there was a progressive melioration in the condition of slaves throughout all the slave States. In some of them schools were opened by humane and religious persons."

"It is frequently asked what is to become of the African race among us? The true answer is, that the same Providence that has hitherto guided and governed us and averted all serious evil from the existing relation between the two races, will guide and govern our prosperity."

"Do not they, the Abolitionists, perceive that in confounding all distinctions which God has made between the two races, they arraign the wisdom and goodness of Providence?"

"Does any man suppose the two races, would become blended in one homogeneous mass? Does any man recommend amalgamation—that revolting admixture, alike offensive to God and man?"

"If the amelioration of the condition of the slaves has been checked in some of the States, the responsibility must attach to the unfortunate agitation of the subject of Abolition. With them the rights of property are nothing—the acknowledged and incontestable powers of the States are nothing—civil war, a dissolution of the Union, and the overthrow of the Government in which are concentrated the fond hopes of the civilized world, are nothing. A single idea has taken possession of their mind, and onward they pursue it, overlooking all barriers, reckless and regardless of all consequences. With this class, the immediate abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and the Territory of Florida, the prohibition of the removal of slaves from State to State, and the refusal to admit any new State, comprising within its limits the institution of domestic slavery, are among other, and much more lamentable means they employ, of arraying one portion against another portion of the Union. With that view in all their leading prints and publications, the alleged horrors of slavery are depicted in the most glowing and exaggerated colors, to excite the imaginations and stimulate the rage of the people in the free States against the people of the slave States. Advertisements of fugitive slaves to be sold, are collected and blazoned forth to infuse a spirit of detestation and hatred against one entire section; and like another notorious agitator upon another theater, they would hunt down and proscribe from the pale of civilized society the inhabitants of that entire section."

"It is at this alarming stage of their proceedings, I would severally invite every considerate man in the country to pause and deliberately reflect upon that dreadful precipice down which they would hurry us."

"To the agency of their powers of persuasion, they now propose to substitute the power of the ballot; now and he must be blind to what is passing before us, who does not perceive that the inevitable tendency of their proceedings is if these should be found insufficient, to invoke the more potent powers of the bayonet."

Early Tomatoes.

This is one of the most difficult of vegetables to force, and should be started very early in order to anticipate the season.—Those who have green houses and hot beds need no other facilities. But those who have only a stand of parlor plants, and keep up a constant fire for them, can start a few tomatoes with very little trouble.—Take a half dozen four or five inch pots, and plant two or three seeds in each, in rich garden loam. The pots can stand with the other house plants, and receive the same watering and attention. When the plants are well started, pull up all but the most vigorous one in each pot. Stir the earth frequently around them, and they will grow rapidly and fill the whole pot with a mass of fine roots, by the last of May, when they will probably be in blossom. If they have rich soil and a good exposure on the south side of a wall or fence, they will suffer little check in the transplanting, and you will get tomatoes much earlier than from seed planted in the open ground in April.

A Political Preacher.

The Evansville Enquirer, one of the ablest Democratic papers in the country, thus pitches into the Rev. D. CHIPMAN, formerly well known and notorious in Bloomington. We hear from some of our oldest citizens, who resided here at the time, that the incidents said to have occurred in Bloomington are strictly true. What a precious set of scoundrels do we find in this "Moral Reform" party!

"The itinerant vagabond, D. Chipman, who is now abusing us from the pulpit, is a fit representative of 'Sam.' He was once a Methodist preacher, far up on the Wabash, and attended a camp meeting in the neighborhood of Bloomington, with an exceedingly pious young sister in the church in charge, having left his wife at home to attend to household duties, while he traveled and attended to the spiritual. He outpreached all the preachers—for he is a man of talent—and she was pretty and the most deeply affected Christian on the ground. His carnal inclinations led him, however, to too great an intimacy with the lovely young sister, which brought everlasting disgrace upon her, and created a great deal of scandal in the church. The divine scoundrel was tried in the church and silenced from preaching. The poor victim has been lost sight of; but the victimizer turned up next as a Universalist preacher, preached that faith for a while, and then joined Farmer's church, and then became a Campbellite. He preached that faith a while and was finally admitted to the Methodist Conference, south, and is now engaged in preaching politics from the pulpit, initiating Know Nothings into the order of Sam, etc. The first time we ever heard of him, we see him calling this paper a 'scape pipe of hell,' and telling the world over his ecclesiastical signature that he 'hears the death rattle in the throat of the Democracy.'—It is dead and gone. He is a Know Nothing, a Son of Temperance, an Odd Fellow, a Free Mason, and the Lord only knows what else; he has taken these oaths so often that he regards them as a mere form and is perfectly regardless of their obligations upon him. In the same Hall where he is N. G. of the Odd Fellows Lodge, and has often administered the obligation of Friendship, Love and Truth, he opened a Know Nothing council, and in that council plotted the murder of a brother Odd Fellow, and very nearly succeeded in the assassination of Captain Bethel, of Newburg. This attempt at assassination is known to all this region of country; and the wife of the victim of this divine's brotherly love has not yet forgotten the shock she received when her almost murdered husband was brought home to her, and the nights and days of painful suspense she watched over him while his life still hung upon so slender a thread.

In making this assault upon this vagabond, we do not wish to be understood as holding the whole Methodist clergy in the same estimation that we hold this one.—When we say anything about preachers and politics, we refer to them as political preachers, and those who mind their own business and let the Democratic party and its editors and speakers alone, we will not disturb; but when one travels so far out of his line of his calling we will use him with all the roughness that we can apply to him, and will not be at all mealy-mouthed in telling plain, unvarnished truths upon him. For some time back we have been gathering a few facts about this man Chipman, but the history is not complete yet—we will have it soon, and then the public shall have it. In the meantime we would caution the members of the church and others not to trust their daughters too much in his society, as he is certainly one of the most dangerous leeches now at large. For the truth of the camp meeting statement we refer all concerned to the Methodist congregation at Williamsport, in Warren co., in this State. We hope to be able to give a few more well authenticated facts concerning this political preacher, in a few days.

The Legion of Honor.

Napoleon used to say, "That of all the orders that had ever been created, either in ancient or in modern times, there is not one which has been of such advantage to its founders as the Legion of Honor. It is my handiwork and my masterpiece. No one, either now or in future days, can dispute my right to the glory of founding it. I am indebted to it for more than one-half my victories."

Napoleon stated what was perfectly true. The hope of obtaining the cross has been the parent of incredible acts of valor, many of which are still unknown to the world. Here is one among others, a *chef d'escalon*, he used to take particular delight in relating:

In the course of the night which preceded the battle of Austerlitz, one of his brigadiers waged his watch with one of his comrades that he would gain the Cross of Honor the following day. In fact, in a brilliant charge against a very superior force, he penetrated the enemy's squadron killed five men with his own hand and carried off a standard. He was covered with blood, especially on his face, the only visible part of which was his eyes. As he

was returning to his regiment, the Emperor met him and said:

"You have done enough for once, my friend, go and get your wounds dressed."

The brigadier, wiping his face with the flag he had captured, replied to the Emperor—

"I am not wounded, Sir. It is not my blood which you see, but that of your enemies."

Napoleon, delighted at this answer, said: "I make you *maréchal des logis* (quarter master), and confer upon you the Cross of Honor."

The most singular circumstance in this affair is, that at the moment when the brigadier was thus recompensed, his comrade with whom he had waged his watch, arrived wounded by a pistol shot, which had been fired at him by a general officer, whom he brought as a prisoner to the Emperor.

"Another Cross of Honor," said Napoleon, laughing, "If things go on in this way, I shall either have to suppress the order or decorate the whole army."

The Potato of the Future.

A correspondent of the N. Y. Tribune makes the following announcement:

Sir:—About a year ago, I conceived the idea of producing the mammoth size of the petrified remains of plants which we meet with in the study of geology, by means of an excess in the supply of carbonic acid. I constructed an iron vessel, in which I generated carbonic acid gas by means of drenching limestone with vinegar. This I infused into the soil, in a flower pot, in which I planted a potato. I did this daily; also I put the flower pot into an iron vessel filled with the carbonic acid, and covered to prevent diffusion. At the end of about six months, the plant reached the height of about four feet, and bore a pale blossom. In a week more, the pot was split. I took out the plant, and a single potato, (besides the remains that I planted,) of about eight inches in diameter, was at the root. By planting this, and treating it in the same manner, I hope to obtain potatoes of the size of a barrel.

Yours, Dr. A. ANSWORTH.

P. S.—Until now I never ventured to lay this matter before the public, but I am now fully convinced the soil may be rendered very prolific by manuring with limestone soaked with an acid.

Haverford, Penn., Nov. 23, 1855.

Slave Property.

The frequency of the stampedes among the slaves of Kentucky, caused by the philanthropy of our Republicans in this State, has rendered it necessary to establish laws in Kentucky for the better preservation of slave property. To this end a Bill has been introduced into the Kentucky Legislature for the establishment of a patrol from the mouth of the Big Sandy to a point opposite Cairo; provides that the line shall be divided into beats of not less than one and a half, nor more than three miles, that the patrol shall travel his beat twice each twenty-four hours, and be provided with conch-shells to give the alarm with; provides for payment of expenses of transmission of intelligence by telegraph,—makes it the duty of the patrol to see that all water-crafts are properly secured, and oars, &c., removed, and imposes a fine upon owners violating the provisions of the bill in this respect; makes it also the duty of the patrol to arrest suspicious persons and take them before a justice of the peace, who is empowered to require security for their good behavior; forbids any water craft of a citizen of another State to remain at the Kentucky shore more than three hours, in the absence of the owner, under a penalty of \$25; gives the patrol \$50 for every runaway slave arrested; any patrol convicted of aiding or advising the escape of slaves shall forfeit his wages as patrol; provides for the levy of a general tax to raise the fund required; allows each patrol an annual compensation of \$—; each patrol to be a discreet housekeeper, and to take an oath before he enters upon the duties of his office; fines and forfeitures imposed by the act to be appropriated to the payment of the patrols.

Is not this a delightful state of affairs, when a political party, claiming to be a national party, have to be thus guarded by their brethren living on the south side of the Ohio river. Yet it is so, and strange as it may seem, there are hundreds of Kentuckians who prefer to vote and act with this Know Nothing, Republican, Fusion party, rather than vote with the Democratic party, which is known to be a national party, and which recognises the rights of the South to property in slaves.—*Evansville Enquirer.*

At a late celebration in Worcester, Mass., a gentleman sent the following toast to the Chairman:

LA FAYETTE AND BENEDICT ARNOLD—The one a foreigner and the other a native—the acts and history of both are a lasting refutation of the proscriptive doctrines of Know Nothingism.

The Boston Bee thinks the fellow was exceedingly impudent.

The debt of Louisiana amounts to \$12,768,756.

The New Letter.

BLOOMINGTON:

SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1856.

Democratic State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
AMIEL P. WILLARD, of White.
FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
JOHN C. WALKER, of Laporte.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE,
DANIEL McCLELLAN, of Morgan.
FOR AUDITOR OF STATE,
JOHN W. DODD, of Grant.
FOR TREASURER OF STATE,
AQUILLA JONES, of Bartholomew.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL,
JOS. E. McDONALD, of Montgomery.
FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION,
WM. C. LARRABEE, of Putnam.
FOR CLERK OF THE SUPREME COURT,
WM. B. BEACH, of Boone.
FOR REPORTER OF THE SUPREME COURT,
GORDON TANNER, of Jackson.

FUSION PLATFORM.

"Abolitionists to rule America."
"Let the Union slide."

Watchword for the Campaign.

"Put none but NIGGERS on guard to-night."—FRED. DOUGLASS.

ANOTHER SECRET SOCIETY! ABOLITION OATH-BOUND LEAGUE!

KNOW NOTHINGISM IN A NEW FORM.

The Liberties of the People in Danger!

We have before us an Expose of the platform, ceremonies, ritual, oaths, &c., of a Secret Political Society which has been organized to control the political power of the State. There is no doubt that it is authentic. It was printed at the office of the *Indiana State Journal*. The principal plank in the Platform is *Sambo*, the rankest form of Abolitionism. They are also death on Catholics. They admit foreigners, however, who are not Catholics.

The Order is known by the name of "The Indiana League of Free Men,"—a sweet name for Know Nothingism, which has become so odious that they were ashamed of it.

Their password is "Freedom for all Men,"—[which means a free use of the underground railroad.] They also declare themselves in favor of a prohibitory liquor law. Their ritual contains all that puerile mummery and flummery which disgraced the Know Nothings,—secret passwords, signs with the finger on the nose, silly questions and responses, mountebank jugglery, &c., &c.

We shall lay before our readers, next week, the whole of the Expose of this miserable, puerile re-vamping of Know Nothingism and Abolitionism. It will occupy several columns.

We have only to remark, at present, that while we have some respect for an avowed and open abolitionist, we have the most sovereign contempt for any man, or set of men, who skulk into their secret dens, and do their work in darkness and secrecy which they have not the courage and manliness to do openly and above-board. How pitiable and contemptible it is to see a man, made in the image of his Maker—but "a little below the angels," who professes to be a gentleman,—grinning and grinning like a monkey, laying his finger to his nose, talking in pantomime, with his conscience bound by an oath of secrecy! Are these the characteristics of *Free Men*? We shall see whether the people of Indiana can be again gulled by this political jugglery.

Intemperance and Gambling.

The first Monday in April has been fixed upon as the time, and Indianapolis as the place, for the discussion between John H. W. Hawkins, temperance lecturer, and J. H. Green, the reformed gambler, as to whether intemperance or gambling is productive of the greater evil.—*Cin. Gazette*. It ought to be the first day of April,—a day commemorated by making fools,—an operation pretty apt to be practised on all who turn out to such an exhibition as the above, with any hopes of profit to themselves or public morals.

If the proposition to be discussed, were, which is the greater beast and blackguard, *HAWKINS* or *GREEN*, the brethren and friends of the "reformed drunkard" could back their favorite with confidence. What church is to be made use of for this discussion? What minister is to "open with prayer?"

Nigger in the Woodpile.

The *London Times*, having seen in an American newspaper that *CHASE*, a Black Republican, was elected Governor of Ohio, gravely and innocently announced to the English people that a *Negro* had been elected Governor of Ohio! Not far wrong—after all—there was a colored individual on the fuel, which, being interpreted, means "a nigger in the woodpile."

Democratic Club!

Come up every body to the Court House to-night, and hear the Democrats make *open* war upon the new secret oath-bound order, that has lately been organized by the Abolition-Know Nothings, for the purpose of defeating the Democratic party.

Geo. A. BUSKIRK, Esq., will deliver an address at the Democratic Club, to-night.

Calliopean Exhibition.

Last Thursday night, the young ladies of the Calliopean Society of the Bloomington Female College, gave an exhibition at the Methodist Church. A very large audience was in attendance. The exercises were opened with prayer by Rev. J. W. DANIELS, and the Order of Exercises was announced by Miss MATT LEONARD. The Speaker selected for the occasion was Miss MAE AXIN, who delivered a very pretty and well-written address. Her subject was "What of the Night?" Prof. SINEK, Principal of the Female College, then delivered an address on "The Duties and Responsibilities of the American Scholar." This address was replete with good sense and fine thoughts, expressed with masculine vigor. Miss AXIN, on behalf of the Calliopean Society, then presented Prof. SINEK with a gold watch and a fine quarto Bible, accompanying the presentation with a few remarks, expressing, in feeling and elegant terms, the love and appreciation of the pupils of the Female Seminary for their teacher, who was about to bid them farewell. Mr. SINEK responded in an appropriate manner.

Col. R. W. AXIN, (after enquiring if the exercises of the Society were concluded,) requested the audience to remain a few minutes; on his motion, SAML. H. BUSKIRK was called to the Chair, and A. B. CARLTON appointed Secretary. The audience then unanimously resolved that the Chair appoint a committee of five to raise contributions for the publication of the address of Prof. SINEK. The Chair accordingly appointed Col. R. W. AXIN, WM. F. BROWNING, BENJAMIN WOLFE, DR. GORLE and A. B. CARLTON.

Prof. BENBRIDGE'S String Band enlivened the occasion with their excellent music. We would suggest to them, however, that their tunes were not very well selected on this occasion; as they played allegro extravaganza after some of the most pathetic parts of the exercises.

Look Here.

Why do people, and especially the ladies, congregate at a certain store, a few doors above ORCHARD'S? It is because it is the new store of J. B. HOBSON, one of the cleverest gentlemen in all this country, who sells every variety of the best fancy and staple goods, at reasonable rates. The ladies especially will find it to their advantage to call there.

We find the following advertisement in the last number of *Life Illustrated*:

MATRIMONIAL.—The subscriber wishes to obtain a correspondence with one of the opposite sex, with the view to matrimony. He is thirty-one years of age, a radical reformer and hydropath. Would like one of like sentiments, who does not care for fashion or the false customs of the present age, but who wishes to live a true life, physically and morally.

My address can be had of Messrs. FOWLER & WELLS, 308 Broadway, New York.

Most of these matrimonial overtures are hoaxes; but we have no doubt the above is genuine. "Go in calico, and get squeezed." "WILLIE" says he is a radical reformer. We will venture to assert that he is an Abolitionist in politics and an infidel in religion—bates the Catholics and the Irish, and believes in Spirit Rapping, Free Love and Sharpe's Rifles. No man of good sense and correct principles ever advertised for a wife.

Hurley's *Sarsaparilla* is the only genuine compound of this article in market. It commands an extensive and increasing demand, particularly through the spring and summer months, and is of especial benefit in all diseases arising from an impure state of the blood. Try it.—*St. Louis Pilot*.

We inform our readers this popular medicine can be had at Dr. OAN'S. Call, procure a few bottles, and judge for yourselves.

Read and Circulate.

While the Abolitionists are circulating the most monstrous falsehoods in regard to the Kansas question, it behooves the Democracy to lay facts before the public.—In a few days we will have, at the *New Letter* office, several hundred copies of a pamphlet with the following contents:

1. The Act to organize the Territory of Kansas.
2. Extracts from President Pierce's last annual message, in regard to the constitutional relations of slavery.
3. Special message of the President in regard to Kansas affairs.
4. Special message of the President covering instructions to Governor Shannon and Col. Sumner, with the letters of Gen. Robinson and Col. Lane to the President.
5. The President's Kansas proclamation.
6. The acts passed by the Legislative assembly of Kansas, in reference to which so many misrepresentations have been made by the abolition press.
7. Extracts from the great speech of Hon. Robert Toombs, in reply to John P. Hale, delivered in the U. S. Senate on the 28th of February.

The Boston *Liberator*, in its zeal for niggerology, advises the ladies of the North to make use of nothing that is produced by slave labor. He need not expect them to forego the use of cotton. They will not expect so old a friend from their bosoms!

KNEE PLUS ULTRA.—GIBSON, the historian, being large and fat, in making love to Made-moiselle CUNCHO, went down on his knees, and the lady was obliged to ring for a servant to help him up. It was rather a chivalrous step for so fat a man to take. It was the *knee plus ultra*—his "decline and fall."

EQUIVOCAL SIGN.—The following notice is printed on a sign-board, somewhere "out west":—"SMITH & HUGGS—SELECT SCHOOL.—SMITH teaches the boys and HUGGS the girls!" HUGGS needs correction.

The Watch and the Bible presented on Thursday night,—the one was for *Time*, the other, *Eternity*.

JOHN C. WALKER, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, and WILLIAM B. BEACH, candidate for Clerk of the Supreme Court, will address their fellow Democrats and all National men who will give them a hearing, at the following times and places, to wit:

Friday, April 25th, 1 P. M., at Martinsville, Morgan county.
Friday, April 25th, 7 P. M., at Gosport, Owen county.
Saturday, April 26, 1 P. M., Spencer, Owen county.
Saturday, April 26, 7 P. M., Point Commerce, Greene county.
Monday, April 28th, 1 P. M., Bloomfield, Greene county.
Tuesday, April 29, 1 P. M., Washington, Daviess county.
Wednesday, April 30, 1 P. M., Petersburg, Pike county.
Thursday, May 1, 1 P. M., Mount Pleasant, Martin county.
Friday, May 2d, 1 P. M., Paoli, Orange co.
Saturday, May 3d, 1 P. M., Bedford, Lawrence county.
Monday, May 5th, 1 P. M., Brownstown, Jackson county.
Tuesday, May 6th, 1 P. M., Houston, Jackson county.
Wednesday, May 7th, 1 P. M., Nashville, Brown county.
Thursday, May 8, 1 P. M., Columbus, Bartholomew county.
Thursday, May 8, 7 P. M., Edinburgh, Johnson county.
Friday, May 9, 1 P. M., Franklin, Johnson county.
Friday, May 9th, 7 P. M., Greenwood, Johnson county.

Democratic papers, in the districts in which the speeches are to be made, are requested to copy.

POSTHUMOUS BIRTH.—The Paris *Siècle* relates an extraordinary incident as having lately occurred in the Rue de Faubourg du Temple. As a coffin, containing the body of a woman who had just died at a house in the street was being removed for interment, blood was seen to ooze from it. The bearers were ordered to stop and the coffin was opened, when the cries of an infant, under the shroud, announced that the dead woman had given birth to a living child. It was taken and consigned to the care of a nurse.

SOME Abolition Know Nothing at Gosport has sent PRENTICE, of the Louisville Journal, some eagle quills, (so called,) as a testimonial of the editor's labors in the Know Nothing cause. Wouldn't the quills of an owl have been more appropriate?

Henry Clay.

Mr. JAMES ROBB, of New Orleans, has just given \$1,000 towards erecting a monument in that city, in honor of HENRY CLAY.—*Exchange*.

How much will those members of the present Fusion party of Indiana, who claim that they were "Henry Clay Whigs," give for the erection of a monument to Henry Clay, at Indianapolis? How would they like the following extract from his speech of Nov. 19, 1850, as an inscription on that monument?

"But if it, (the Whig party,) is to be merged into a contemptible Abolition party, and if Abolitionism is to be engrafted upon the Whig creed, from that moment I renounce the party and cease to be a Whig. I go a step further; if I am alive I will give my humble support to that man for the Presidency, who, to whatever party he may belong, is not contaminated by fanaticism, rather than to one who, crying out all the time that he is a Whig, maintains doctrines utterly subversive of the Constitution and the Union."

Names of Parties.

The ring-streaked and striped mongrel hordes who are opposed to the Democratic party may be classified under a great variety of appellations, according to the different shades of their Niggerology, or devotion to Sam. What a motley, incongruous gang!—worse than Falstaff's army of tatterdemaldions. We have Know Nothings; Twelfth Section Know Nothings; Abolition-Know-Nothings; Sharpe's Rifle-Know-Nothings; Americans; Whig-Know-Nothings; Whig-Anti-Know-Nothing-Nigger Worshipers; Milk-and-Molasses-Know-Nothing Nigger-Worshipers; Dyed-in-the-Wool-Botts Know-Nothings; Whig-Silver-Grey-Know-Nothing-Half-Nigger-Worshipers; Abolitionists, Free Soilers, Free Democrats, Republicans, Black Republicans, Moral Reform Party, People's Party, etc., *ad infinitum*.

Opposed to these fanatical hordes of Goths and Vandals, stands a party with but one name, that of *Democrat*; and under this name victory will perch upon our banners in the coming contest.

The Best Drug Store in Town.

We took a peep into the new Drug Store of Messrs. WOODARD & BUCHANAN, Orchard Buildings, the other day, and we must be permitted to say that, beyond all question, it is the neatest establishment of the kind in Southern Indiana. The enterprising proprietors have a very large and judiciously selected stock of Goods, and everything is arranged to admiration. We would say to all our Monroe county readers, and especially retail druggists, in the neighboring towns, give them a call.

We have received the second number of a new Democratic paper, just started at Valparaiso, Porter county.—"The Porter County Democrat." Edited by LEONARD H. MILLER.—The typography of the *Democrat* is good, and its editorials well written. Success to the enterprise.

FIRE.—Wednesday night, at Gosport, the store and dwelling house of HEBERIAH WAMPLER, and the residence of W. D. ALEXANDER, were totally destroyed by fire. A large amount of goods and household property were destroyed. The fire originated about the chimney of WAMPLER'S house.

The best protection against the rigors of winter, is matrimony; but what is the best protection against the rigors of matrimony?

[For the News-Letter.]

MESSRS. CARLTON: Permit me through your columns to make my acknowledgements to the Fusion Committee for their address. These Republicans certainly feel a lively interest in Democrats, or they would not have wasted so much paper and ink on their account. Indeed, this address of theirs is redolent with the praise of our great men. JEFFERSON, who was formerly denounced as a skeptic and infidel, is now regarded as an oracle; and even the much abused POLK has said some good things; and men, for serving in the "tented field" in "that unjust, unholy, and damnable war," are entitled to more than common consideration. Surely these gentlemen are coming over. Could we only put confidence in these "exponents of their own opinions," we might banish our fears in regard to their ultimate political salvation. But alas, their antecedents admonish us not to be too sanguine. No longer ago than January, 1855, these same gentlemen who, in their address disclaim any intention of interfering with slavery where it now exists, in a public meeting in the court house, on resolution, declared,—"*That they would NEVER cease AGITATING (their own words) until every bond was broken, and liberty proclaimed to ALL the inhabitants of the land!*" The writer of this was present, and noted down the resolution on the margin of a newspaper. At least two of the signers of the address were at that meeting, and the resolution passed *without a dissenting voice*.

Gentlemen, you cant throw sand in the eyes of a

Know Nothings Catching Gudgeons.

It is said that the Dark Lantern fellows calculate on catching the "Dutch" in this way:

FOR PRESIDENT,

MILLARD FILMORE.

FOR Vice President,

ANDREW JACKSON

Cute cusses, but they can't come it on the Germans, Irishmen, or any foreigners this time. "Sam's foot-prints" are too plain.

Experiments in Raising Spring Wheat.

Mr. J. V. M. Wyckoff, of Middlebush N. J., last spring sowed one acre with one and a half bushels of Golden Drop spring wheat, upon a red shale soil. A corn crop, matured in the hill with ashes and hen manure, was removed the previous season. The ground was plowed in the latter part of March, and the first week in April, 300 pounds of Peruvian guano per acre was applied and harrowed in. The wheat was then sown broadcast, and plowed in with a corn plow three or four inches deep, and followed with a light harrow.

The crop came up well, and grew very rapidly until early in June, when it was attacked by the Hessian fly, turned quite yellow, and remained so for nearly two weeks. It then recovered, assumed its green color, grew luxuriantly, bloomed out well, and bid fair to give a great yield.—But it had been put back so much at first by the Hessian fly, that it was now attacked by the clear-winged fly, and the full, plump heads were so much injured that the ultimate yield was only seven bushels per acre.

This experiment was interesting, as showing the good effects of the method pursued. The crop was so vigorous that it withstood and recovered from the attack of the first brood of insects, and even produced something of a crop after a second attack.

Tim thought it much joy the first year of his married life, but more jawey the second.

A Good Sentiment.

CHAS. W. CARRIGAN, of Philadelphia, in a recent eloquent speech delivered at the Democratic festival, in New York, on the 22d of February, observed:

"That the American Union and Constitution had the head to think, the heart to feel, the muscle to work; it was iron blistered by the fire of trial into steel; wine from the trodden grapes. It was not framed upon expediency, but upon principle. There had been men bold enough to calculate the value of the Union; they had crucified it between the two thieves of Abolitionism and Intolerance, and had cast lots for its raiments; but public opinion had put these traitors to the rack. [Storm of applause.] Our Union was not for to-day alone, but for all time; our country, the home of all such as seek refuge from oppression. Such is our Union—such is our country. It is the Malakoff that will not be stormed; it is the Redan of Liberty, that cannot be taken."

"'Tis the union of lakes, 'tis the union of lands, 'Tis the union of hearts, the union of hands, [Grasping Mr. Brady by the hand.] Then the flag of our Union forever."

[Tremendous cheering.] "Foreign presses may thunder their anathemas, and the home presses may preach treason, but one cause would triumph, and that is the cause of the Union."

An anecdote is told of Finney, the revivalist, and a canal, to the following effect: He was "holding forth" in Rochester, and in walking along the canal one day, came across a boatman who was swearing furiously. Going up he confronted him, and abruptly asked—"Sir, do you know where you are going?" The unsuspecting boatman innocently replied that he was going up the canal on the boat "Johnny Sands."

"No sir, you are not," continued Finney, "you are going to hell faster than a canal boat can carry you."

The boatman looked at him for a moment in astonishment, and then returned the question—

"Sir, do you know where you are going?"

"I expect to go to heaven."

"No sir, you are going into the canal."

And suiting the action to the word, took Finney in his arms and tossed him into the murky waters, where he would have drowned, had the boatman not relented and fished him out.

Terrible Steamboat Disaster! COLLISION BETWEEN THE HENRY LEWIS AND E. HOWARD!

Yesterday morning intelligence of a terrible steamboat disaster reached our city. We took some pains to gather, from all sources within our reach, as many particulars as possible. The following are the facts, as far as we would obtain them: On Saturday morning, about 4 o'clock, the steamer Henry Lewis, bound for New Orleans, and the E. Howard, upward bound came in collision at the head of Anderson's bar, in the Ohio river, some ten miles below Havesville. The Henry Lewis was loaded down to the guards, and was covered with freight upon the hurricane deck. When the boats struck, the cabin of the Lewis, from the weight above, fell in and settled down upon the boiler deck. It is supposed that most of the firemen, deck hands, and persons on the lower deck, perished. We are told that when the boat left Louisville there were twenty-two cabin passengers on board. How many of them escaped is unknown. It is generally believed that some of them, on the side of the boat which careened over, must have been drowned in their berths, while others escaped from the cabin.

We learn that the second steward and second cook are among the drowned.

One man whose life was saved had his foot broken, and was otherwise badly wounded by the crush of the cabin.

The books of the boat and all are sunk together; hence the names of the passengers are not known. The officers—at least the captain and clerk—are safe.

We conversed with a young man who was in the cabin at the time of the collision. He says he stayed on board until he saw that the boat was taking fire, when he jumped overboard, hoping at first to swim to the E. Howard but afterwards feared that the waves from that boat would drown him, turned about and swam with the current until he got hold of a barrel, and after floating half a mile was picked up by some men in a skiff. He says several others swam from the cabin—how they fared, whether they escaped to shore or were drowned, he could not tell.

Accounts differ widely as to the number suppose to be lost. Some estimate the number not to exceed from fifteen to twenty, while others insist that thirty or forty perished. We shall hope to learn the particulars in a few days.

The Henry Lewis is reported a total wreck, and has settled down to her hurricane roof as it lies in the water. Much freight floated off, and the Baltimore and Wm. Garvin report having met bales and barrels for several miles below.

The E. Howard is scarcely damaged at all. She now lies at Portland, and we did not observe any injury whatever, except that the jackstaff was knocked down.

Where the collision lies for this collision in a broad, full river, the proper authorities must determine. It is a terrible calamity, and the very uncertainty as to the fate of the unknown passengers on board makes it still more heart-rending.—*Lou. Dem.*, 10th.

They dress cool out west. A young lady being asked if she would wear that bonnet to church, replied that she *wouldn't wear any thing else!*

Our thanks are due Hon. Messrs. BALL & HARRIS, Members of Congress, for Congressional favors.

Girls kissing each other—a wicked waste of the raw material.

Women forgive everything in a man but neglect; everything in a woman but her beauty.

Quills are taken from the pinions of a goose, to spread the opinions of another.

COMMERCIAL.

From the New Albany Ledger.

THE NEW ALBANY MARKET.

March 11, 1856.
Flour—\$6 00 for country brands. City mills are selling at \$6 00.
Grain—Wheat \$1 00 @ 1 05. Corn 25 @ 30c. Oats 25 @ 30c.
Groceries—Sales coffee at 12 @ 13 1/2c. Sugar firm at 8 1/2 @ 9c by the bbl. 8 1/2 @ 9c by the bbl. Molasses, plantation, 40 @ 42c.
Bacon and Lard—Clear sides 7c; shoulders 6c; plain hams 7 1/2c; prime lard in bbl. 8 1/2c, keg 9c.
Salt—Sales are made at 45c by the 50 bls, and 45c retail, drayage added.
Cornmeal—30 @ 35c—dull.
Rice—6 1/2 @ 7c.
Fruit—Dried Apples \$1 20, and Peaches \$1 75.
Cotton Yarns—No. 500, 600, and 700, we quote at 8 1/2, 9 1/2, 10 1/2.
Cotton Baling—No. 1, 12 @ 12 1/2c.
Lead and Shot—Pig Lead at 7 1/2c, and Bar at 8c.
Shot \$2 00 @ 2 1/2c.
Oils—Pure Castor Oil \$5 per gal. by the quantity.
Tanners \$24 @ 27 per bbl. Lard Oil 85 @ 90c in lots.
Lined Oil \$1 05 @ 1 10.
Nails—Sales at 3 1/2c, 4 1/2c, 5c, for 10, 8, 6, and 4d., by the quantity.
Iron—3c in large lots.
Tar—\$4 50 @ 5 00.
Coal—Pittsburgh 12 1/2c.
Hay—\$12 @ 13.
Potatoes—75 per bush.
Onions—Dull at 40 @ 50c per bushel.
White Beans—We quote at \$1 50.
Rags, Feathers, Ginseng, &c.—Rags we quote at 3 @ 3 1/2c, as per quality. Feathers we quote at 35c from the country. Ginseng we quote at 25c. Beeswax 18 @ 20c from the country.
Manufactured Tobacco—Common 12 1/2, choice and extra brands 35 @ 36.

Glass—Sales of \$110, country manufacture, in lots, at \$3 50; Pittsburgh manufacture, \$4 50; sales of 10x12, country manufacture, \$4 @ 4 50; Pittsburgh manufacture, \$4 50 @ 5; larger sizes ranging from 10x14 to 12x18 at \$5 50 @ 7 in lots. Sales to the country are made at a small advance on our quotations.

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening, the 20th inst., by Rev. Wm. M. Daily, D. D., Mr. CALVIN SIMMS, of Martinsville, to Miss MARGARET WORLEY, of Bloomington.

Other engagements prevented our being present at the wedding, but we learn that it was an unusually pleasant occasion. A large number of persons were present. We wish the happy couple all imaginable prosperity.

Till Hymen brought his love-lighted hours, There dwelt no joy in Eden's rosy bowers.

[COMMUNICATED.]

DIED.

At her residence near Stanford, in this county, FANNIE, wife of John M. Sadler, aged 70 years.

Her disease was pulmonary consumption, and her illness painful and lingering, yet she bore it with great patience, and met death with Christian fortitude.

Mrs. S. was a native of Kentucky, and one of the first settlers in this county; and leaves a large circle of friends, together with a numerous family connection, to mourn their loss.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS.

GREAT BARGAINS AT THE NEW STORE.

WE invite the attention of the citizens of Bloomington and vicinity to our large and desirable stock of FRESH GOODS, for spring and summer trade.—Consisting in part of Dress Goods, new spring styles, Ribbons, White Goods, Blk & Fancy Silks, Embroideries, Gloves and Hosiery, Dress Trimmings, Robes, Lusters in great variety, Ginghams, Prints and Lawns, Umbrellas, Parasols, and a complete assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes. Our motto is still the same, "Quick sales and small profits." J. B. HOBSON & CO.
Mch. 22, 1856.

Lectures,

ON SATURDAY and MONDAY evenings, at Helton's Hall, on *Neurology and Physiology*, by Dr. CALDWELL. The science of Neurology completely explains the science of Physiology, and shows the face to be a true index to the nature of man.
March 22, 1856.

Notice to Heirs of Petition to sell Real Estate.

STATE OF INDIANA, } SS.
April Term Court Common Pleas, 1856.
NOTICE is hereby given, that PAUL STINE, Administrator of the estate of George W. Chambers, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the decedent, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts; and that said petition will be heard at the April term, 1856, of the Court of Common Pleas of said county.

Test, MILTON MOPHETTRIDGE, Clerk C. C. P. M. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
JOHN Y. DUNLAP having been appointed by the Clerk of Monroe county, State of Indiana, Administrator of the Estate of SQUIER RAY, late of Monroe county, deceased, all persons indebted to said deceased are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate, will present them, duly authenticated, according to law. Said Estate is solvent.
March 18, 1856. JOHN Y. DUNLAP, Admr.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.
WILL be exposed at public sale, on Friday, the 11th day of April next, at the late residence of Squier Ray, deceased, in Monroe county, all the personal property of said deceased; consisting of horses, cattle, sheep, wheat, corn and oats, farming utensils of various kinds; also a variety of household and kitchen furniture, bedsteads and bedding, cook store, and various other articles too tedious to mention.
The articles will be sold on a credit of twelve months on all sums of three dollars and upwards, by the purchaser giving note with freehold security, waiving all valuation laws, and all sums under the following cash.
Mch. 18, 1856. JOHN Y. DUNLAP, Admr.

CAUTION.
WHEREAS my wife MELINDA has left my bed and board, without any just cause or provocation, I hereby forewarn all persons not to trust her on my account, as I will not be bound to pay no debts or liabilities of her contracting.
WILLIAM R. CHANDLER.
Bloomington, March 19, 1856.

NOTICE.
STATE OF INDIANA, } SS.
OWEN COUNTY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that CYRUS J. SCOTT, Administrator of the estate of Joseph Whiston, deceased, has filed his petition to sell the real estate of the deceased, his personal being insufficient to pay his debts; and that said petition will be heard at the July term, 1856, of the Court of Common Pleas of said county.
March 13, 1856—3w BASIL MEEK, Clk.

CASH STORE!

'THE McALLA CORNER,'
Southwest Corner of the Public Square.

THE undersigned are now in receipt of, and offer for sale a large and splendid stock of

SPRING GOODS,

Consisting in part of
PLAIN AND FANCY SILKS,
Debares, Berages,
Delaines, Lawns,
English Merinos,
Ginghams, Ribbons,
Plain and Fancy Jaconets,
Swiss Muslin, Linen Edg's,
Fancy, Fig'd and Striped Lusters,
Lamb's Wool Hose, Ribbons,
Fancy Prints, Embroid'd Curtain Goods, etc.
ranging from \$1.75 to \$5.75 each.

The News-Letter.

BLOOMINGTON:
SATURDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1856.

Agents for the News-Letter.
A. C. PARKS, Ellettsville;
JOSEPH SANDERS, Stanford;
JAS. P. MORGAN,
SAMUEL B. PERRY, Smithville;
J. J. ALEXANDER, Unionville;
J. C. BENDER,
JOSEPH SHERRILL, Harrodsburg;
DR. WALKER, Mount Tabor;
JOHN HUFF, Bryant's Creek;
ROBERT M. CARLTON, Bedford;
W. W. OWENS, Guthrie, Lawrence Co.;
DR. ZIRA FOSTER, Ellettsville;
JOHN BAUDWELL, Springfield;
DAVID L. SHERK, Mitchell;
WILLIAM WALKER, Washington, Daviess Co.;
Capt. ALDERMAN, Gosport;
BART. MEEK, Spencer;
DAVID BREWER, New Hall;
MONROE MASCO, Nashville;
HOMER W. K. EDWARDS, Terre Haute;
DR. J. N. CONNELLY, Bloomfield;
DR. J. J. JOHNSON, Morgantown.

Prof. T. H. Sinec.
We regret to learn that Prof. THOMAS H. SINEC, who has, from the commencement of the Bloomington Female College to this time, occupied the position of Principal, with so much honor to himself, and the profit of his pupils, is about to leave us, for a field of wider usefulness. He has been elected President of the Albion Female Collegiate Institute and Wesleyan Seminary in Michigan. Prof. SINEC is a perfect gentleman and an accomplished scholar, and will no doubt meet with a warm reception in his new home.

We are glad to see that the Democracy of Lawrence county are preparing in earnest for a vigorous campaign. They have made arrangements for public speaking in all parts of the county, during the months of April and May.

Last Thursday, ROBT. STIMPSON was tried before Esq. BUSKIRK and a jury of six men, for an assault and battery upon his bound boy, COLEMAN WILSON, with an ox whip. He was fined one cent and costs of suit.

The Democracy of Monroe county are wide awake. Set us down for a majority of seven hundred for the Democratic ticket next fall.

The Democratic Club meets in Bloomington every Saturday night, instead of Tuesday, as erroneously printed last week.

"Business before pleasure," as the man said when he kissed his own wife before going out to kiss his neighbor's.

"Americans must rule America."—K. N. Platform.

Black Hawk tried it in 1832, and the Black Feet and Flat Heads are trying it now.

An Irishman named WELCH was severely injured, on Monday, by the falling of a large stone, in the deep cut above town. He had his leg broken in two places,—his collar-bone broken, and his breast badly hurt. It is thought he will recover.

That able and sterling Democratic paper, the Crawfordsville Review, has been considerably enlarged and otherwise improved.

LIVING IN THE WHITE HOUSE.—A Washington letter says:

"Many imagine that the expenses of the White House are partially, if not wholly defrayed by government, and that the large number of servants, necessarily employed, receive their pay from the public treasury. Error.—Although the President is expected to give public receptions and banquets, entertainments to distinguished visitors, and dinners to every political friend who may come here, everything is paid for out of the President's pocket, excepting a few vegetable delicacies raised in the garden. Until last year no appropriation was made for fuel, either for the barn-like rooms and saloons of the White House, or for the guard and green house, to heat which costs nearly \$2,000,—and the appropriation made last year was only \$1,000, leaving nearly \$1,000 for the President to pay. So with the servants. The only ones paid by the government are a door keeper, who receives \$600 per annum, an assistant door-keeper, who receives \$420, and a furnace keeper, who receives \$365. All the other domestics required to keep this extensive establishment in order, are paid by the President.

THE COURTS.
Sullivan county begins Monday, Feb. 25—1 week.

Monroe Common Pleas Court commences its quarterly sessions on the 30th Mondays in April, July, October, and January; and sits two weeks.

County Commissioners' Court commences its quarterly sessions on the 1st Mondays in June, October, December, and March.

THE MAILS.
Arrivals at and Departures from the Bloomington P. O.

From Columbus (by two-horse hack) arrives every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 12 M.; and departs every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 10 A. M. From Bloomfield (by hack when necessary) arrives every Tuesday and Saturday, at 4 P. M.; and departs every Monday and Friday, at 5 A. M. From Indianapolis (by stage) arrives every Tuesday and Friday, at 12 M.; and departs same days, at 1 P. M. From Point Commerce, via White Hall, (horse-back) arrives every Thursday, at 1 P. M.; and departs same day, at 1:30 P. M.

A Wonderful Discovery
Has recently been made by Dr. Curtis of this city, in the treatment of Consumption, Asthma, and all diseases of the Lungs. We refer to "Dr. Curtis's Hygeana, or Inhalant Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup." With this new method Dr. C. has restored many afflicted ones to perfect health; as an evidence of which he has innumerable certificates. Speaking of the treatment a physician remarks: "It is evident that inhaling—constantly breathing in—this agreeable, healing vapor, the medicinal properties must be in direct contact with the whole of the aerial cavity of the lungs, and thus escape the many and varied changes, produced upon them when introduced into the stomach, and subjected to the process of digestion. The Hygeana is for sale at all the drug stores throughout the country. (From the New York Dutchman of Jan. 14th.)
See advertisement of Medicated Inhalation in another column of this paper.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hardware Store!

THE subscriber, formerly of Louisville, Ky., is now opening on
State Street, between Main and Market,
NEW ALBANY, IND.,
AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
Hardware, Cutlery, Guns,
EDGE TOOLS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS,
&c., &c.

Which he offers to the trade at reduced prices for cash. His stock will be very complete, and will embrace the latest and most improved articles ever offered for sale in New Albany.

SOME OF THE LEADING ARTICLES.
1,200 dozen Knives and Forks;
500 " Pen and Pocket Knives;
200 " Butcher and Shoe Knives;
200 " Scissors and Shears;
100 " Razors, some very fine;
500 " Locks and Latches;
1,000 gross Gimlet Screws;
10,000 gross Tacks;
200 dozen Files and Rasps;
100 boxes Axes;
200 dozen bright Augers;
100 " Chisels and Gouges;
100 " Hand Saws;
100 " Shovels and Spades;
600 pairs Trace Chains;
1,000 lbs. Log Chains;
100 dozen Hoes;
50 " Hammers;
100 " Coffee Mills;
100 Tea Kettles;
Mill Saws and Cross cut Saws;
Curry Combs, Sad Irons;
Ridley Combs, and Hammers;
and many other articles.

H. B. SHIELDS.
New Albany, March 8, 1856-1w6.

SAFES.

HERRING'S FIRE-PROOF SALAMANDER
S. & P. S. Herring's Patent Powder-proof Locks. These Safes have testimonials of the highest authority, of their proof against Fire and Burglars. They took the premium in London, at the World's Fair—City and County Clerks, Brokers, Bankers, and Agents for Insurance Companies, should supply themselves without delay. They are for sale here by the subscription, at New York prices, adding the cost of transportation, at H. B. SHIELDS.

New Albany, Ind., March 8, 1856-1w6.

BLACHLY & SIMPSON,

No. 11 Pearl Street, Cincinnati, Ohio,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

Having in store a full and fresh stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, to which they are receiving daily accessions. They invite an examination of their stock by dealers visiting the city this Spring.

March 8, 1856-1w4.

Take Due Notice, and Govern Yourself Accordingly.

THE subscribers having sold out their entire stock of Goods to Messrs. SLIDER & TIBBETS, desire to close up their business without delay, and request all those indebted to them to make immediate payment. They avail themselves of the present occasion to assure the public of their grateful remembrance of past favors, and ask a continuance of the same to the new firm.

TARKINGTON & AKIN.
March 1.—52ft

Change of Business.

TARKINGTON & AKIN
HAVING SOLD out their stock of Goods to Messrs. SLIDER & TIBBETS, of New Albany.

Respectfully ask the public, and especially the customers of the former house, to give them a call, as their determination is to do a CASH BUSINESS. Every article sold is invariably offered at the lowest price. The new firm will receive direct from the Eastern Cities, a large supply of New and Seasonable Goods in a few days.

SLIDER & TIBBETS.
March 1.—52ft

SUGAR KETTLES.

A FINE LOT on hands and for sale cheap. Also FINE LLOWARE of all kinds.

SEWARD & CHASE.
52ft

NEW DRUG STORE.

Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, and Dye-Stuffs,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
BY
WOODARD & BUCHANAN.

WHO are now opening and offer for sale at their stand, on the west side of Main street, in the room formerly occupied by J. B. Hobson & Co., a complete and carefully selected stock of pure
Drugs and Medicines, Patent Medicines, Surgical Instruments, Brushes, all varieties, Glass Ware, Window Glass, Glazing Tools, Putty, Burning Fluid, Star Candles, Tobacco, various brands, Cigars, do do
Also, Spices, Essences, &c. &c. &c.

The undersigned wishing to construct a sure foundation for a prosperous business, intend keeping on hand a full and warrantable supply of all the articles in the Apothecaries' trade; and hope by their personal attention to render entire satisfaction to their customers. Physicians and Merchants from this and adjoining counties are requested to call and examine their stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, as we will sell at such rates as will be satisfactory and remunerative to the retail dealer. WOODARD & BUCHANAN.
P. S.—Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded by a competent person at all hours of the day and night.

March 1.—52ft

30 OZ. FARR'S QUININE, for sale by

WOODARD & BUCHANAN.
52ft

10 LBS. GUM OPIUM, for sale by

W. & B.
52ft

PURE WINES AND BRANDIES, for medicinal purposes, for sale by

W. & B.
52ft

25 KECS PURE WHITE LEAD, for sale by

W. & B.
52ft

3 BBL. LINSEED OIL, for sale by

W. & B.
52ft

1 BBL. NO. 1 COPAL VARNISH, for sale by

W. & B.
52ft

2 BBL. SPIRITS TURPENTINE, for sale by

W. & B.
52ft

SHALLENBERGER'S PILLS, Bull's, Hurdley's, and Sands' Sarsaparilla, for sale by W. & B.
52ft

JAYNES' Family Medicines, for sale by W. & B.
52ft

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL and PILLS, for sale by W. & B.
52ft

SLOAN'S MEDICINES, for sale by W. & B.
52ft

DR. GOBLE
TENDERS his professional services to the citizens of Bloomington and vicinity.
Office on West Main street, opposite the residence of Hon. S. H. Buskirk.
August 18, 1855-25ft. P. GOBLE, M. D.

1856. SPRING TRADE. 1856.

NEW ALBANY NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD.

Can depend on Buying their
QUEENSWARE AND HARDWARE
From the Mammoth Establishment of
Brooks & Campbells,
As low as from any house west of the Mountains.

WE have in Store and to arrive for the Spring Trade
500 CRATES OF CROCKERY,
Comprising all the latest designs and qualities, which we are determined to offer to the trade at
UNUSUALLY LOW FIGURES!

ALSO,
1,000 BOXES OF GLASSWARE,
Consisting of all kinds of Tumblers, Jars, Molasses Cans, Salts, Sugars, and Preserve Jars, &c. &c. Together with an immense stock of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

In our Domestic Hardware Department, we can only say that WE WILL duplicate any Cincinnati or Pittsburg invoice. And in all Foreign Goods, from the East or West, shall undersell us, as we import directly from the manufacturers.

We have also the heaviest stock of
FARMING TOOLS
Around the Falls, and will offer them at such prices as will induce every one that gives our stock an examination to leave their orders.

We only ask that all, before making their purchases, will give our stock a thorough examination, and we feel confident of quoting prices that will be satisfactory and secure your customers.

You will always find us open from 6 A. M., until 9 P. M., ready to show you through our stock.

All orders sent us, will receive the personal attention of one of the members of the firm.

Goods delivered at Wharf-Boats, Jeffersonville, and N. A. and S. R. R. Depots free of charge.

GIVE US A CALL.

BROOKS & CAMPBELLS,
Main street, New Albany, Indiana.
February 23.—51ft

THE GREAT PIANO, MELODEON AND MUSIC ESTABLISHMENT

HORACE WATERS, Agent,
No. 333 Broadway, - - - - New York.

PRICES GREATLY REDUCED!!—THE CASH SYSTEM ADOPTED!!

THE largest assortment of Pianos, Melodeons, Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise of all kinds in the United States. Pianos from 125 different Manufacturers, comprising those of every variety of style, from the plain, neat and substantial 6 1/2 octave, in Walnut or Rosewood Cases, from \$150 to \$200, to those of the most elegant finish up to one Thousand dollars. No house in the Union can compete with the above in the number, variety and celebrity of its instruments, nor in the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES at which they are sold.

HORACE WATERS' MODERN IMPROVED PIANOS, With or without Iron Frames, possessing in their improvements of over strings and action, a length of scale, power and compass of tone equal to the Grand Piano, united with the beauty and durability of structure of the square Piano. They are justly pronounced by the Press and by the first Musical Masters to be equal to those of any other manufacturer. They are built of the best and most thoroughly seasoned material, and guaranteed to stand the action of every climate.

Each instrument guaranteed to give satisfaction, or purchase money refunded. SECOND HAND PIANOS AT GREAT BARGAINS, constantly in stock, prices from \$30 to \$140.

HORACE WATERS' MELODEONS, Superior Instruments in tone, touch and durability of make. (Tuned the equal temperament.) Melodeons of all other styles and makes. Prices, \$45, \$60, \$75, \$100, \$125, \$140; double Reeds, \$150; double Reeds and two banks of keys, \$200. Clergymen and Churches, 12 1/2 per cent discount, and a very liberal discount to all purchasers for cash.

Martin's Guitars, Brown's Harps, Flutes, Violins, and Musical Instruments of all kinds.

At lower prices than ever before offered to the public. A large discount to Teachers and Schools. The trade supplied on the most liberal terms.

MUSIC:
One of the largest and best selected catalogues of Music now published, comprising many of the choice and most popular airs of the day, and will be sold at reduced prices. Teachers and Schools will find it to their advantage to buy Music and Instruments from this house.

Music sent by mail to all parts of the country, post-paid. Particular and personal attention paid to all orders received by mail. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance. Second hand Pianos taken in exchange for new. General and select Catalogues and Schedule of prices forwarded to all parts of the country by mail.

Great inducements offered to agents in all parts of the country, to sell the Horace Waters' Pianos, Melodeons, and Catalogues of Music.

February 23.—51ft

Wentworth & Brothers,

77 PEARL STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.
1856—SPLENDID SPRING GOODS!—1856

WE invite the attention of Country Merchants to our extensive stock of FANCY and STAPLE DRY GOODS.

Having for several years imported direct from the most celebrated manufacturers in Europe, and having a resident partner in New York, we are enabled to offer to cash and responsible buyers unsurpassed inducements in prices and styles, &c. &c.

WENTWORTH & BROTHERS,
77 Pearl street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

STATE OF INDIANA,
MONROE COUNTY.

For the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, April term, 1856.

James M. Mitchell and Samuel M. Mitchell, vs. Frederic Yernell and Concord Walls.

The plaintiffs, by Mr. McClure, their attorney, having filed their complaint and the affidavit of a disinterested person in the town of Bloomington, to the effect that it appears that Concord Walls, one of said defendants, is not a resident of the State of Indiana.

It was then and there ordered by the Court, that the said defendant, Walls, be notified of the filing and pendency of said complaint by publication in "The Bloomington News-Letter," a public newspaper printed and published in the town of Bloomington, and that unless he appear in said Court on the second or some subsequent day of said April term, to be held at the Court House in Bloomington on the third Monday of April, 1856, and answer or demur to said complaint on or before the calling of the same, the matters and things therein set forth will be taken for true, and heard and determined in his absence.

Test,
MILTON MCPHERTRIDGE, Clerk C. C. P.
February 23.—51w3

J. A. GOODLETT,

LAND SELECTOR AND LOCATER,
Council Bluffs, Iowa.

PERSONS wishing to locate LAND WARRANTS in Western Iowa will have their business attended to promptly and with care by addressing Mr. J. A. GOODLETT, Council Bluffs, Iowa.

Warrants left at the News-Letter Office, will be promptly forwarded.

March 1.—52ft

To Builders.

PROPOSALS will be received by the Commissioners for Owen county, Indiana, on or before the 3rd day of March next, for the several works in Rubble Masonry, Out Stone, Brick work, Carpentering, Plastering, Iron, Extra Work, &c., required in erecting a Jail and Sheriff's residence, agreeable to plans and specifications to be sent at the office of the Architect, W. Tinsley, Blake's building, Indianapolis, up to the 23rd instant, after which they may be seen at the Auditor's office of Owen county.

JOHN J. COOPER, Auditor Owen county, Ind.
February 18.—51ft

MAISON BROTHERS, New York, WILL PUBLISH, Saturday, January 19th, LAN- MERE. By Mrs. Julia C. B. Dorr, author of "Farmington." 1 vol., 12mo. Price \$1.25.

The many readers and admirers of "Farmington" will participate with pleasure a new volume from the pen of "Caroline Thomas" (the name de plume formerly used by Mrs. Dorr). We can assure them they will not find "Lanmere" one whit less charming than its predecessors. We shall be disappointed if the public do not award it yet warmer praise.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2nd.

EDITH, or the Quaker's Daughter. A TALE OF PURITAN TIMES. BY ONE OF HER DESCENDANTS.

1 vol., 12 mo. Price \$1.25.

THE SCENE of this Domestic Tale is laid during that religious persecution of the Quakers, which is so deep and sad a stain upon the bright fame of the Puritans. To the charm of absorbing interest as a tale, it adds the attraction of historical accuracy. We have never announced new books with greater satisfaction than in the present instance. These are not sensation books. They do not in any respect belong to the "quaker literature" of the day. Though differing widely in plot, purpose and style, they may alike lay claim to fascinating interest, and an adaptation to improve both head and heart.

ESTRAY BULL.

TAKEN UP, by Joseph Johnson of Clay township, Owen county, Indiana, one Bull, of the following description: belly, back and face white; sides red and white; very large, long horns—wide between; horns very smooth; said estray marked with a swallow fork in the right ear. Appraised to eleven dollars and fifty cents, by W. B. Maners and Henry Edwards, before Justice John Mills, February 6th, 1856.

Test,
February 23.—51w3

John Gordon,

NOS. 16 AND 18, PEARL STREET,
New Albany, Ind.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,
IRON, & C.

IS now receiving for the Spring trade, direct importations from England, France and Germany, and from the different manufacturers in the United States, a full and complete stock of Hardware, Cutlery, Iron, Nails, Steel Springs, Axes, Castings, Wagon Boxes, Guns, Gun Barrels and Gun Trimmings, Grass, Grain and Briar Scythes, Iron and Wood Broom Handles, Hay and Manure Forks, Wood and Iron Rakes, Field and Garden Hoes; Mill, M Cut, Tennon, Hand, Buck, Circular, and Bow Saws, Saddlery Hardware, and Coach Trimmings, in great variety; to which he calls the attention of merchants visiting New Albany. He pledges himself to sell as low as any house West, and as good goods.

Feb. 9, 1856-54ft. JOHN GORDON.

AT THE NEW ALBANY Iron, Hardware, & Tool Store,

Nos. 16 AND 18, PEARL STREET,
Can be found—

30,000 lbs. Iron, ass'd sizes;
20,000 lbs. Wrought Iron, ass'd sizes;
30,000 do Steel Plow Shares;
18,000 do Springs and Axes;
11,000 do Castings, ass'd;
25,000 do Cast, Shear, Sledge, and other Steel;
37,000 do English and American Anvils;
12,000 do Solid Box Vices;
5,500 do Stone and Blacksmith Sledges;
27 Brown's warranted Belovels;
35 dozen Nos. 1, 2, and 3, Cast Steel Hand Hammers;

240 dozen Grass and Grain Scythes;
190 do Wood and Iron Brace Cradles;
170 do Hay and Manure Forks;
100 do Wood, Iron and Steel Rakes;
275 do Ass'd Nos. 2, 3 and 4 Snaths;
150 do Field and Garden Hoes;
380 do Locks and Latches, ass'd;
2,800 gross Gimlet, and Wood Screws;
300 dozen Butts, ass'd;
400 do Table Hinges;
50 do Blind Hinges;
27 Casks straight and Twist Trace Chains;
13 do Log Chains, ass'd;
5 do Field and Garden Hoes;
100 dozen Double Twist Breast Chains;
100 do Tea Kettles;
100 do Wagon, Buggy, and Gig Hames;
10 Casks Sad Irons;

1,700 dozen Rasps and Files;
120 do 16 and 16 Mead Seives;
300 do Gardiner's Patent Axes;
All orders promptly attended to. Goods delivered at the Jeffersonville and New Albany and Salem Railroad Depots free of charge.

Call and examine.
Feb. 9, 1856-34ft. JOHN GORDON.

"THE MIRROR HELD UP TO NATURE."

NEW PURCHASE.

Or, Early Years in the West.
BY ROBERT CARLTON, ESQ.
SECOND EDITION, REVISED AND ILLUSTRATED. IN ONE VOLUME. FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY PAGES. 12mo. CLOTH. PRICE \$1.25.

THIS work was first published by the Appletons, of New York, 1843, and was sold immediately at \$1.50 per copy. The second edition, of 1,000 copies, was not sufficient for the demand and Mr. Appleton was so pleased with the readiness with which the book was sold, that he proposed to the author a new edition of 6,000 copies. Before any steps were taken to reprint, old Mr. Appleton died, and as the work was not then stereotyped, his sons lost sight of it, and for more than ten years it lay dormant in the files of the publisher.

The publisher has now the gratification of offering a new and brilliant book, which, for a time, had sunk into obscurity, but now appears again to delight and interest a new generation of readers.

The New Purchase is a truthful story of the life of the author for a period of nearly eight years, a portion of which time he was a Professor in the University of Indiana, and enjoyed the society of many men eminent in learning and politics. Amid the varied joys and sorrows, trials and triumphs, which attend the career of the author while sojourning in the West, he kindly introduces the reader to many of his contemporaries, some of whom are painted by a friendly hand, whilst others are touched with the pencil of satire. Some of the characters are General John McCalla, of Lexington, Ky., and now of Washington City; Prof. Harney of the Louisville Democrat; Governor Wright, of Indiana; the late Governor Whitcomb; Prof. Bush of N. Y.; Hon. Paris C. Dunning; Austin Seward, Esq.; Rev. Andrew Wiley, D. D.; D. H. Maxwell, M. D.; Rev. Isaac Reed; Dr. B. Breckinridge, of Ky.; Rev. W. Martin, of Ind., with many others whom it may not be advisable to mention.

The incidents of the book are substantially true.—The Camp-Meeting, the Log-Rolling, the Rifle Match, the Sermon in Foster's Sa-Mill, the Barbecue, the Stamp Speeches, the Stamp and Stamp-sessions in "College," the Exhibition of the Trial, the Post-office scene, Mizriah Ham's discourse, the Charivari, the Pigeon-shooting, &c., are scenes drawn from nature and present faithful portraits of life in a new country.

JNO. R. NUNEMACHER, Publisher,
New Albany.

For Sale at the News-Letter Office.

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned will sell at public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1856, subject to the widow's interest, the following real estate, situate in Monroe county, Indiana, to-wit: The east half of the north west quarter of section number twenty-seven (27), in township number seven (7) north, in range number two (2) west containing eighty (80) acres. Also, the timber on ten (10) acres for twenty years, from the 25th day of January, A. D. 1854, being a square in the north east corner of the south west quarter of the south west quarter of section number twenty-two (22) in said town and range.

Terms of Sale.—One-third in hand; one-third in six months, and the other one-third in twelve months. The purchaser will be required to secure the deferment of payment by bond and security, waiving all relief from payment and appraisement laws.

JAMES CARMICHAEL, Administrator.
February 9.—40w3.

C. H. LAIRD,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
WILL practice his profession in the Courts of Monroe county, and the adjoining counties. Office in the room formerly occupied as the Clerk's office.
April 7, 1855-61

"GET THE BEST." WEBSTER'S QUARTO DICTIONARY.

WHAT is more essential to every family, counting room, student, and indeed every one who would know the right use of language—the meaning, orthography, and pronunciation of words, than a good English DICTIONARY?—of daily necessity and permanent value.

WEBSTER'S UNABRIDGED
Is now the recognized Standard, "constantly cited and relied on in our Courts of Justice, in our legislative bodies, and in public discussions, as entirely conclusive," says Hon. John C. Sevier.
Can I make a better investment?
Published by G. & C. MERRIAM, Springfield, Mass.
—sold by all Booksellers

ALSO,
Webster's School Dictionaries—Academic, High School, and Primary. [47w3]

NOTICE.

WE will sell at private sale, on the 18th day of March, 1856, on the premises, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and four o'clock, P. M., the five-sixths of the undivided half of the Mount Tabor Mills, with all the lands thereto attached; and the mill property—415,862 to be paid in hand; and the residue in two equal installments of two and three years from date, with note. Purchaser executing mortgage to secure the payment of deferred payments.

WARREN S. WALKER, Guardian, &c.
MILTON HITE.
January 26.—47w3

ESTRAY CATTLE.

TAKEN UP, by George H. Baker of Jefferson township, Owen county, Indiana, one estray Cow, red and white spotted, marked with a crop off the left ear, and an under-bit in the right—supposed to be six years old next spring. Appraised to nineteen dollars.

One red Cow, unmarked—supposed to be six

The Muses.

From Eliza Cook's Journal.

The Deck of the Outward Bound.

How seldom we dream of the mariner's grave,
Far down by the coral strand;
How little we think of the wind and the wave,
When all that we love are on land!
The hurricane comes and the hurricane goes,
And little heed we take,
Though the trees may snap as the tempest blows,
And the walls of our honest shacks,
But the northeast wind tells a different tale,
With a voice of fearful sound,
When a loved one is under a close-roofed sail,
On the deck of an "outward bound."

How wistful then we look on the light,
As the threatening clouds go by,
And the wind gets up, and the last faint night
Is dying away in the sky!
How we listen and gaze with silent lip,
And judge of the land and the sea,
How the wild wind might toss the ship,
And arouse the mighty sea;
Ah, sadly then we meet the day,
When signs of storm are found,
And pray for the loved one far away
On the deck of the "outward bound."

There is one that I cherished when hand in hand
We roved over the lowland lee;
And I thought that my love for that one on land
Was as earnest as love could be;
But now that he has gone out on the tide,
I find that I worship him more;
And I think of the waters deep and wide,
As I look on the flowers on shore.
I have watched the wind, I have watched the stars,
And shrunk from the tempest sound;
For my heart-strings are wreathed with the slender spars
That carry the "outward bound."

I have slept when the zephyrs forgot to creep,
And the sky was without a frown;
But I started soon from that fearful sleep,
When I dreamed of a ship going down.
I have sat in the field when the corn was in shock,
And the reaper's hook was bright,
But my fancy conjured the breaker and rock,
In the dead of a moonlight night.
O, I will never measure affection again,
While the earth's flowers are green,
But will wait till the loved one is far o'er the main,
On the deck of an "outward bound."

The Beggar and the Millionaire.

The editor of the Boston *Intelligencer* was passing the corner of Beacon and Walnut streets, when occurred the following mournful and dastardly circumstance: "We saw a little boy, of some ten or a dozen years of age, seated upon a door step, just at nightfall, chewing a crust of bread which he had just begged in the neighborhood. In the midst of his meal a grey-headed man came from the house, and kicked the boy, basket and all, into the street, with an oath that went to our heart, and made us shudder as it rung on the air. The little fellow wept bitterly as he stood in the midst of the crusts of bread and other refuse, from the tables of the more fortunate, and as he knelt to gather the scattered luxuries of the beggar's lot, we inwardly invoked a hearty malediction upon the grey-headed ruffian, in whose soul age had planted more wrinkles than in his forehead. We looked upon the mansion; it gleamed with the flames of Tartarus, and while we stood gazing upon the house, we heard strains of music, singing of songs; coming from its saloons or parlor. We heard the groans of pitying angels above the songs of human voices, and in the vision of judgment we saw that poor beggar boy and the rich man at the throne of eternal justice. The millionaire was dumb, but in angelic tones of forgiveness the beggar plead for mercy upon his oppressor, who knew not what he did; but a frown rested upon the face of the Judge, and even the beggar had plead in vain, for the vengeance of an avenging God had fallen upon the defrauder of the poor, the oppressor of the oppressed.

Fiery River in the Sandwich Islands.

In a letter from Hilo, dated November 7, Mr. Coan describes a visit to the stream of lava which has been slowly making its way toward his station for some time past. He writes as follows:

There is no abatement of the fire. The stream pushes slowly on through the woods in a straight line. It is some ten or twelve miles from us. On a good road, with a good horse, it might be reached in two hours. You will marvel then, why it was not long since upon us. We all thus marvelled; but my visit has explained the matter to my satisfaction. 1st. The fusion goes winding along, sixty-five miles from its source. Immense quantities of lava are thus spent in deposits along the track. 2d. Over the plains at the base of the mountain, through the forest, the angle of descent is small; of course it moves slowly. 3d. Its lateral expansion is great. It spreads out three, four, and even six miles in some places; and there it leaves immense deposits. 4th. The soil, streams, ravines, hills, ridges, pits, mud, basins, pools, with dense jungle and mighty forest, interpose obstructions almost insurmountable, deadening the incandescent stream, checking its momentum, and making its course tortuous. Its present progress, therefore, cannot exceed one mile per week.

I spent one stormy night within five feet of its glowing current, between burning and chilling, in a cold, soaking rain. The stream before us was some three miles wide, and as far as the eye could see, above and below us, ten thousand fires, mineral and vegetable, were glowing amid the midnight gloom. The jungle was burning, the water was boiling, and the trees were falling all around us. We dipped up many specimens of the igneous fusion, cooled it, and brought it home. We also boiled our tea-kettle and fried our ham over the lava.

GRAIN PROSPECTS.—The apparent certainty of peace being made between the belligerent powers of Europe, and the almost equally entertained opinion of serious disturbance likely to grow out of Central American affairs between England and the United States, has had a most depressing effect on grain prices, and nothing seems now to justify a hope for better prices until that question shall have been amicably settled. Buyers are exceedingly backward in offers, preferring rather to keep clear of impending danger than to run blindly into financial difficulties from which loss probably will be the only extrication.

All kinds of grain have declined rapidly, and so long as our foreign affairs remain in their present unsettled condition, no contingency can be hoped for to advance the present rates. Corn has declined from 30 to 25 cents in the ear, and other grain in like proportion.

DISSOLVED IN RUM.—The Know Nothing council at Freedom, New Hampshire, after listening to a lecture from Hon. JOHN S. WELLS, unanimously voted to disband. They had about \$250 in the treasury, which they laid out in rum.

City Bakery.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomington and vicinity that he has opened a Bakery and Confectionery, in the frame building one door above Judge Butler's residence, on West Main street, where he will keep constantly on hand a supply of

Bread, Cakes and Confectioneries,
Consisting in part of the following:
Light Bread, Knead and Tea Rolls, Apple, Peach, Lemon and Cranberry Pies, Cakes of every description, including Pound Cake, Sponge Cake, Fruit Cake, Jelly Cake, &c., &c.
And a first rate article of Sponge Gingerbread, Confectioneries of all kinds, besides a variety of Toys, Notions, Cigars, &c.

Weddings and Parties supplied with Cake on short notice. Families supplied with fresh Bread every morning, and, if they desire it, it will be delivered at their houses.
The subscriber having had several years experience in the Bakery business, he is fully prepared to furnish everything in his line, and will endeavor by industry and strict attention to business to merit a share of the public patronage.
Give him a call and examine his stock.
JACOB GUTBUB.
Bloomington, Dec. 14.—42tf

REMOVAL.

J. B. HOBSON & CO.
HAVE REMOVED into Dods' new building on West Main street, 5 doors above their old stand, where they are receiving and opening their Fall Stock of Fancy and Staple Dry Goods, such as Delaines, Ginghams, Prints of various patterns, and a general assortment of Dress Goods, suited to the season; all of which will be sold very low for cash. A fair share of patronage is respectfully solicited. [5ndtf]

JAS. H. SHIELDS & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR AND PRODUCE,

Sole Agents of the

KANAWHA SALT CO.,

State St., bet. Main and the river,
NEW ALBANY, IND.
mar17m6

NOTICE.

THE Advertiser would respectfully announce to his customers and the public generally that he continues to supply the various Magazines named below at the prices annexed, per annum, viz: Harpers, \$2.25; Putnam, 2.25; Knickerbocker, 2.25; Household Words, 2.25; Blackwood, 2.25; Godey, 2.25; Graham, 2.25; Horticulturalist, colored plates, 3.50; Horticulturalist, plain edition, 1.50; The Living Age, 5 dollars. Frank Leslie's Gazette of Fashions, 2.25; The Living Age, 2.50. Ladies' Repository, (Cincinnati), 1.63. Peterson, 2.50. National, 1.63. Arthur's Home Magazine, 1.63. He is prepared also to fill all orders for standard miscellaneous books and the current literature of the day, whether from the trade, or other persons. Having had an experience of about fifteen years in the Book and periodical trade, he believes that he can give satisfaction to all parties entrusting him with orders.

Specimen numbers of these Magazines on the receipt of six Post Office Letter Stamps for the 3 or 2 dollar Magazines, and for twelve such Stamps a sample of the 5 or 6 dollar works. Letters of inquiry must contain a stamp for the return postage. Books sent, post-paid, on receipt of publisher's advertising prices.

Address, WILLIAM PATTON,

Bookseller, Hoboken, New Jersey.

For Publishers of Newspapers, giving the above advertisement (with this notice) will insertions and sending a marked copy to the advertiser, will be entitled to anyone of the Periodicals in the above list for one year. [51tf]

SPENCER HOUSE,

GEO. MOORE & CO., PROP'RS,

Cor. Broadway and Front Streets,

CINCINNATI, O.

THIS magnificent new Hotel, is now open for the reception of guests. Travelers will find this House unequalled in convenience of arrangement, in elegance of Furniture, and luxury of the table. Let us have your inquiry made a stamp for the return postage. Books sent, post-paid, on receipt of publisher's advertising prices.

Ladies' Shoes.

JUST RECEIVED at the new store,

1 case kid pat Kosuths,

1 " Glove kid tip boots,

1 " Calf lace

1 " Calf pegged.

Also, a large assortment of men's and boy's boots, shoes and brogans J. B. HOBSON & Co.
n24tf

STATE OF INDIANA,

OWEN COUNTY, SS:

Common Pleas Court, to April term, 1856.

Jacob Hughes,

vs.

Thomas Hamrick, the unknown heirs of Richard Hamrick, et al.

REMEMBERED, that on this 5th day of Feb.

ruary, 1856, the above named plaintiff, by

Martin & Johnson, his attorneys, filed his complaint

herein in the Clerk's office of said court, together with

an affidavit of a competent witness by which it is

satisfactorily shown that said Thomas Hamrick and the unknown heirs of Richard Hamrick, deceased, are

not residents of the State of Indiana.

Therefore, non-resident defendants are hereby

notified to appear in said Court on the second day of

the next term thereof, to be held at the Court House in

Spencer, on the fourth Monday in April, 1856, and answer or demur to said complaint, or the same will be

heard and determined in his absence.

5w3, BASIL MEEK, Clerk.

"THE MIRROR HELD UP TO NATURE."

NEW PURCHASE:

Or, Early Years in the West.

By ROBERT CARLTON, ESQ.

SECOND EDITION, REVISED AND ILLUSTRATED. IN ONE VOLUME. FOUR HUNDRED AND FIFTY PAGES. 12MO.

CLOTH. PRICE \$1.25.

THIS work was first published by the Appletons, of New York, 1843, and was sold immediately at \$1.50 per copy. The first edition, of 1,000 copies, was not sufficient for the demand and Mr. Appleton was so

pleased with the readiness with which the book was sold, that he proposed to the author a new edition of 6,000 copies. Since any steps were taken to reprint, old Mr. Appleton died, and, as the work was not then stereotyped, his sons lost sight of it, and for more than ten years the book has therefore been out of print.

The publisher has now the gratification of offering a rare and brilliant book, which, for a time, had sunk into obscurity, by new and scarce copies, to the delight and interest of a new generation of readers.

The New Purchase is a truthful story of the life of the author for a period of nearly eight years, a portion of which time he was a Professor in the University of Indiana, and enjoyed the society of many men eminent in learning and politics. Amid the varied joys of service, to his country, and the duties of his office, he was

the author while sojourning in the West, he kindly introduces the reader to many of his contemporaries, some of whom are painted by a friendly hand, whilst others are touched as if with caustic. Some of the characters are General John McCalla, of Lexington, Ky., and now of Washington City; Prof. Harvey of the Louisville College, Ky.; James Wright, of Indiana; the late Governor Whitcomb; Prof. Bush of N. Y.; Hon. Paris C. Dumming; Austin Seward, Esq.; Rev. Andrew Wiley, D. D.; D. H. Maxwell, M. D.; Rev. Isaac Reed; Dr. R. Breckenridge, of Ky.; Rev. W. Martin, of Ind.; with many others whom it may not be advisable to mention.

The incidents of the book are substantially true.—The Camp-Meeting, the Log-Rolling, the Rifle-Match, the Sermon in Foster's Sa. Mill, the Barbecue, the Stump Speeches, the troubles and dissensions in College, the Exhibition, the Trial, the Post-office scene, the shooting, &c., &c., are drawn from nature, and present faithful portraits of life in our country.

JNO. R. NUNEMACHER, Publisher,
New Albany.

For Sale at the News-Letter Office.

ESTRAY STEER.

TAKEN UP, by John Crane, living in Indian Creek township, Monroe county, Indiana, an estray Steer; a sale bound, with some white spots, about three years old, marked with a crop of the right ear, and upper half crop off the left ear. Appraised at thirteen dollars by George Crane and Serson Long, before me, February 13, 1856.

WILLIAM EAST, Justice.

Test: M. McPHERSON, Clerk. [5w3]

American Express Co. Knocking John Bull off

\$750,000 CAPITAL!

WELLS, BUTTERFIELD & CO., New York,
LIVINGSTON, FARGO & CO., Buffalo,
PROPRIETORS;

FORWARD daily by Express Passenger Trains to all points of the United States and Canada, Bank Notes, Coin, Parcels, Packages and all other kinds of Express freight, with promptness and dispatch.

And are now dispatching a Messenger daily each way between Louisville, New Albany and Chicago, for the prompt delivery of Money and valuable Packages, between the above points and all way Stations. Those wishing their business done by reliable and responsible parties, will call upon,

J. M. BERRY, Agt. American Express Co.

December, 7th, 1855.—40tf.

Jas. Guest & Co.,

CORNER OF UPPER FOURTH AND OAK STREETS, NEAR THE DEPOT, NEW ALBANY, INDIANA.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PANEL DOORS,

FLOORING, SASH,

VENETIAN BLINDS, MANTLES, PAN-

NEL SHUTTERS, MOULDINGS,

DOOR AND WINDOW

FRAMES, BASE

PILASTERS,

&c., &c.

WE are now prepared to furnish all orders in our line on short notice, and on reasonable terms. Persons building will please call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere,
July 28, 1855.—22m6.

C. I. & A. V. Du Pont,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Manufacturers and Dealers in

NEWS, BOOK, AND ALL KINDS OF PAPER.

Also, Agents for

DU PONT'S SUPERIOR GUNPOWDER,

Of the various kinds. (July 14, 1855.—20m6.)

DENNISON HOUSE,

COR. MAIN AND FIFTH,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

DENNISON & SON, PROPRIETORS.

This commodious and long-established Hotel is now entirely complete in all its appointments, and merchants and others visiting Cincinnati, are invited to call and give our house a trial.

(Jan. 28, 1854.—1y1)

New Principle! No Poison!

FEVER AND AGUE CURE,

OR ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA,

THE FOR PREVENTION AND CURE OF

Fever and Ague, or Chills; Dumb Ague, and other

Intermittent and Remittent Fevers; also of Bilious

Fevers, accompanied by Typhoid Symptoms;

Typhoid Fever, Yellow Fever, Ship and

Jail Fever, General Debility, Night

Sweats, and all other forms

of Disease.

WHICH HAVE A COMMON ORIGIN IN

MALARIA OR MIASMA.

THIS subtle atmospheric poison, which at certain

seasons is unavoidably inhaled at every breath, is

the same in character wherever it exists,—north, south,

east, or west, and will everywhere yield to this complete

purifies the system, and thus entirely removes all the

cause of disease.

The proprietor distinctly claims these extraordinary

results from its use:

1st. To protect any resident or traveler, even in the

most sickly or swampy localities from any acute or

bilious disease whatever, or any injury from constantly

inhaling Malaria or Miasma.

It will instantly check the ague in persons who have

suffered for any length of time, from ONE DAY TO TWENTY

YEARS, so that they need never have another chill, by

continuing its use according to directions.

2d. To immediately relieve all the distressing re-

sults of bilious or ague diseases, such as general de-

bility, night sweats, &c. The patient at once begins

to recover appetite and strength, and continues until a

permanent and radical cure is effected. And as a *proo*

that it is also

WORTHY OF PUBLIC CONFIDENCE,

Because of its

SINGULAR AND ENTIRE HARMLESSNESS

The following certificate from one of the most cele-

brated chemists in the United States is attached to every

bottle:

New York, June 11, 1855.

"I have made a chemical examination of Rhodes' Fever and Ague Cure, or Antidote to Malaria, and have

tested it for Arsenic, Mercury, Quinine and Strych-

nine, but have not found a particle of either in it, nor

have I found any substance in its composition that would

be poisonous to the constitution.

"JAMES M. D., Chemist."

This allows of it

FREE USE AS A PREVENTIVE

by which all persons may thus be sure of entire freedom

from the above named diseases no matter how

sickly the season or swampy the locality.

PROOFS OF EFFICACY are frequently published, and the confidence of the public is asked only in proportion to its *actual* merit, however introduced and used. These only are relied upon to prove its worth.

One or two bottles will answer for ordinary cases; some may require more. Directions printed in German, French, and Spanish, accompany each bottle. Price One Dollar.

Prepared and sold by the proprietor,

JAMES A. RHODES, Providence, R. I.

JOSEPH ORR, Agent, Bloomington, Ind., and for sale by druggists generally.

Bloomington, Nov. 16.—9y1.

DATES HOUSE,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

D. D. SLOAN, Proprietor.

omnibuses will convey Passengers to and from the house, free of charge. (Nov. 11, 1854.—al)

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned will sell at public sale on the premises, on Saturday, the 15th day of March, A. D. 1856, subject to the widow's interest, the following real estate, to-wit: The east half of the north west quarter of section twenty-seven [27], in township number seven [7] north, in range number two [2] east containing eighty [80] acres. Also, the timber on ten [10] acres, for twenty years, from the 25th day of January, A. D. 1854, being a square in the north east corner of the south west quarter of the south west quarter of section number twenty-two [22] in said town and range.

TERMS OF SALE.—One-third in hand; one-third in six months, and the other one-third in twelve months. The purchaser will be required to secure the deferred payments by bond and security, waiving all relief from valuation and appraisement laws.

JAMES CARMICHAEL, Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I will sell at public auction, on Monday, the 24th day of March next, beginning at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the late residence of Joseph Baugh, Esq., late of Monroe county, Indiana, deceased, all his personal property taken from the widow, consisting of 1 two-horse Wagon, Horses, Eggs, Cattle, Grain, &c. A credit of nine months will be given on all sums over three dollars, the purchaser giving his note with approved security, waiving valuation and appraisement laws.

RUSSELL B. ABBOTT, Administrator.

March 1.—52w3

PLANK NOTES,

printed in the very neatest style, on superior paper—bound in books of 50 notes each—for sale at this office.

Knocking John Bull off

Harlem Bridge!

Hurley's Sarsaparilla.

THIS invaluable compound, so fully appreciated by the American people, is gaining wide celebrity. It has become permanently established the best and most effective medicine of the day. Certificates are daily pouring in from all parts of the States, and the afflicted now rejoice that there is help when every other remedy proved ineffectual. Diseases which for years proved a source of misery and agonizing torture readily yield beneath its irresistible influence, and countless families rendered happy and cheerful by its extraordinary efficacy. If you want the pure and genuine Sarsaparilla, that which is as different and superior to Bull's, Blackwell's, Townsend's, Sands', Guyott's, Cox's, or any other compound, as one thing is capable of being to another, then take Hurley's, for out of thousands of cases scattered through Alabama, Mississippi, Wisconsin, Indiana, Missouri and Kentucky, it has never in a single instance been known to fail, and will cure, beyond all doubt,

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Scrofula or King's Evil, Affections of the Bones, Syphilis, Debility, Nervousness, Erysipelas, Pulmonary Diseases, Liver Complaint, Piles, Female Irregularities, Fistula, Skin Diseases, Diseased Kidneys, and as a great and powerful Tonic, purifying the Blood, and invigorating the entire System.

Unlike other compounds which, when first introduced, are said to possess medical qualities, but soon degenerate into injurious trash, this highly concentrated fluid extract, is prepared with the greatest accuracy and chemical knowledge, entirely of vegetable substances, and warranted never to deviate in strength. The powerful machinery employed with care devoted in combination, together with the important fact that it is the only preparation in America containing Honduras or Para root, establish beyond all doubt that it is the sufferer's remedy. Its extensive popularity and wide-spread fame, coupled with unparalleled cures effected by its agency, have gained both public confidence and professional reliance. Therefore, henceforth let it be understood that for the proofs of its efficacy, and for the overhauling to be questioned, that HURLEY'S SARSAPARILLA is the most valuable and wonderful medicine ever offered to the world.

Manufactory, corner of Seventh and Green sts., Louisville, Ky.

For sale by druggists in this city and all through the United States.

Price, \$1 per Bottle—6 Bottles for \$5.

LOUISVILLE, April 5, 1855.

Hurley's Sarsaparilla is what is represented, and I have it the most wonderful medicine before the public.

Nothing under the sun could be so useful and so without proof of the strongest and surest kind. I speak willingly and positively on the subject.